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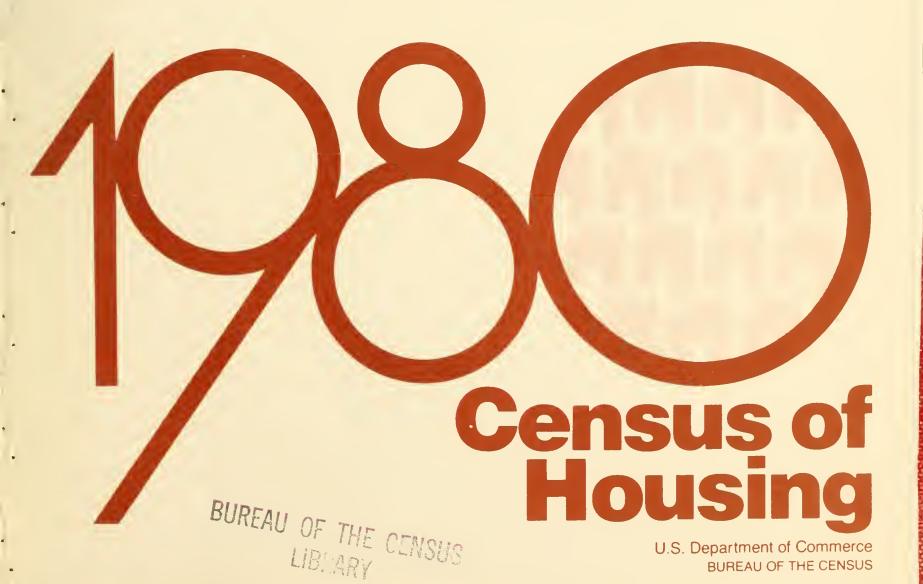
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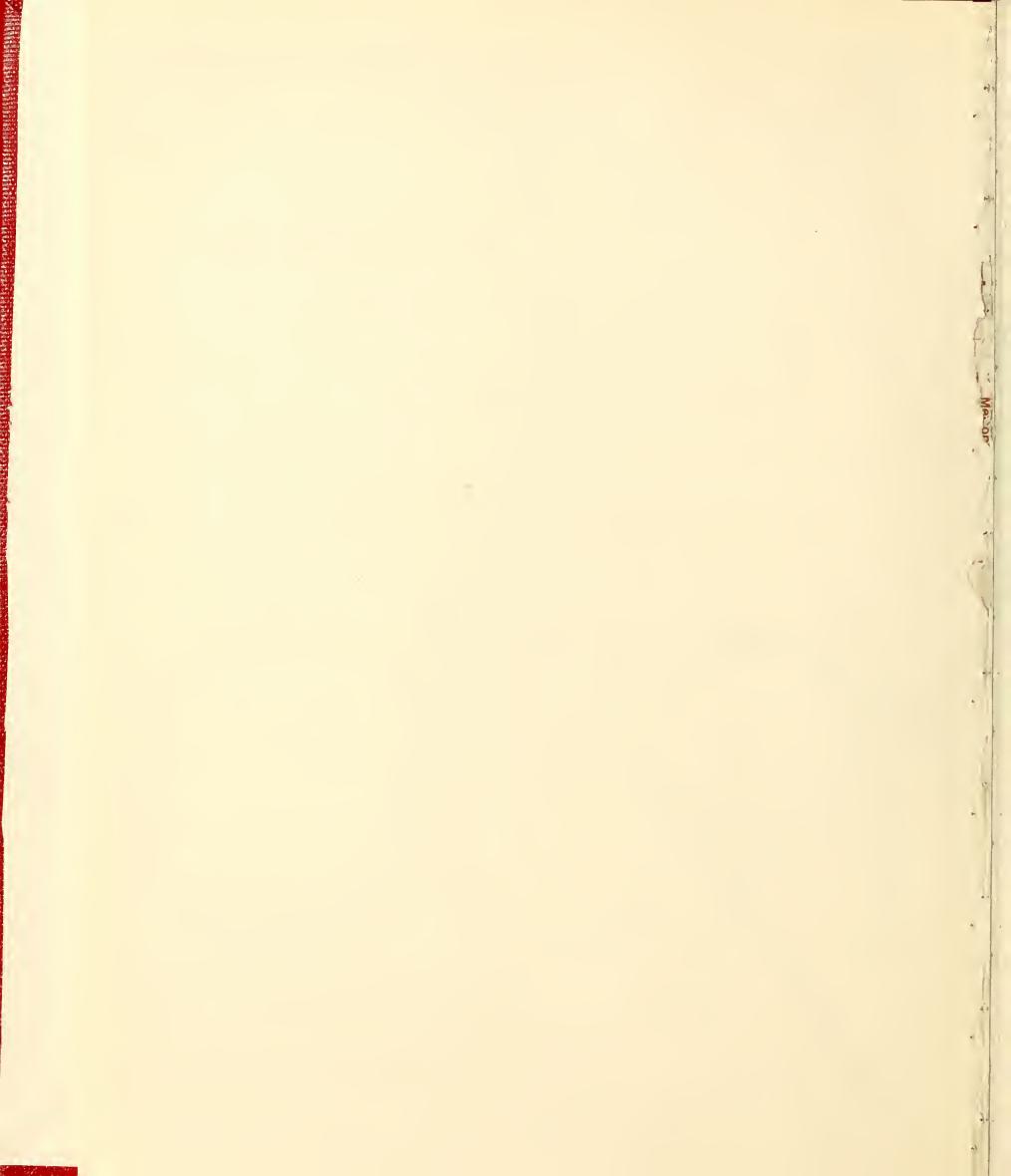
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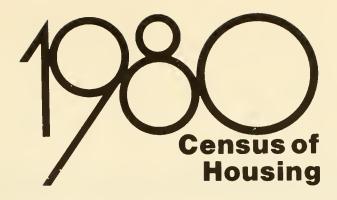
Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

BROCKTON, MASS.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA







VOLUME 2

Data Index

Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

BROCKTON, MASS.

HC80-2-103

Issued October 1983



U.S. Department of Commerce

Malcolm Baldrige, Secretary
Robert G. Dederick,
Under Secretary for
Economic Affairs

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS
C. L. Kincannon, Acting Director

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BUREAU OF THE CENSUS C. L. Kincannon, Acting Director

HOUSING DIVISION Arthur F. Young, Chief

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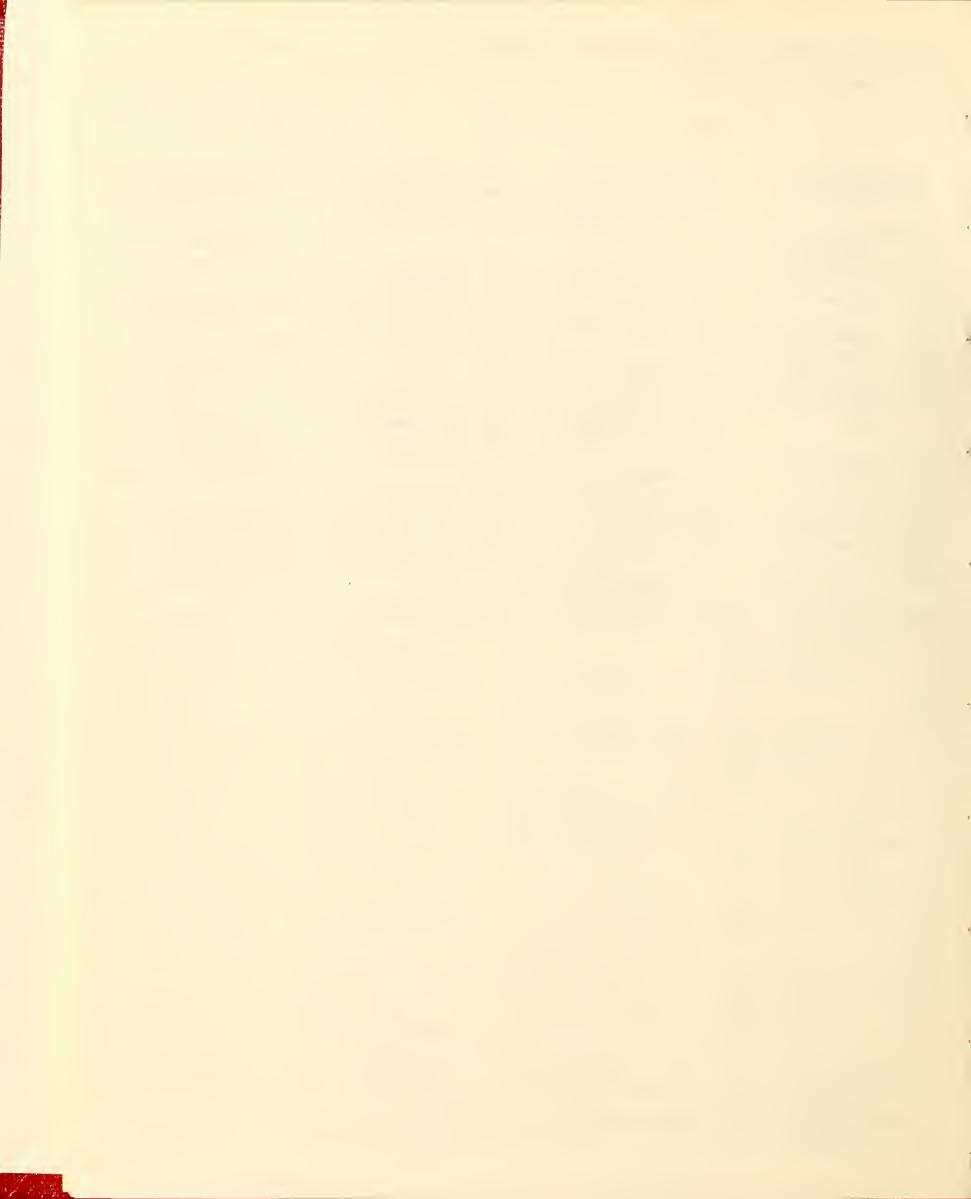
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GENERAL

This report is part of the *Metropolitan Housing Characteristics* series and presents cross-tabulations of sample data on housing and household characteristics from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing. Legal provision for this census, which was conducted as of April 1, 1980, was made in the Act of Congress of August 31, 1954 (amended August 1957, December 1975, and October 1976), which codified Title 13, United States Code.

The content and procedures of the 1980 census were determined after evaluation of the results of the 1970 census, consultation with a wide variety of users of census data, and extensive field testing. A number of changes were introduced in 1980 to improve the usefulness of the census results. The changes do not, however, affect to any appreciable extent the comparability between the 1980 data and the 1970 data. Further information on comparability appears in Appendix B, "Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics."

More detailed information on the technical and procedural matters covered in the text of this report can be obtained by writing to the Director, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233. Such information will also appear in other publications of the 1980 census.

The *Metropolitan Housing Characteristics* series consists of a United States

Summary report and individual reports for each of the 50 States, Puerto Rico, and each of the standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) in the United States and Puerto Rico. The abbreviated identification for this report is HC80-2 (i.e., Housing Census, 1980, Volume 2) followed by a number representing the State or SMSA.

In the SMSA reports, data are published for the following levels of geography: the SMSA, each central city, and each place of 50,000 or more population. In the State reports, data are shown for the State, that part of the State inside SMSA's, and inside central cities. In the United States Summary report, data are published for the United States total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities, and for the four census regions, the region total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities.

CONTENTS OF THE REPORT

This report contains text (this introduction and six appendixes), a table of contents, one or more maps, and a series of detailed tables. The detailed tables are organized to provide a set of 68 tables for each geographic area (State, SMSA, central city, etc.) covered in the report. As shown in the "Index of Tables" on page IX, the set of tables for each geographic area is identified with a unique letter (A, B, C, etc.) prefix in the table number. In the SMSA reports, the SMSA is presented first, followed by the sets of tables for the central cities and places, all in alphabetical order.

For each particular area, the 68 tables consist of: 13 tables for the area in its entirety, 44 tables for occupied housing units classified by the racial group of the householder, and 11 tables for occupied housing units with householders of Spanish origin. More specifically, tables

1 to 13 are for the entire State, SMSA, central city, or place; tables 14 to 24 are for housing units with a White householder; tables 25 to 35 are for units with a Black householder; tables 36 to 46 are for units with an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut householder; tables 47 to 57 are for units with an Asian or Pacific Islander householder; and tables 58 to 68 are for units with a Spanish origin householder.

The race and Spanish origin tables are presented for SMSA's and places only when certain population-size criteria are met. Tables 25 to 35 (Black); 36 to 46 (American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut); and 47 to 57 (Asian and Pacific Islander) are presented only when the particular area's population contains 10,000 or more persons of the given racial group or when the persons in the given racial groups constitute 10 percent or more of the total population of the particular area. If any of these 3 sets of tables qualify to appear for an area, tables 14 to 24 (White) are also presented. The Spanish origin tables (58 to 68) are shown if there are 10,000 or more Spanish origin persons in the particular area or if such persons constitute 10 percent or more of the total population of the particular area.

Appearing last in the report are the appendixes. Appendix A describes the various area classifications (e.g., standard metropolitan statistical area, census designated place). Appendix B provides definitions and explanations for the subjects covered in this report. Appendix C briefly explains the residence rules used in counting the population and describes the data collection and processing procedures. Appendix D presents information on the sources of error in the data and on editing procedures. Appendix E contains facsimiles of the 1980 census questionnaire pages and respondent instructions. Appendix F summarizes the data dissemination program of the 1980 census.

DERIVED FIGURES (Means, Medians, and Percents)

This report presents means, medians, and percents, as well as certain rates and ratios. The median—a type of average—is the middle value in a distribution; i.e., the median divides the distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases are below the median and one-half of the cases are above the median. Percents and other derived measures which round to less than 0.1 are not shown but are indicated as zero (i.e., "—").

Medians for rooms are rounded to the nearest tenth; for age, to the nearest year; for persons, to the nearest hundredth; for value, to the nearest hundred dollars; and for income, selected monthly owner costs, contract and gross rent, to the nearest dollar. In computing medians for rooms and persons per housing unit, the whole number is used as the midpoint of the interval so that, for example, the category "3 rooms" is treated as an interval ranging from 2.5 to 3.5 rooms. In computing median rent, units reported as "no cash rent" are excluded. The median is computed on the basis of the distribution as tabulated, which is sometimes more detailed than the distribution shown in this report. For example, median age is based on a distribution of five year intervals from 15 to 85 years. When the median falls in the lower terminal category of an open-ended distribution, the method of presentation is to show the initial value of the next category followed by a minus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "Less than \$10,000," it is shown as "\$10,000-." When the median falls in the upper terminal category of an openended distribution, the initial value of the terminal category is given followed by a plus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "\$150,000 or more," it is shown as "\$150,000+."

SYMBOLS AND GEOGRAPHIC ABBREVIATIONS

The following symbols and geographic abbreviations are used in the tables:

- A dash "-" represents zero or a percent which rounds to less than 0.1.
- Three dots "..." mean not applicable, or that the data are being withheld to avoid disclosure of information for individual housing units. (For further information on disclosure, see the section below on "Suppression of Data for Confidentiality.")
- CDP is census designated place.
- SMSA is standard metropolitan statistical area.

SUPPRESSION OF DATA FOR CONFIDENTIALITY

To maintain the confidentiality promised respondents and required by law, the Census Bureau takes precautions that its published data do not disclose information about specific individuals and housing units. To accomplish this, the Bureau suppresses data for characteristics which are based on a small number of persons and/or housing units in the geographic area. Under certain conditions, both primary and complementary suppression, as defined below, may take place.

The general rules of primary suppression of sample data are as follows: esti-

mates of total population by race and Spanish origin are never suppressed; other characteristics for persons are shown only if there are 30 or more persons in the geographic area; estimates of total housing units, vacant housing units, year-round housing units, and occupied housing units are never suppressed; characteristics of year-round housing units which are not classified by occupancy status are shown only when there are 10 or more year-round housing units in the geographic area; characteristics of families, households, or occupied housing units are shown only if there are at least 10 occupied housing units within the geographic area; and distributions of data for owners or renters are shown only where the number of owners is at least 10 and the number of renters is also at least 10. These primary suppression criteria are applied independently of one another. The comparable figures for complete count (100-percent) data are 15 or more persons and 5 or more housing units of the specified type.

Population and occupied housing unit characteristics cross-classified by race or Spanish origin (of the householder in the case of occupied housing units) are subject to an additional level of examination. This requires that the 30 person or 10 housing unit criterion stated above be applied individually to each race or Spanish origin category.

Finally, complementary suppression is applied to prevent the derivation of primary suppressed data by subtraction. For example, housing unit data shown by tenure may require complementary suppression when the number of owner-occupied or renter-occupied housing units is less than 10.



Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

BROCKTON, MASS.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA HC80-2-103

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each geographic area. There are 11 tables showing data for all households in the area, 2 tables showing data for vacant units, 11 tables for householders of each of four separate	List of Tables—sheach of the 68 ta
race groups, and 11 tables for householders of Spanish origin. The race/Spanish origin tables are, however, shown only when certain population criteria are met. See page VII of the Introduction for further information. To assist the reader in using this report, the listings are presented as	Table Finding Gu various subject cr report appear
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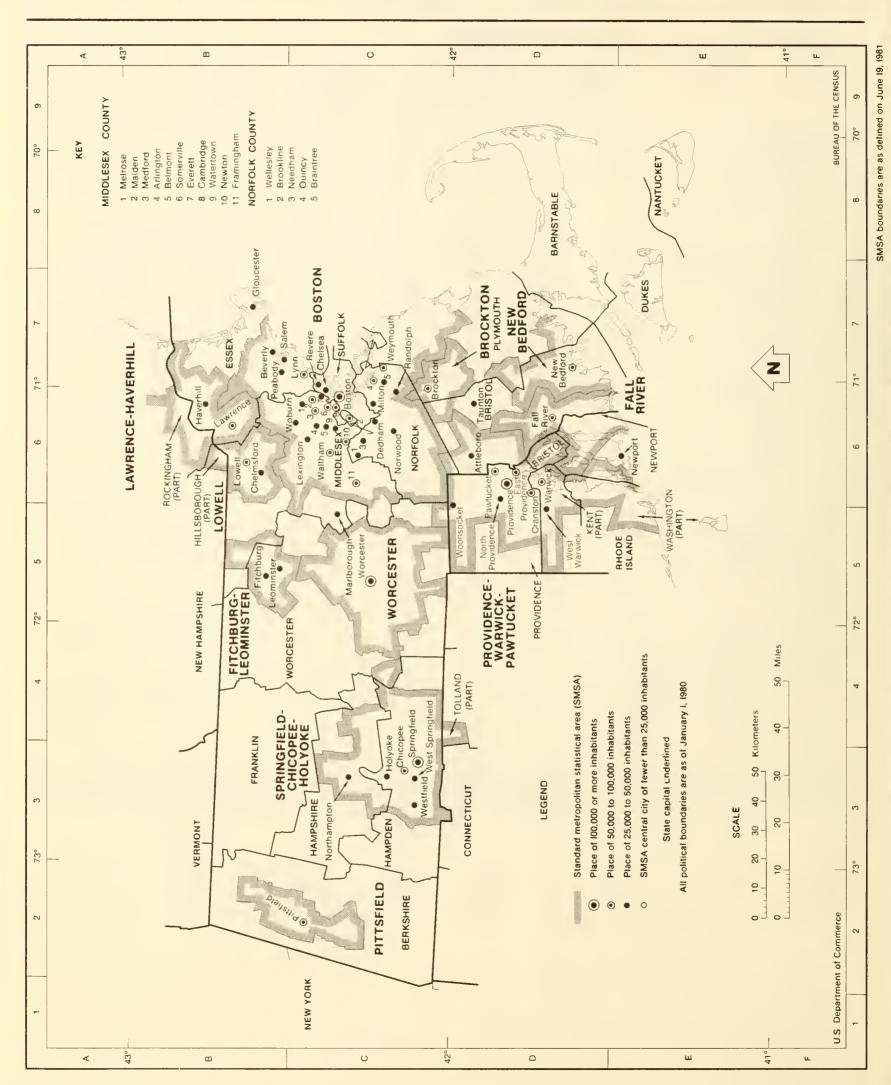
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Table Finding Guide — Cross-Classification of Subjects by Table Number

						
Subject	Value	Gross rent	Income and poverty status in 1979 of owner-occupied housing units	Income and poverty status in 1979 of renter-occupied housing units	Selected monthly owner costs for mortgaged housing units	Selected monthly owner costs for not mortgaged housing units
OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS Condominium	1	_ 2	3	- 4	_ 5	_ 6
UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS Rooms	1 - 1 1	2 - 2 2	- - - 3	- - - 4	5 5 - 5	6 6 - 6
STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS Units in structure	- 1 -	2 2 2	- - -		- 5 -	- 6 -
PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS Plumbing facilities	1	2	3	4	_	-
EQUIPMENT AND FUELS Heating equipment	1 1 - -	2 2 - - -	3 3 3 3	4 4 4 -	5 5 - 5	6 6 - 6
FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS Value	- - -	- - -	_ _ _ 3		5 - -	6
Selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income Contract rent	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- 4 4 -	5 	6 - - -
Gross rent as percentage of household income	1	2	- 3	4		_
HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS Household type by age of householder	1 1 1	2 - 2	3 _ _	4 -	5 -	6 -
The table numbers listed above show data the race or Spanish origin group, or if the gro						
White	14 25	15 26	16 27	17 28	18 29	19 30
Aleut	36 47 58	37 48 59	38 49 60	39 50	40 51	41 52 63

Subject	Year structure built	Units in structure	Size of household (persons)	Household composition by age of householder	Age and sex of householder in one-person households	Duration of vacancy	Price asked and rent asked
OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS Condominium	- 7	8	<u>-</u>	1	- -	_ _	-
UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS Rooms	7 7 - 7	8 - 8 8	9 - - 9	_ 10 _ _		12 - 12 12	- - 13
STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS Units in structure	7 - -	-	9 -	- - -	11 - -	12 12 —	13 13 —
PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS Plumbing facilities	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
EQUIPMENT AND FUELS Heating equipment	7 7 - 7	8 8 8 8	1111	1111	- - - -	12 - - -	=======================================
FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS Value	_	_ _	9 –		=	_ 12	
monthly owner costs	- -	_	9	-	11		-
Contract rent	_ _ _	_ _ _	9 —	- - -	- 11 -	- - 12	_ _ _
Gross rent as percentage of household income	-	-	9	10	11	_	_
household income	_	_	_	10	_	-	
HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS Household type by age of householder	7 7 7	8 8	- 9 9	- - -	 11 11	_ _ _	_ _ _
The table numbers listed above show data f the race or Spanish origin group, or if the gro							
White	20 31	21 32	22 33	23 34	24 35	-	-
Aleut	42 53 64	43 54 65	44 55 66	45 56 67	46 57 68	_ _ _	_ _ _

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, Counties, and Selected Places



CORRECTION NOTE

Any corrections to the 1980 census counts of the total population and total housing units made after this report was printed are available by writing to Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

NOTE TO USERS:

- In tables where the median age for total persons in owner-occupied and renter-occupied housing units is shown as 85+, the correct entry should be three dots
- 2. The "Not computed" line for Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as Percentage of Household Income in 1979 for not mortgaged units includes households with zero or negative income and households reporting no housing costs; that is, not mortgaged units with no utility, fuel, tax, or insurance payments required. Households with no Selected Monthly Owner Costs are normally excluded from the "Not computed" category.



Table A=1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	Epara are estimo						\$50,000		000 000	£100.000			
The SMSA	Total	Less thon \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$39,999	\$40,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$59,999	\$60,000 to \$79,999	\$80,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 to \$149,999	\$150,000 or more	Medion (dollars)	Meon (dollors)
Specified awner-occupied housing units	28 395	48	555	3 662	8 821	7 981	3 923	2 554	570	245	36	41 200	43 700
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	22 574	48	270	2 272	6 847	6 618	3 437	2 274	538	239	31	42 500	45 300
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	370 5 981	5	_ 27	33 328	204 1 742	93 1 870	1 194	14 678	7 85	45	12	37 700 44 100	39 700 46 800
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	5 746 8 245 2 232	20 23	17 120 106	326 1 116 469	1 705 2 454 742	1 816 2 356 483	879 1 131 219	707 719 156	209 222 15	82 93 19	14	44 000 41 600 36 500	47 900 44 300 38 900
Male householder, no wife present	1 703	-	82	387	563 46	448 32	147	76 -	-	-	_	37 100 34 000	37 300 34 900
25 to 34 years	292 216	-	7	17 29	121 61	110 65	23 38	17 16	_	-	-	40 300 41 400	41 100 42 200
45 to 64 years 65 years ond over Female householder, no husband present	590 511 4 118	-	24 47 203	158 167 1 003	147 188 3 411	156 85 915	68 18 339	37 6 204	32	-	- - 5	38 300 32 500 35 500	38 600 32 200 37 600
15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors	50 501	_	9	20 75	21 216	5 129	38	_ 26	4 8	-	_	31 800 37 300	36 400 39 100
35 to 44 years	692 1 275 1 600	_	4 54 136	142 296 470	235 446 493	180 292 309	55 103 143	58 71 49	13 7	6	5 -	38 700 35 900 33 300	41 500 38 200 35 000
65 years and over	45.5	64.0	65.5	56.9	45.4	43.3	41.7	41.0	43.0	44.2	41.0	33 300	35 000
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	2 362	-	28	160	665	624	358	356	109	50	12	44 800	49 900
1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	6 455 5 670 7 520	7	32 57 133	382 501 1 079	1 933 1 754 2 444	2 057 1 598 2 232	1 101 874 978	713 670 515	177 109 108	55 86 22	14	43 600 42 800 40 400	46 700 46 100 42 100
1959 or earlier	6 388	37	305	1 540	2 025	1 470	612	300	67	32	-	36 100	38 000
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms	282 1 536	12 12	54 119	138 496	37 564	20 255	4 84	17	-	-	-	25 000 31 800	28 000 32 400
4 fooms	6 267 9 123	5	135 154	1 228 959	2 566 3 302	1 704 2 998	435 1 126	159 498	24	11	-	37 000 40 400	37 800 41 400
7 rooms 8 or more rooms	6 412 4 775	- 8	52 41	563 278	1 658 694	1 990 1 014	1 243 1 031	770 1 104	103 383	28 191	5 31	44 500 52 800	46 100 57 000
Median	6.2	4.5	5.3	5.5	5.9	6.2	6.8	7.3	8.0	8.4	8.5+	• • •	• • •
None	15 871	_ 8	102	11 282	_ 246	140	4 64	- 29	-	-	_	26 700 31 100	33 300 32 500
3	5 160 16 982	21 11	218 171	1 074	1 865 5 523	1 294 5 184	460 2 468	174 1 552	40 203	14 56	10	36 500 41 700	37 700 43 600
5 or more	4 430 937	- 8	46 18	387 104	1 035 152	1 169 194	723 204	640 159	277 50	124 51	21 5	46 200 50 000	50 900 54 100
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980	2 127	-	_	19	199	513	522	633	158	71	12	55 700	59 800
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959	3 241 7 122 5 339	- 4 9	9 15 112	84 441 837	707 2 195 1 905	923 2 568 1 563	782 1 023 604	534 681 215	110 172 68	73 23 26	19	48 900 43 200 39 000	52 200 45 400 40 500
1940 to 1949	2 033 8 533	15 20	85 334	430 1 851	780 3 035	436 1 978	214 778	63 428	5 57	5 47	_ 5	36 500 36 400	37 400 38 400
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less thon \$5,000	1 441		149	396	461	269	127	27	6	4		33 300	34 800
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499	2 477 1 562	30 10	118	634 363	849 537	607 357	162 119	34 90	36	, ,	-	34 900 36 200	36 000 37 200
\$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	1 584 4 404	-	21 77	320 602	651	328 1 372	164 439	89 215	17	11 18	_	36 800 39 200	39 100 40 400
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	5 227 6 941 3 702	8	60 32 12	530 519 228	1 769 1 981 778	1 562 2 212 1 070	758 1 233 694	501 705 662	37 176 200	10 70 53	5	41 400 43 800 47 800	43 200 46 400 51 100
\$50,000 or more	1 057 \$22 376	\$9 000	\$10 305	70 \$15 833	131 \$20 661	204 \$23 206	227 \$26 280	231 \$28 947	98 \$35 514	70 \$35 326	26 \$54 733	55 300	62 600
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY	\$23 922	\$11 376	\$12 173	\$17 862	\$21 320	\$24 232	\$27 700	\$32 233	\$38 211	\$41 777	\$58 148	•••	
OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979													
With a mortgage	22 139 3 756	11 4	1 92 26	2 202 371	6 901 1 095	6 630 1 119	3 209 560	2 245 453	495 77	218 51	36	42 300 43 400	45 200 46 000
20 to 24 percent	4 833 4 229	-	30 42	450 275	1 333 1 276	1 531	788 719	510 426	129 88	52 30	10 16	43 400 43 300	46 300 46 300
25 to 29 percent	3 177 1 690 4 402	- - 7	26 - 68	286 150 650	1 103 554 1 528	967 482 1 160	362 291 489	341 169 340	63 39 99	24 5 56	5 - 5	41 600 42 300 39 700	44 600 45 100 42 900
Not computed	52 22.9	50+	24.8	20 24.9	12 24.0	14 22.4	21.8	6 21.8	22.4	21.0	22.5	35 000	37 700
Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent	6 256 1 017 1 304	37	363 32	1 460 143	1 920 369	1 351	714 164 193	309 90 97	75 24 23	27	-	36 300 38 800 39 800	38 200 42 100 41 200
10 to 14 percent	988 625	5 8	69 37 16	220 257 187	362 322 178	326 237 132	75 84	40 20	6	9	-	35 700 36 800	37 600 36 700
25 to 29 percent	563 281	15	36 36	160 87	159 50	∤12 78	52 20	29 10	-			33 600 32 800	35 100 35 200
35 percent or more Not computed Median	1 440 38 19.0	- 22.8	137 - 28.8	401 5 22.9	455 25 18.4	271 	118 8 14.9	23 - 13.3	22 - 12.9	13 - 19.7	-	33 600 35 000	35 600 38 700
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS													
Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	28 315 716 80	48	544 8 11	3 617 176 45	8 805 319 16	7 973 146 8	3 923 35	2 554 32	570 - -	245 - -	36	41 200 35 600 26 500	43 700 36 800 27 800
1.01 or more persons per room	28 395	48	555	3 6 62	8 821	7 981	3 923	2 554	570	245	36	26 300 41 20 0	26 300 43 700
Centrol heating system Air conditioning Centrol system	26 559 12 487 1 086	37 13	456 127 8	3 396 1 127 47	8 303 3 837 142	7 464 3 725 245	3 669 1 853 236	2 411 1 354 265	558 319 89	234 110 37	31 22 17	41 300 42 800 53 200	43 800 45 700 59 900
Income in 1979 below poverty level	1 313 4.6	-	76 13.7	280 7.6	469 5.3	313 3.9	139 3.5	203 24 0.9	6	6 2.4		36 400	37 200

Table A-2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

The SMSA	Total	Less than \$100	\$100 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 or more	No cash rent	Median (dollars)
Specified renter-occupied housing units	20 497	2 384	1 223	2 099	4 121	3 618	3 453	1 759	1 060	242	538	252
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Mole householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years ond over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 55 years ond over 55 years ond over 65 years 65 years 65 years 65 years 65 years ond over Median age YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	6 990 963 2 375 1 002 1 508 1 142 4 373 743 1 247 622 1 065 696 9 134 1 272 1 826 1 164 1 767 3 105 40.8	131 - 16 16 45 54 265 - 9 12 77 167 1 988 53 128 73 213 1 521 72.4	207 15 15 12 28 137 483 64 77 66 164 112 533 52 33 46 138 264 60.6	482 78 131 42 102 129 680 64 150 119 252 95 937 163 94 148 247 285 47.7	1 352 227 352 185 271 317 919 182 256 125 212 144 1 850 384 416 214 428 408 38.7	1 584 327 632 216 257 152 648 150 241 79 123 55 1 386 243 440 266 226 211 32.5	1 459 182 666 226 246 139 691 126 261 147 109 48 1 303 237 432 173 265 196 33.5	760 58 281 128 210 83 354 65 141 41 68 39 645 90 153 150 158 94 37.5	621 63 195 101 202 60 196 40 95 28 27 6 243 34 91 42 47 29 35.5	118 9 48 29 32 - 45 29 6 6 7 7 3 79 16 16 27 20 -	276 4 39 47 115 71 92 23 11 5 26 27 170 - 23 25 97 54.1	288 271 302 301 299 236 238 264 278 244 206 177 229 248 275 266 234 99
1979 to March 1980	7 217 7 226 3 489 1 452 1 113	343 749 981 276 35	407 368 263 128 57	645 609 405 214 226	1 357 1 432 690 344 298	1 462 1 441 393 192 130	1 453 1 396 419 127 58	772 742 189 37 19	574 339 82 23 42	139 70 13 6 14	65 80 54 105 234	279 263 205 209 223
ROOMS 1 room	587 2 218 4 770 5 976 4 899 1 425 622 3.9	32 1 029 917 195 172 33 6 2.6	294 233 369 212 83 19 13 2.7	139 299 664 543 339 91 24 3.4	48 321 1 275 1 422 825 175 55 3.8	36 133 599 1 169 1 319 291 71 4.4	14 140 691 1 277 961 285 85	15 24 206 663 662 136 53 4.5	15 22 341 378 202 102 4.9	9 - 2 4 43 77 107 6.3	24 25 150 117 116 106 5.1	143 109 215 274 287 308 354
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 All income levels in 1979 Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.51 or more Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	20 497 19 769 11 888 7 261 552 68 728 260 443 25	2 384 2 317 2 031 274 12 67 47 20	1 223 941 634 293 6 8 282 43 231 8	2 099 1 993 1 340 613 40 — 106 60 46	4 121 3 982 2 478 1 399 83 22 139 76 63	3 618 3 585 1 761 1 704 115 5 33 13 20	3 453 3 403 1 860 1 420 109 114 50 13 20 17	1 759 1 736 866 760 97 13 23	1 060 1 046 492 495 59 14 8 6	242 242 95 141 - - -	538 524 331 162 31 - 14 - 14	252 255 236 279 302 295 154 188 136 313
Income in 1979 below poverty level Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room	4 181 3 955 211 226 20	834 815 6 19 -	260 160 11 100 8	474 422 22 52 -	735 701 39 34	777 777 41 -	563 542 45 21 12	263 263 40 – –	144 144 7 - -	41 41 - -	90 90 - - -	235 240 292 139 308
BEDROOMS None	669 7 892 8 219 3 172 480 65	39 1 945 225 164 5	294 665 167 70 19	179 1 023 702 164 25 6	76 1 873 1 766 354 38 14	43 925 1 719 870 56 5	14 975 1 729 663 72	15 343 1 017 321 63	50 656 276 78	9 9 9 36 100 81 7	84 202 190 43 19	151 207 284 293 353 205
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or ottoched 2 ond 4 5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc.	1 744 3 728 5 479 3 398 4 074 1 997	91 60 337 587 250 1 044	46 101 236 227 345 251	129 446 675 444 318 66 21	223 908 1 277 990 561 148	163 974 1 458 591 406 26	243 602 899 261 1 213 228 7	159 287 356 169 606 182	255 179 159 95 323 49	155 10 21 20 33 3	280 161 61 14 19 -	316 264 257 225 306 95 156
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	1 066 3 990 2 381 1 030 1 715 10 315	252 1 116 637 102 101 176	101 198 129 44 92 659	72 98 43 83 167 1 636	135 462 246 179 402 2 697	64 281 251 185 472 2 365	172 848 539 247 235 1 412	106 570 287 75 118 603	107 350 149 48 64 342	48 27 49 20 33 65	9 40 51 47 31 360	236 264 269 276 258 247
STORIES IN STRUCTURE 1 to 3	18 447 2 050 1 655	1 400 984 975	956 267 185	1 960 139 68	3 965 156 49	3 530 88 8	3 227 226 195	1 580 179 164	1 049 11 11	242	538 	259 112 86
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 to 49 percent 50 percent or more Not computed Median SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	2 232 3 083 3 567 2 472 1 672 2 521 4 087 863 26.9	320 331 904 333 145 132 140 79 22.8	117 246 282 148 133 163 91 23 24.2	409 326 234 245 97 235 504 49 26.1	532 607 590 532 329 526 960 45 27.9	406 516 513 366 301 551 912 53 29.7	254 524 599 410 353 445 816 52 28.9	143 333 258 221 183 271 345 5 28.2	42 175 166 176 106 136 244 15 29.0	9 25 21 41 25 42 75 4 34.6	538	227 252 230 248 267 275 269 214
Heating equipment	20 482 17 971 7 023 1 612	2 384 2 313 564 72	1 223 1 050 232 25	2 084 1 601 399 17	4 121 3 414 963 37	3 618 3 055 945 151	3 453 3 165 1 959 538	1 759 1 641 1 120 421	1 060 1 028 607 285	242 227 100 53	538 477 134 13	252 256 309 346

Table A=3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

					Не	usehold incor	ne in 1979						
The SMSA				\$10,000	\$12,500	\$15,000	\$20,000	\$25,000	\$35,000				Income in 1979 below
THE SMSA	Total	Less thon \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	to \$12,499	to \$14,999	to \$19,999	to \$24,999	to \$34,999	to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Mean (dollors)	poverty
Owner counted bountar outs										1 245			1 704
Owner-occupied housing unitsHOUSEHOLDER	34 841	2 059	3 355	2 046	2 144	5 408	6 195	8 118	4 251	1 265	21 783	23 312	1 706
Married-couple families	26 906	479	1 619	1 242	1 490	4 375	5 345	7 279	3 884	1 193	23 882	25 856	712
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	485 6 724	138	17 193	19 222	45 335	130 1 438	1 691	129 2 085	19 542 1 088	6 80	21 203 22 620 25 503	22 160 23 604	242 171
35 to 44 years	6 639 10 012 3 046	76 128 131	160 399 850	198 389 414	258 525 327	956 1 326 525	1 531 1 694 315	2 155 2 573 337	1 088 2 138 97	217 840 50	26 898 13 479	27 115 29 534 16 587	200
65 years and over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years	2 426 111	356 21	344 13	211 21	156 19	410 22	367	363	187	32	16 594 12 566	18 018 13 573	161 14
25 to 34 years	435 284	21	20 13	33 23	40	133	71 111	58 33	53 26	6	18 976 21 381	21 245 23 584	21
45 to 64 yeors65 years and over	834 762	104 203	111 187	55 79	28 69	122 71	136 49	207 56	54 48	17	19 850 9 664	19 788 12 811	57 56
Female householder, no husband present	5 509 68	1 224 15	1 392 30	593 12	498 7	623	483	476	180	40	10 584 8 382	13 218 9 461	833 22
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	576 884	129 81	133 128	82 145	46 142	92 134	44 83	41 118	9 39	14	10 793 14 049	12 337 16 541	179 148
45 to 64 years 65 years ond over	1 726 2 255	205 794	341 760	179 175	157 146	257 140	236 120	236 81	94 34	21 5	14 697 7 059	16 785 9 522	200 284
Median age	46.8	67.0	66.2	55.3	51.4	42.4	41.5	42.0	47.0	51.3	• • •	•••	46.8
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	3 045	115	180	166	182	544	646	799	347	66	21 933	23 826	99
1975 to 1978	7 909 6 621	332 301	443 381	332 322	501 326	1 432 1 095	1 644 1 422	2 084 1 801	933 759	208 214	22 417 23 030	24 060 24 292	377 353
1960 to 1969	8 631 8 635	386 925	715 1 636	529 697	478 657	1 182 1 155	1 440 1 043	2 046 1 388	1 441 771	414 363	23 472 16 694	25 041 19 967	366 511
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS													
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	34 656 893	2 014 15	3 314 31	2 041 28	2 137 42	5 369 103	6 183 177	8 091 237	4 242 181	1 265 79	21 820 27 036	23 360 29 263	1 672 50
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	185 19	45	41	5	7	39	12	27 7	9		13 036 14 107	14 289 17 057	34
Heating equipment Central heating system	34 841 32 554	2 059 1 804	3 355 3 107	2 046 1 907	2 144 2 037	5 408 5 067	6 195 5 761	8 118 7 633	4 251 4 012	1 265 1 226	21 783 21 875	23 312 23 475	1 706 1 510
Air conditioning Centrol system	15 404 1 588	604 107	1 193 107	786 103	881 79	2 436 300	2 780 201	3 995 300	2 128 250	601 141	23 056 22 426	24 802 28 084	645 69
Vehicles available	33 492 12 028	1 480 1 155	2 912 2 087	1 963 1 252	2 055 1 069	5 324 2 254	6 145 2 062	8 097 1 548	4 251 494	1 265 107	22 250 16 032	23 942 17 082	1 402 856
2 or more	21 464 34 841	325 2 059	825 3 355	711 2 046	986 2 144	3 070 5 408	4 083 6 195	6 549 8 118	3 757 4 251	1 158 1 265	25 842 21 783	27 786 23 312	546 1 706
Utility gos Bottled, tonk, or LP gos	8 128 159	466 56	601 19	492 20	382	1 313	1 560	2 098	1 009	207	22 159 10 562	23 211 12 148	448 20
Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	1 579 23 727	87 1 428	96 2 565	72 1 408	106 1 594	228 3 630	262 4 058	369 5 318	198 2 868	161 858	23 292 21 481	27 659 23 032	1 127
Other Median rooms	1 248 6.0	5.4	74 5.4	54 5.7	53 5.8	217 5.8	292 6.0	327 6.2	170 6.7	39 7.3	23 268	25 225	50 5.8
Specified owner-occupied housing units	28 395	1 441	2 477	1 562	1 584	4 404	5 227	6 941	3 702	1 057	22 376	23 922	1 313
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS													
With a mortgage	22 139	672 5	1 291	1 000	1 106	3 582	4 492	6 005	3 149	842	23 679	25 133	912
Less than \$200 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	134 431 1 538	39 84	26 79 200	36 49 106	22 81	20 78 294	12 44 325	16 72 254	4 28 116	6 20 78	12 500 16 186 19 877	17 057 20 011 22 100	18 37 60
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$349	2 888 3 774	104 116	278 168	174 171	206 176	577 706	570 715	563 1 087	343 553	73 82	20 855 23 703	22 222 24 491	154 157
\$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599	6 818 4 186	175 110	285 177	315 97	386 135	1 093 532	1 580 900	1 967 1 373	836 736	181 126	23 483 25 584	24 719 26 361	245 179
\$600 to \$749 \$750 or more	1 877 493	26 13	78	37 15	86	243 39	299 47	528 145	413 120	167 109	26 710 32 385	30 011 39 963	49 13
Medion	\$429	\$395	\$369	\$389	\$412	\$410	\$431	\$444	\$460	\$489	• • •		\$410
less than \$50	6 256	769 -	1 186	562 -	478	822	735 -	936 -	553	215	15 817	19 637	401
\$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$99	13 25 82	19	8 6 29	- - 5	-	Ξ	Ξ	11	5 -	-	9 531 4 145	24 291 4 627	12
\$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	169 1 120	37 35 302	33 276	23 100	15 86	29 116	10 108	24 57	55	20	5 476 11 793 9 643	9 059 13 086 13 436	27
\$200 to \$249 \$250 or more	2 037 2 810	221 155	490 344	255 179	147 230	314 363	186 431	291 553	97 396	36 159	13 393 21 551	16 609 25 118	102
Medion	\$242	\$199	\$225	\$230	\$247	\$242	\$250+	\$250+	\$250+	\$250+			\$212
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD													
INCOME IN 1979		484											222
With a mortgage	22 139 3 756	672 -	1 291	1 000	1 106	3 582 45	4 492 150	6 005 1 066	3 149 1 785	842 710	23 679 39 033	25 133 41 496	912
15 to 19 percent	4 833 4 229	_	6 11	12 41	13 76	265 744	986 1 482	2 418 1 584	1 042 269	97 27	28 953 24 215	30 069 25 016	6 12 11
25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more	3 177 1 690 4 402	5 - 615	34 1 240	84 109 754	186 227 6 04	1 044 668 816	1 098 508 268	699 138 100	42 6 5	8 -	20 914 18 487 11 147	21 180 18 602 11 522	824
Not computed	52 22.9	52 50+	50+	41.9	36.1	28.5	23.7	19.0	14.3	10.0	2500—	-	52 50+
Not mortgaged	6 256	769	1 186	562	478	822	735	936	553	215	15 817	19 637	401
less than 10 percent	1 017 1 304	_	8 6	14	36	14 176	49 369	333 548	406 147	207 8	39 290 25 741	44 811 26 236	-
15 to 19 percent	988 625	-	16 92	72 149	166 171	414 173	265 40	55 -	_	_	18 117 13 545	18 169 13 804	16
25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more	563 281 1 440	19 20 693	170 189 705	244 46 37	84 15	39 6	7 5	-	-	-	10 948 8 63 0 5 156	9 003 5 460	347
35 percent or more Not computed Medion	38 19.0	692 38 50+	705 - 37.5	37 	21.1	- - 17.7	14.3	11.2	- 10—	10—	2500—	5 460	38 50+
Miculott	17.0	- JU +	37.3	25.9	21.1	17.7	14.3	11.2	10-	10-	• • • •		30+

Table A -4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

					Ho	usehold incor	me in 1979						
The SMSA		Less than	\$5,000 to	\$10,000 to	\$12,500 to	\$15,000 to	\$20,000 to	\$25,000 to	\$35,000 to	\$50,000 or	Medion	Meon	Income in 1979 below poverty
	Total	\$5,000	\$9,999	\$12,499	\$14,999	\$19,999	\$24,999	\$34,999	\$49,999	more	(dollors)	(dollors)	level
Renter-occupied housing units	21 007	5 637	5 064	2 188	1 592	2 921	1 798	1 346	362	99	9 800	11 948	4 305
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Morried-couple families	7 187	398	1 359	888	744	1 676	1 055	762	224	81	15 527	16 665	658
15 to 24 years	968 2 447	37 155	214 262	167 282	118 271	245 668	134 444	31 310	22 55		13 898 16 795	14 547 16 994	76 242
35 to 44 years	1 028 1 551	40 58	124 202	136 162	112	253 360	159 249	162 230	28 82	14 67	16 409 17 963	18 679 19 932	125 129
65 years and over Male householder, no wife present	1 193 4 420 743	108 1 031 150	557 1 153 200	141 43 8 69	102 382 89	150 561 118	69 372 58	29 398 49	37 74 5	11 5	9 323 10 148 10 779	11 726 12 400 12 079	86 695 166
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	1 265 624	106	310 132	166 75	122	242 85	111 79	189 66	19 20	-	13 535 12 721	15 094 14 068	125
45 to 64 years	1 068 720	326 350	259 252	90 38	68 35	96 20	118	81 13	24	6	9 198 5 148	12 014 7 125	221 97
Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years	9 400 1 284	4 208 598	2 552 359	862 98	466 90	684 61	371 44	186 29	64 5	7	5 895 5 495	8 129 7 401	2 952 681
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	1 906 1 219	514 370	577 372	244 150	137 76	234 119	112 78	72 33	16 14	7	8 827 8 209	10 194 10 175	661 479
45 to 64 years65 years ond over	1 855 3 136	2 119	478 766	288 82	129 34	169 101 33.9	122	41 11	21 8	-	8 604 4 244	9 872 5 345	418 713
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	40.8	61.4	44.6	36.5	34.1	33.7	34.9	34.9	44.3	49.7	• • •	•••	37.3
1979 to Morch 1980	7 342 7 443	1 758 1 771	1 834 1 693	878 734	589 628	978 1 141	717 713	449 578	93 174	46 11	10 225 10 877	12 134 12 660	1 699 1 446
1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	3 573 1 521	1 277 503	869 388	333 138	247 57	496 200	158 99	161 94	24 33	8	7 551 7 961	10 051 11 288	702
1959 or eorlier	1 128	328	280	105	71	106	ıíí	64	38	25	9 281	12 933	186
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	20 274	5 309	4 855	2 129	1 556	2 853	1 780	1 339	354	99	9 971	12 087	4 079
0.50 or less	12 175 7 466	4 104 1 172	3 050 1 650	1 182 892	842 642	1 345 1 366	840 869	644 619	139 204	29 52	8 257 12 574	10 557 14 188	2 152 1 710
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	565 68	33	145 10	47 8	56 16	130	66 5	70 6	5	13	15 066 15 000	16 173 21 560	199 18
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	733 265	328 106	209 86	59 20	36 13	68 26	18 7	7 7	8 -	_	6 174 7 366	8 087 8 617	226 53
0.51 to 1.00	443 25	222	111	18 8	23	42	6 5	1	8 -	_	4 992 10 156	7 641 10 361	153
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS		-	_	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Heating equipment	20 992	5 622	5 064	2 188	1 592	2 921	1 798	1 346	362	99	9 808	11 954	4 297
Centrol heating system Air canditioning Centrol system	18 465 7 256 1 612	4 938 1 139 193	4 447 1 487 339	1 763 719 107	1 426 608 151	2 614 1 397 284	1 626 904 243	1 238 779 220	320 187 63	93 36 12	9 824 13 664 15 225	12 091 14 716 16 209	3 631 905 189
Vehicles available	15 204 10 576	2 239 1 997	3 460 3 031	1 924 1 495	1 401 949	2 711 1 750	1 711 825	1 312 407	347 112	99 10	12 473 10 435	14 195 11 686	2 176 1 818
2 or more House heating fuel	4 628 20 992	242 5 622	429 5 064	429 2 188	452 1 592	961 2 921	886 1 798	905 1 346	235 362	89 99	18 813 9 808	19 930 11 954	358 4 297
Utility gos Bottled, tonk, or LP gos	5 794 149	1 518	1 384 33	715 32	500 18	822 12	469 5	291	89 6	6	9 981 9 830	11 472 10 558	1 350 47
Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	4 429 10 512	1 604 2 445	998 2 628	341 1 082	209 861	509 1 556	322 988	339 710	88 168	19 74	7 793 10 423	11 228 12 499	771 2 110
Other Median rooms	108 4.0	3.3	21 3 .8	18 4.0	4.3	22 4.4	14 4.5	4.5	4.6	4.8	14 375	16 403	19 4.0
Specified renter-occupied hausing units	20 497	5 511	4 908	2 155	1 546	2 862	1 766	1 311	345	93	9 821	11 932	4 181
CONTRACT RENT Less than \$100	2 983	2 201	529	96	25	67	50	15		_	4 033	5 151	1 025
\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	2 669 4 660	689	920 1 313	323 631	143 377	318 573	150 318	92 211	34 74	- 3	8 208 9 491	10 284 11 045	417 1 106
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	4 227 2 615	793 362	989 591	569 288	475 272	727 547	340 317	273 185	41 33	20 20	11 457 13 111	12 513 14 342	888 399
\$300 to \$349	1 915 617	147 43	275 84	164 34	165 38	405 123	390 98	282 136	84 55	3 6	16 993 19 112	17 587 20 014	177 45
\$400 to \$499 \$500 or more	245 28	11	68	-	11 8	31	61	42 3	14	14	20 545 13 438	21 081 12 763	18 16 90
No cosh rent	538 \$195	101 \$133	139 \$183	50 \$200	32 \$224	71 \$229	36 \$251	72 \$2 57	10 \$288	27 \$2 63	11 450	15 505	\$176
GROSS RENT	2 204	1 000	243	27	21	20	10				2 02/	4 202	024
Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	2 384 1 223 2 099	1 939 448 665	341 629 585	37 82 275	21 18 137	28 12 190	18 15 112	10 89	9 46	=	3 836 6 165 8 312	4 393 6 925 10 299	834 260 474
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	4 121 3 618	901 719	1 153 868	675 460	360 344	604 653	252 317	130 210	40 27	6 20	10 024 11 207	11 001 12 683	735 777
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	3 453 1 759	425 190	753 256	351 141	355 185	731 351	527 266	248 268	60 88	3 14	13 891 16 200	14 235 17 315	563 263
\$400 to \$499 \$500 or more	1 060 242	108 15	148 36	70 14	62 32	206 16	171 52	241 43	40 25	14	17 949 20 513	18 594 21 192	144 41
No cosh rent Medion	538 \$252	101 \$180	139 \$235	50 \$249	32 \$283	71 \$293	36 \$314	72 \$336	10 \$338	27 \$364	11 450	15 505	90 \$235
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979													
Less than 15 percent	2 232 3 083	46 205	181 332	79 201	62 229	283 912	546 720	673 445	296 39	66	24 318 17 977	25 546 17 668	58 95
20 to 24 percent	3 567 2 472	859 371	447 555	458 555	446 366	929 501	329 102	99 22	_	_	12 609 11 396	12 262 11 295	130 210
30 to 34 percent 35 to 49 percent 50 percent or more	1 672 2 521 4 087	258 427 2 919	530 1 587 1 137	433 362 17	289 108 14	144 22	18 15	=	=	=	10 277 7 771 3 971	9 923 7 812 4 135	221 446 2 606
Not computed	863 26.9	426 50+	137 139 38.4	50 27.8	32 25.3	71 21.1	36 17.2	72 14.5	10 10,7	27 10—	5 172	9 547	415 50+
	20.7		55.4	27.0	23.0	21.1	17.2	14,5	10.7	,0-		•••	30 T

Table A - 5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 6]

	[Daid die esilino	nes bases on a	sumple, see iiiii	ddoction. Tot in	learning at symbo	is, see introducti	on. Tor demand	ns of ferms, se	e appendixes A	and o)	
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$200	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 ta \$399	\$400 ta \$499	\$500 ta \$599	\$600 to \$749	\$750 or mare	Median (dallars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	22 139	134	431	1 538	2 888	3 774	6 818	4 186	1 877	493	429
PERSONS IN UNIT											
1 person 2 persons	1 009 4 390	41 35	104 136	175 437	217 705	156 810	191 1 227	89 625	23 335	13 80	343 406
3 persons	4 463 6 016	13 20	54 59	433 229	549 670	730 942	1 276 2 179	945 1 228	401 508	62	434 441
5 persons6 persons	3 657 1 658	19	35 28	158 79	463 179	683 299	1 145 500	735 360	333 180	86	435 439
7 persons8 or more persons	618 328	- 6	15	14 13	77 28	104 50	222 78	126 78	63 34	12 26	443 466
Median	3.70	2.24	2.32	2.86	3.45	3.70	3.83	3.85	3.85	4.01	• • •
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	18 785	70	975	1 154	2 340	3 117	5 958	3 759	1 421	459	494
Married-couple families	360	- 1	275	1 156 10	2 360 19	55	152	86	1 631	4	436 454
25 to 34 years	5 879 5 574	12	25 44	144 227	344 641	1 044	2 268 1 810	1 674	666 541	103 198	477 439
45 to 64 years 65 years and over	6 255 717	37 15	167 39	595 180	1 209 147	1 257 112	1 575 153	899 43	374 16	142 12	395 342
Male householder, no wife present	1 018 94	17	48 8	105	157 14	217 19	274 53	122	64	14	392 411
25 to 34 years	267 177	9 –	10	30 6	27 20	45 35	69 55 72	35 36	34 19	8 6	416 427
45 ta 64 years65 years and over	326 154	8 -	10 20	19 50	72 24	89 29	72 25	45 6	11	-	380 315
15 to 24 years	2 336 50	47	108	277	371 31	440 8	586 7	305	182	20	391 340
25 to 34 years	469 652	5 7	28	22 45	62 46	69 151	132 233	108 92	43 58	20	425 427
45 ta 64 years65 years and aver	830 335	18 17	65 15	138 72	145 87	158	154	81 24	71	-	366 336
Median age	40.6	54.6	57.0	52.2	47.9	43.4	37.9	36.4	37.0	39.9	
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	0.007	, 1	0.7	0.7	0.0			701	50.4	1.50	5.40
1979 to March 1980	2 227 6 118	23 35	37 30	37 129	89 347	120 620	468 2 351	731 1 841	586 646	153 131	549 482
1970 to 1974	5 284 6 398	47	46 159	171 729	536 1 480	1 094 1 523	2 141 1 507	821 643	315 248	125	428 376
1959 or earlier	2 112	23	159	472	436	417	351	150	82	22	346
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms	121	15	22	26	18	12	28				295
4 rooms	806	16	94	135	165	131	202	46	17	_	348
5 raoms	4 648 7 354	24 73	158	576 491	732 1 149	872 1 314	1 398 2 335	695 1 315	188 550	5 65	398 423
7 rooms 8 or more rooms	5 271 3 939	- 6	83 12	199 111	581 243	908 537	1 763	1 153 977	483 639	101 322	444 496
Median	6.2	5.7	5.1	5.6	6.0	6.2	6.3	6.5	6.9	8.1	• • •
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980	2 039	6	5	27	37	103	562	733	444	122	538
1970 to 1974	3 086 6 453	_	6	37	220	428	1 206 1 947	690 1 155	386	113	465 421
1960 to 1969	3 858	15 55	63 126	422 459	916 666	1 318	1 066	571	480 198	137 25	395
1940 to 1949	1 282 5 421	19 39	79 152	114 479	179 870	251 982	372 1 665	189 848	74 295	5 91	400 410
VALUE											
Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999	11 192	4 13	_ 38	- 41	_ 47	_ 26	7 15	12	_	-	411 304
\$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999	2 202 6 901	49 42	161 131	335 651	531 1 151	452 1 335	416 2 433	198 866	60 282	10	353 405
\$40,000 to \$49,999	6 630	20	76	357	864	1 267	2 235	1 364	396	51	432
\$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999	3 209 2 245	6	19	101 40	218 62	416 247	1 123 496	882 727	389 550	61	470 537
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 ta \$149,999	495 218	-	_	13	11	25 6	72 21	117 20	130 65	147 82	634 688
\$150,000 or mare	36 \$42 300	\$30 300	\$31 200	\$35 500	\$37 000	\$40 600	\$42 100	\$46 600	\$54 700	\$81 600	750+
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS											
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	2.754	50	100	540	700	050	0//	210	117	27	244
Less than 15 percent	3 756 4 833	58 21	189 57	542 425	788 739	950 997	866 1 489	219 773	117 285	27 47	366 410
20 to 24 percent	4 229 3 177	30 12	35 36	158 75	451 299	717 418	1 582 1 104	878 854	284 307	94 72	437 468
30 to 34 percent	1 690 4 402	13	9 105	66 272	110 483	173 512	555 1 201	501 955	228 656	35 218	486 468
Nat computed	52 22.9	17.1	- 17.3	17.7	18 19.4	7 19.7	21 23.3	6 26.3	29.1	30.9	402
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS											
Heating equipmentSteam ar hat water system	22 139 11 652	1 34 72	431 202	1 538 752	2 888 1 504	3 774 1 958	6 818 3 646	4 186 2 234	1 877 986	493 298	429 433
Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	7 622	51	169	551	999	1 380	2 318	1 459	595	100	423 512
Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, ar pipeless furnace	824 552		18 5	9 56	58 80	83 118	218 135	210 126	154 32	_	410
Other means Air conditioning	1 489 10 057	11 48	37 13 7	170 595	247 1 220	235 1 715	3 183	157 1 962	110 911	21 286	407 436
Central system 1 or more individual raam units	865 9 192	- 48	137	40 555	39 1 181	115 1 600	217 2 966	203 1 759	153 758	98 188	511 431
House heating fuel	22 139 5 899	134 19	431 125) 5 38 307	2 888 736	3 774 1 109	6 818 1 845	4 186 1 147	1 877 518	493 93	429 428
Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity	63 912	-	8 18	6 9	8 64	18 93	11 244	12 228	165	91	376 512
Fuel ail, kerosene, etc Other	14 262 1 003	115	258 22	1 091 125	1 891 189	2 381 173	4 394	2 693 106	1 150	289 20	429 398
	, 003		22	123	107	1/3	724	100		20	3,0

Table A -6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	Data are estimate		, see mileseen	on to meaning						
The SMSA	Total	Less thon \$50	\$50 to \$74	\$75 to \$99	\$100 to \$124	\$125 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 or more	Medion (dollors)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	6 256	-	13	25	82	169	1 120	2 037	2 810	242
PERSONS IN UNIT										
1 person	1 552	-		19	45	63	471	535	419	217
2 persons	2 825 930	-	13	6	25 12	85 11	486 109	1 031 285	1 179 513	239 250+
3 persons	486	_ [_	12	l iöl	28	115	333	250+
5 persons	230	-	-	-	_	-	18	49	163	250+
6 persons	133	-	-	-	-	-	_	- 1	133	250+
7 persons8 or more persons	62 38	_	_ [_	_	_	- 8	22	40 30	250+ 250+
Median	2.06		2.00	1.16	1.41	1.75	1.68	1.97	2.34	250+
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Morried-couple families	3 789	_	5	_	37	79	533	1 186	1 949	250+
15 to 24 years	10	-	-	-	10	-	_	-	-	113
25 to 34 years	102	-	5	-	6	7	12]]	.68	250+
35 to 44 years	172 1 990	_	-	_	_	34	4 242	46 554	116	250 + 250 +
65 years and over	1 515	-	-	-	21	39	275	575	605	237
Male householder, no wife present	685	- [8	6	-	38	208	184	241	222
15 to 24 years	25	_ [_	_	8		12	- 5	219
35 to 44 years	39	_	_	_	_	7	8	-	24	250+
45 to 64 years	264	-	8	6	_	17	97	68	68	203
65 years and over	357 1 782		-	19	45	52	103 379	104 667	144	233
Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years	1 /02	_ [_ [- 17	73	32	3/1	907	620	230
25 to 34 years	32	-	-	-	_	_	14	_	18	250+
35 to 44 years	40	-	-	-	-		_	5	35	250+
45 to 64 years65 years and over	445 1 265	_ [_	19	45	21 31	81 284	140 522	203 364	243 224
Median age	65.0	_	55.9	76.6	73.5	63.9	67.9	67.4	61.7	
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT			i							
1979 to March 1980	135				,	,	1/	21	0,	250
1975 to 1978	337	_	13	_	16	8	16 76	21 65	86 159	250 + 243
1970 to 1974	386	-	-	_	-		55	137	190	249
1960 to 1969	1 122	-	-	6	11	17	203	329	556	249
1959 or earlier	4 276	-	-	19	49	134	770	1 485	1 819	239
ROOMS										
to 3 rooms	161	-	-	6	14	6	108	9	18	175
4 rooms5 rooms	730 1 619	_	5	11	22 13	39 79	318 300	247 634	104 577	198 232
6 rooms	1 769	_	- 1	8	20	25	255	653	808	244
7 rooms	1 141		-	_	5	6	88	335	707	250+
8 or more rooms	836	-	8		8	14	51	159	596	250+
Median	5.8	-	8.5+	5.1	4.9	5.0	4.9	5.7	6.4	•••
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1975 to Morch 1980	88	-	- 1	- 1	12	-	22	7	47	250+
1970 to 1974	155	-	5	-	-	10	25	64	51	229
1960 to 1969	669 1 481	-	-	-	_ 5	12 53	94 203	175 496	388 724	250+
1940 to 1949	751	_	_ [8	21	10	170	231	311	248 236
1939 or earlier	3 112	-	8	17	44	84	606	1 064	1 289	237
VALUE										
Less thon \$10,000	37	_	_	_	20	5	8	4	_	123
\$10,000 to \$19,999	363	-	~	10	26	46	175	73	33	178
\$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999	1 460 1 920	-	-	8 7	4	64	442	593 719	349	218
\$40,000 to \$49,999	1 351		13		15	41 13	297 145	416	851 749	242 250+
\$50,000 to \$59,999	714	-	-	-	_	-	29	186	499	250+
\$60,000 to \$79,999	309	-	-	-	12	-	15	40	242	250+
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999	75 27	- 1	-	-	-	-	9	6	60 27	250+ 250+
\$150,000 or more	-			_	_	_		Ξ	-	230+
Medion	\$36 300	-	\$42 500	\$25 800	\$19 400	\$25 400	\$28 700	\$34 200	\$42 000	•••
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS										
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979										
Less thon 10 percent	1 017	-	13	-	11	48	171	331	443	240
10 to 14 percent	1 304	-	-	6	5	39	194	328	732	250+
15 to 19 percent	988 625	_1	-	-	8	22 19	135 109	366 153	457 338	245 250+
25 to 29 percent	563	- 1		15	19	6	78	219	226	237
30 to 34 percent	281	- 1	-	-	20		59	113	89	227
35 percent or moreNot computed	1 440 38	-	-	4	13	35	374	494 33	520	230 229
Median	19.0		10-	27.2	27.9	14.7	22.8	19.7	17.5	229
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
Heating equipment	6 256		13	25	82	169	1 120	2 037	2 810	242
Steam or hot water system	4 346		5	8	30	94	625	1 465	2 119	248
Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	1 372	-	-		23	45	369	424	511	229
Other built-in electric units	143	-	-	-	-	.8	20	63	52	235 189
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Other means	48 347		- 8	17	29	10 12	18 88	7 78	13 115	213
Air conditioning	2 430	_	13	'-	39	36	321	819	1 202	249
Central system	221	-		-	12	_	24	12	173	250+
1 or more individual room units House heating fuel	2 209 6 256	_	13 13	25	27 82	36 169	297 1 120	807 2 037	1 029 2 810	245 242
Utility gos	961		13	- 1	26	37	163	287	440	243
Bottled, tank, or LP gas	55	-	-	13	7	-	12	11	12	181
Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	160 4 977	_	_ 5	- 8	49	8 119	24 899	63 1 648	65 2 249	238
Other	103		3	4	47	5	22	28	2 249	243 237

Table A=7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

		Ov	vner-occupied h	nousing units			Rer	nter-occupied he	ousing units			
The SMSA	Total	1975 to March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier	Total	1975 to March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier
Occupied housing units	34 841	2 544	4 003	7 721	8 093	12 480	21 007	1 070	4 188	2 521	2 821	10 407
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 55 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Median age	26 906 485 6 724 6 639 10 012 3 046 2 426 111 435 284 834 762 5 509 68 576 884 1 726 2 255 46.8	2 202 31 1 170 544 376 81 100 13 22 29 25 11 242 - 66 58 61 57 34.8	3 381 57 1 302 1 324 546 152 138 7 49 11 28 43 484 9 81 135 154 105 37.5	6 521 1335 1 338 1 979 2 658 411 340 33 67 118 59 860 7 151 238 278 186 44.4	6 114 121 1 251 1 058 2 790 894 609 32 113 63 222 179 370 26 155 185 493 511 51.6	8 688 141 1 663 1 734 3 642 1 508 1 239 26 188 114 441 470 2 553 26 123 268 740 1 396 53.5	7 187 968 2 447 1 028 1 551 1 193 4 420 743 1 265 624 1 068 720 9 400 1 284 1 906 1 219 1 855 3 136 40.8	389 16 71 24 112 166 172 14 46 45 29 38 509 46 74 18 99 272 63.0	1 413 181 392 162 349 329 697 110 248 112 106 121 2 078 109 403 167 333 1 066 51.9	708 101 242 127 129 109 442 51 185 20 67 119 1 371 145 211 133 222 660 47.3	944 184 380 141 132 107 601 148 161 99 115 78 276 340 282 222 221 211 33.8	3 733 486 1 362 574 829 482 2 508 420 625 348 751 364 4 166 644 936 679 980 927 38.9
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980	3 045 7 909 6 621 8 631 8 635	787 1 757 — — —	381 1 205 2 417 -	572 1 618 1 314 4 217	560 1 416 1 205 1 850 3 062	745 1 913 1 685 2 564 5 573	7 342 7 443 3 573 1 521 1 128	497 573 - - -	1 382 1 414 1 392	832 958 343 388	1 115 1 085 324 201 96	3 516 3 413 1 514 932 1 032
ROOMS 1 room	26 66 400 2 913 8 476 10 450 12 510 6.0	6 24 214 593 834 873 6.0	58 371 755 1 192 1 627 6.2	5 7 50 314 1 833 2 529 2 983 6.2	15 160 915 2 634 2 533 1 836 5.6	21 38 108 1 099 2 661 3 362 5 191 6.2	587 2 218 4 821 6 155 5 028 1 504 694 4.0	5 229 362 285 135 49 5 3.3	38 813 1 149 1 306 648 177 57 3.6	28 386 810 656 410 124 107 3.6	24 158 764 823 707 252 93 4.1	492 632 1 736 3 085 3 128 902 432 4.3
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	34 656 18 989 14 774 830 63 185 122 44 14 5	2 544 1 338 1 174 32 - - - -	3 995 1 888 2 042 65 	7 707 3 661 3 829 208 9 14 4 5 - 5	8 081 4 430 3 428 206 17 12 7	12 329 7 672 4 301 319 37 151 111 26 14	20 274 12 175 7 466 565 68 733 265 443 25	1 039 706 326 7 - 31 22 9	4 169 2 804 1 251 114 - 19 6 13	2 501 1 570 862 54 15 20 20	2 698 1 508 1 083 97 10 123 67 51	9 867 5 587 3 944 293 43 540 150 370 20
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person 2 persons 3 persons 4 persons 5 persons 6 or more persons Medion Total persons	3 754 9 471 6 430 7 488 4 473 3 225 3.15	150 640 574 713 334 133 3,34	263 818 666 1 270 662 324 3.70	426 1 705 1 564 1 870 1 279 877 3.59 28 347	934 2 504 1 564 1 658 833 600 2.89 25 549	1 981 3 804 2 062 1 977 1 365 1 291 2.72 40 475	8 275 5 839 3 087 2 122 961 723 1.88	519 380 105 27 27 12 1.54	1 988 1 127 566 321 142 44 1.59	1 136 646 345 181 127 86 1.69	904 886 428 305 178 120 2.07	3 728 2 800 1 643 1 288 487 461 2.03 23 842
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2 3 and 4 5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc.	30 387 2 352 1 128 231 194 44 505	2 272 	3 483 43 48 50 132 38 209	7 552 44 33 20 12 - 60	7 745 229 60 23 - - 36	9 335 2 036 964 107 32 6	2 254 3 728 5 479 3 398 4 074 1 997	80 86 27 197 469 203 8	439 189 163 514 1 526 1 323 34	471 120 224 458 917 324 7	491 486 1 032 503 245 57 7	773 2 847 4 033 1 726 917 90 21
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Steam or hot water system Centrol warm-air furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Other means Air conditioning Central system 1 or more individual room units House heating fuel Utility gas Battled, tank, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Income in 1979 belaw poverty level Percent below poverty level	34 841 19 837 10 722 1 354 641 2 287 15 404 1 588 13 816 34 841 8 128 159 1 579 23 727 1 248 1 706 4.9	2 544 1 093 1 179 119 	4 003 960 2 137 657 15 234 2 200 425 1 775 4 003 1 802 1 11 745 1 298 147 142 3.5	7 721 3 427 3 199 323 330 442 4 044 398 3 646 7 721 2 728 27 341 4 387 238 351 4.5	8 093 5 215 2 095 127 194 462 3 571 270 3 301 8 093 1 058 52 131 6 620 232 412 5.1	12 480 9 142 2 112 128 102 996 4 557 209 4 348 12 480 2 076 51 152 9 702 499 728 5.8	20 992 10 271 4 613 3 320 261 2 527 7 256 1 612 5 644 20 992 5 794 149 4 429 10 512 108 4 305 20.5	1 070 217 328 445 14 66 728 180 548 1 070 139 5 625 287 14 141 13.2	4 188 768 1 279 2 021 41 79 2 724 793 1 931 4 188 756 5 2 620 792 15 710	2 521 790 1 038 535 55 103 1 268 506 762 2 521 879 11 780 851 	2 821 1 682 496 137 600 446 590 59 531 2 821 891 19 163 1 728 20 648 23.0	10 392 6 814 1 472 182 91 1 833 1 946 74 1 872 10 392 3 129 109 241 6 854 22.7
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499. \$15,000 to \$14,999. \$15,000 to \$24,999. \$25,000 to \$34,999. \$35,000 to \$34,999. \$50,000 or mare. Median Mean.	2 059 3 355 2 046 2 144 5 408 6 195 8 118 4 251 1 265 \$21 783 \$23 312	89 129 107 154 373 519 737 365 71 \$23 854 \$25 566	167 193 167 250 585 948 1 007 571 115 \$23 181 \$24 630	294 467 441 290 1 141 1 398 2 154 1 227 309 \$24 326 \$25 487	483 888 424 481 1 317 1 360 1 857 955 328 \$21 514 \$23 141	1 026 1 678 907 969 1 992 1 970 2 363 1 133 442 \$19 177 \$21 195	5 637 5 064 2 188 1 592 2 921 1 798 1 346 362 99 \$9 800 \$11 948	271 350 99 32 81 88 96 53 - \$8 697 \$12 471	1 335 807 338 266 572 407 361 74 28 \$9 665 \$12 182	816 518 202 214 389 217 132 31 2 \$9 317 \$11 398	628 700 389 204 416 276 167 32 9 \$10 530 \$12 395	2 587 2 689 1 160 876 1 463 810 590 172 60 \$9 864 \$11 812

Table A=8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	C	wner-occupied h	ousing units				Re	enter-occupied	housing units			
The SMSA	Total	1 unit, detached or attached	2 or more units	Mobile hame or trailer, etc.	Total	1 unit, detached or attached	2 units	3 and 4 units	5 to 9 units	10 to 49 units	50 or more units	Mobile home or trailer, etc.
Occupied housing units	34 841	30 387	3 949	505	21 007	2 254	3 728	5 479	3 398	4 074	1 997	77
Condominium housing units HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	454	147	307	-	169	26	13	8	62	49	11	-
Married-couple families	26 906 485	24 073 380	2 516 98	317 7	7 187 968	1 043 70	1 777 243	2 015 295	822 195	1 166	353 54	11
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	6 724 6 639	6 236 6 111	477 514	11 14	2 447 1 028	323 187	676 257	763 306	225 119	394 126	66 30	- 3
45 to 64 years 65 years and over	10 012 3 046	8 883 2 463	1 017 410	112 173	1 551 1 193	259 204	320 281	447 204	148 135	302 233	75 128	- 8
Male householder, no wife present	2 426	1 894 94	484 17	48	4 420 743	347 42	510 109	980 210	774 166	1 435 184	374 32	-
15 to 24 years	435 284	315	120 25	13	1 265 624	104 19	162 121	310 102	174 149	451 191	64 42	-
35 to 44 years	834	246 646	175	13	1 068	101	82	197	156	444	88	-
65 years and overFemale householder, no husband present	762 5 509	593 4 420	147 949	140	720 9 400	81 864	36 1 441	161 2 484	129 1 802	165 1 473	148 1 270	66
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	68 576	50 516	18		1 284 1 906	61 206	183 316	487 623	301 302	198 381	43 68	11 10
35 to 44 years	884 1 726	741 1 400	129 266	14 60	1 219 1 855	216 201	196 382	375 490	282 260	106 329	44 181	12
65 years and over	2 255 46.8	1 713 45.8	476 54.0	66 65.5	3 136 40.8	180 42.1	364 37.6	509 35.5	657 39.9	459 42.1	934 69.0	33 65.8
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	3 045	2 577	431	37	7 342	627	1 141	1 864	1 367	1 707	625	11
1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974	7 909 6 621	6 832 5 976	813 482	264 163	7 443 3 573	813 290	1 295 593	1 928 836	1 136 532	1 746 477	492 815	33 30
1960 to 1969	8 631 8 635	7 964 7 038	651 1 572	16 25	1 521 1 128	293 231	326 373	463 388	277 86	94 50	65	3
ROOMS	26	15	11	23	587	14	0.0	44	94	342	0.4	
1 room 2 rooms	66 400	32 265	34 87	48	2 218 4 821	39 215	78 438	189 944	581 1 176	507 1 234	84 824 775	-
3 rooms	2 913	1 677	977	259	6 155	528	1 329	1 652	976	1 439	211	39 20
5 rooms6 rooms	8 476 10 450	6 685 9 739	1 627 683	164 28	5 028 1 504	525 472	1 354 388	2 085 495	478 76	495 43	73 30	18
7 or more rooms Median	12 510 6.0	11 974 6.2	530 5.0	4.3	694 4.0	461 5.1	132 4.5	70 4.4	17 3.4	14 3.5	2.6	3.5
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	34 656	30 299	3 852	505	20 274	2 247	3 658	5 313	3 336	3 745	1 898	77
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	18 989 14 774	16 188 13 353	2 388 1 329	413 92	12 175 7 466	1 245 921	2 057 1 438	2 826 2 286	2 028 1 230	2 506 1 153	1 456 418	57 20
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	830 63	722 36	108 27	-	565 68	73 8	143 20	179 22	70 8	76 10	24	-
Locking complete plumbing far exclusive use 0.50 or less	185 122	88 64	, 97 58	-	733 265	7	70 32	1 66 82	62 26	329 93	99 25	-
0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	44	19	25 14	-	443 25	_	38	67 17	36	228 8	74	_
1.51 or more BEDROOMS	5	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	-
None	36 1 435	15 922	21 438	- 75	669 8 005	14 441	9 866	56 1 430	116 1 820	376 1 857	98 1 559	32
23	8 022 19 206	5 593 18 058	2 033	396 34	8 400 3 311	693 724	1 960 833	2 513 1 332	1 183 256	1 728	288 52	35 10
4	4 976	4 770 1 029	206	-	538 84	335	46 14	1332	14	4	-	-
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	1 166		137	-		47			,			_
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999	2 059 3 355	1 635 2 626	365 580	59 149	5 637 5 064	475 511	633 821	1 430 1 297	1 215 853	733 1 121	1 108 427	43 34
\$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999	2 046 2 144	1 677 1 714	302 378	67 52	2 188 1 592	253 225	443 307	682 457	317 242	413 295	80 66	-
\$15,000 to \$19,999\$20,000 to \$24,999	5 408 6 195	4 672 5 515	655 627	81 53	2 921 1 798	270 242	716 401	819 445	361 197	630 417	125 96	-
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	8 118 4 251	7 421 3 962	667 285	30	1 346 362	161 86	289 80	299 50	164 36	362 92	71 18	-
\$50,000 or more Median	1 265 \$21 783	1 165 \$22 375	90 \$17 583	10 \$11 660	99 \$9 800	31 \$11 393	38 \$12 314	\$10 046	13 \$7 622	11 \$11 108	6 \$4 701	\$4 550
MeanSELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	\$23 312	\$23 983	\$19 328	\$14 103	\$11 948	\$13 861	\$14 159	\$11 349	\$10 137	\$13 293	\$7 937	\$4 268
Heating equipment	34 841 19 837	30 387 17 016	3 949 2 806	505	20 992 10 271	2 254 982	3 728 2 373	5 471 3 228	3 391 1 653	4 074 1 677	1 997 358	77
Central warm-air fumace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units	10 722 1 354	9 652 1 109	608 245	462	4 613 3 320	657 312	572 173	785 262	683 587	i 197 1 029	642 957	77
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	641	630	5	6 22	261	47	38	49 1 147	60	54 117	13 27	-
Other means Air conditioning	15 404	13 456	285 1 666	282	2 527 7 256	256 774	572 1 035	1 093	408 660	2 706	9 53 243	35 25 70
Central system	1 588 33 492	1 232 29 396	151 3 605	205 491	1 612 15 204	1 809	37 3 118	40 4 025	165 2 176	1 073 3 044	962	70 47
2 or more	12 028 21 464	9 921 19 475	1 724	383 108	10 576 4 628	1 092 717	2 048 1 070	2 791 1 234	1 657 519	2 178 866	763 199	23
Utility gas	34 841 8 128	30 387 7 293	3 949 758	505 77	20 992 5 794	2 254 642	3 728 1 194	5 471 1 894	3 391 1 075	4 074 819	1 997 170	<u>"- </u>
Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity	159 1 579	126 1 234	345	27	149 4 429	37 366	19 241	41 366	29 758	1 333	1 358	7
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc Other	23 727 1 248	20 544 1 190	2 789 51	394 7	10 512 108	1 156 53	2 252	3 160 10	1 523	1 882	469	70
Utility gas	34 815 9 371	30 365 8 030	3 945 1 247	505 94	20 881 7 175	2 254 742	3 728 1 423	5 479 2 432	3 390 1 317	3 964 1 003	1 989 258	77
Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity	410 9 789	339 8 536	55 873	16 380	460 5 982	92 754	78 787	174 849	37 882	68 1 208	11 1 425	77
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc Other	15 189 56	13 408 52	1 766 4	15	7 221 43	659 7	1 440	2 004 20	1 154	1 676 9	288 7	_
Family householder With own children under 18 years	30 612 17 315	27 194 15 974	3 060 1 295	358 46	11 396 6 627	1 616 1 044	2 581 1 481	3 516 2 301	1 527 924	1 640 686	483 171	33 20
With own children under 6 years Female householder, no husband present	6 586 2 886	6 017 2 456	537 406	32 24	3 453 3 766	427 518	852 751	1 214 1 341	533 661	318 358	102 115	7 22
With own children under 18 years With own children under 6 years	1 470 257	1 318 228	146 29	6	2 840 1 164	448 131	485 156	1 087 516	500 248	247 92	56 14	17 7
Nonfamily householder	4 229 1 706	3 193 1 441	889 248	147 17	9 611 4 305	638 485	1 147 578	1 963 1 375	1 871 793	2 434 551	1 514	44 34
Percent below poverty level	4.9	4.7	6.3	3.4	20.5	21.5	15.5	25.1	23.3	13.5	24.5	44.2

Table A=9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	[2010 010 0011110		ompio, dee min		uning or symbols,						
The SMSA	Total	l person	2 persons	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 persons	7 persons	8 or more persons	Medion	Total persons
Owner-occupied housing units	34 841 1 026	3 754	9 471 389	6 430 228	7 488 118	4 473 127	2 002 50	802 68	421 46	3.15 3.04	117 135 3 893
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms	492	243	181	50	7	5	-	6	-	1.52	915
4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms	2 913 8 476 10 450	862 1 117 891	1 432 3 043 2 600	327 1 627 2 120	198 1 556 2 594	79 742 1 463	6 273 531	76 191	9 42 60	1.92 2.55 3.32	6 279 25 139 36 034
7 rooms8 or more rooms	7 055 5 455	427 214	1 356 859	1 343 963	1 854 1 279	1 189 995	560 632	233 296	93 217	3.72 4.04	26 369 22 399
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	6.0	5.2	5.5	6.1	6.3	6.5	6.8	7.0	7.6	• • •	
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	34 656 33 763	3 706 3 706	9 413 9 409	6 419 6 414	7 471 7 464	4 440 4 368	1 989 1 717	797 524	421 161	3.16 3.09	116 532 110 356
1.01 to 1.50	830 63	-	4	5	7	72 	272	267	207 53	6.72 8.22	5 690 486
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50	185 166 14	48 48	58 58	11	17 17 —	33 21 7	13 6 7	5 5	-	2.27 2.10 5.50	603 513 69
1.51 or moreUNITS IN STRUCTURE	5	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	5.00	21
1, detached or attached 2 or more	30 387 3 949	2 843 764	7 794 1 405	5 747 633	6 882 575	4 129 344	1 857 140	743 59	392 29	3.29 2.36	103 584 12 481
Mobile home or trailer, etc	505	147	272	50	31	-	5	-	-	1.89	1 070
Specified awner-occupied housing units	28 395 48	2 561	7 215 26	5 393	6 502	3 887 7	1 791 -	680	36 6	3.32 2.42	96 845 183
\$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999	555 3 662	195 737	200 1 147	556	48 500	43 360	13 191	2 144	12 27	1.91 2.45	1 668 10 525
\$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999	8 821 7 981 3 923	829 511 184	2 306 1 835 959	1 654 1 722 825	1 979 1 933 1 017	1 118 1 138 601	619 544 208	175 210 81	141 88 48	3.27 3.45 3.49	29 613 28 770 13 536
\$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999	2 554 570	96	557 133	419 118	805 133	427 142	174	44	32 12	3.75 3.73	9 246 2 130
\$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or more	245 36	5	42	46	71 12	42 9	18	20	6	3.99 3.75	1 066 108
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	\$41 200	\$33 500	\$39 700	\$42 300	\$43 300	\$43 300	\$41 100	\$40 600	\$40 400		
All income levels in 1979 Medion income Medion selected monthly owner costs as percentage of	34 841 \$21 783	3 754 \$7 755	9 471 \$19 464	\$23 596	7 488 \$23 677	4 473 \$25 174	2 002 \$27 018	\$29 722	\$32 724	3.15	117 135
household income	22.3 22.9	39.7 36.5	21.6 23.0	20.7 22.4	22.8 23.5	21.7 22.1	20.0 20.8	18.4 18.9	16.7 17.1	• • •	
Not mortgogedincome in 1979 belaw poverty level	19.0 1 706	41.5 485	18.8 295	14.0 217	11.8 375	12.8 199	11.5 78	12.7 33	10— 24	2.84	
Medion income	\$3 527 50+	\$2 686 50+	\$2 759 50+	\$3 553 50+	\$4 737 50+	\$5 519 50+	\$5 625 50+	\$7 386 50+	\$7 000 } 50+		
With a mortgage	50+ 50+	50+ 50+	50 + 50 +	50 + 50 +	50 + 50 +	50 + 38.9	50+ 50+	50+	50 + 27.5		
Renter-occupied housing units Nonrelatives present	21 007	8 275	5 839 1 092	3 087 327	2 122 211	961 125	466 55	169 30	88	1.88 2.35	46 131 5 155
ROOMS	587	569	12		_	_	_	_	6	1.02	653
2 rooms	2 218 4 821	1 919 3 240	281 1 342	12 176	_ 59	6	Ξ	_	-	1.08 1.24	2 514 6 501
4 rooms	6 155 5 028	1 624 649	2 488 1 372	1 270 1 189	587 1 038	134 490	37 202	10 74	5 14	2.08 2.91	13 273 14 959
6 rooms 7 or more rooms Medion	1 504 694 4.0	203 71 3.0	262 82 4.0	359 81 4.6	260 178 4.9	203 124 5.2	141 86 5.5	31 54 5.5	45 18 5.9	3.30 4.13	5 343 2 888
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	20 274	7 748	5 738	3 039	2 096	950	458	162	83	1.92	44 947
1.00 or less.	19 641 565	7 748	5 726	3 035	2 037	811 129	219 239	54 98	11 36	1.86	41 482 2 998
1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	68 733	_ 527	12 101	48	26	10 11	8	10	36 5	7.68 1.20	467 1 184
1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	708 25	527	101	40 8	26	6 5	8 -	7	5	1.17 5.40	1 023 161
UNITS IN STRUCTURE	0.054	-	-	-	076	- 007	10/		-	0.71	
1, detached or attoched 2 3 and 4	2 254 1 3 728 5 479	519 984 1 571	526 1 158 1 602	383 628 1 014	375 590 697	237 216 345	136 101 177	54 32 50	24 19 23	2.71 2.26 2.23	6 982 9 121 13 482
5 to 9 10 to 49	3 398 4 074	1 635 2 090	919 1 266	487 433	199 195	98 52	29 23	19	12 10	1.57 1.47	6 413
50 or mare Mobile home or troiler, etc	1 997 77	1 432 44	348 20	142	53 13	13	2	9 -		1.20 1.38	2 769 122
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units	20 497	8 187	5 671	2 984	2 046	932	427	162	88	1.86	44 562
Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	2 384 1 223 2 099	1 997 857 1 178	150 266 565	97 46 159	51 27 121	58 19 33	25 - 35	6 -	- 8 8	1,10 1,21 1,39	3 072 1 771 3 747
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	4 121 3 618	1 706 768	1 374 1 243	551 770	305 527	107 215	54 56	20 27	12	1.76 2.34	7 923 8 911
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	3 453 1 759	993 338	1 007 604	677 324	407 282	205 100	107 72	39 23	18 16	2.23 2.40	8 564 4 662
\$400 to \$499 \$500 or more No cosh rent	1 060 242 538	156 24	308 45	273 16 71	165 62 99	90 58 47	57 8 13	7 16	13 13	2.74 4.08 2.41	3 280 1 040 1 592
Medion	538 \$252	170 \$199	109 \$265	71 \$289	\$295	\$303	\$317	\$321	\$326	2.41	1 342
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979 Median income	21 007 \$9 800	8 275 \$5 646	5 839 \$12 633	3 087 \$12 125	2 122 \$14 757	961 \$14 151	466 \$17 436	169 \$15 444	88 \$16 786	1.88	46 131
Medion gross rent os percentage of household income _ Income in 1979 below poverty level	26.9 4 305	29.6 1 688	24.0 874	27.8 747	24.7 493	25.5 293	23.2 110	28.3 72	21.9 28	2.03	
Median income Median gross rent as percentage of household income _	\$3 525 50+	\$2 635 50+	\$3 548 50+	\$3 728 50+	\$4 468 50+	\$6 087 50+	\$7 296 47.1	\$7 273 49.6	\$12 667 31.3	• • •	•••

1980 Table A=10. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units:

		Median	8.94	67.5 87.5 88.2 88.2 83.7	46.8 44.4 57.7 32.5	\$5.0 \$3.77 \$	04 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
-		65 years and over	2 255	1 594 521 89 19 17 17 1.21 3 207	2 215 5 40	335 335 337 337 337 337 337 337 337 337	3 061 75 137 275 773 773 773 713 713 713 191 191
	nd present	45 to 64 years	1 726	631 525 317 162 26 65 1.94 3 946	1 705 9 21	1 275 1	1 814 13 7 7 7 138 214 229 229 231 237 392 365 365 30.5
	lder, no husbar	35 to 44 years	884	61 129 232 281 281 100 81 3.57	884 27 	692 652 653 653 653 653 653 654 667 667 678 678 678 678 678 678 678 678	1 199 39 20 20 20 100 1100 120 240 355 333 36.8
	Female householder, no husband present	25 to 34 years	576	105 140 184 95 44 42 2.73 1 569	567 - 9	501 28 28 31 32 32 32 32 48.2 48.2 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	1 901 63 63 1 826 1 148 1 195 2 205 2 205 2 205 5 206 6 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
		15 to 24 years	3	11 40 10 10 7 7 2.07 168	80 1 1 1	\$6 50 38 38 38 102 50.0 103 429 532 532 532 532 532 532 532 532	1 233 33 52 52 52 87 1027 1027 108 628 55 50 +
[8]		65 years and over	762	535 129 80 13 13 1,21	757	51 154 156 168 188 189 180 180 180 190 190 190 190 190 190 190 19	665 55 58 83 83 83 83 122 122 122 122 27 29
see appendixes A ond	present	45 to 64 years	834	379 289 100 30 36 1.63 1.55	88	326 326 326 326 77 77 39 99 11.10 1 1.10 1 1.10 1 1.10	882 5 186 186 216 147 179 46 165 197 44 44
	nolder, no wife	35 to 44 years	284	111 57 51 32 21 21 22 687	284 4 	216 177 177 177 18 28 23.7 39 39 39 44 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	69 69 69 69 69 67 67 67 67 67 67
For definitions of	Mole householder,	25 to 34 yeors	435	260 120 47 5 3 3 1.34 716	427 - 8	292 267 267 267 264 264 27 27 265 107 107 107 107 107 107 107 107 107 107	1 196 10 68 8 8 8 224 228 224 196 193 113 114 29 24.5
Introduction. For		15 to 24 years	Ξ	67 19 19 1.33 202	Ξ	94 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	703 40 40 743 57 57 114 69 67 67 190 190 190 190 190 190 190 190
pols, see		65 years and over	3 046	2 382 513 99 33 33 7 2.14	3 040	2 232 717 717 717 718 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105	1 179 6 14 127 127 152 231 233 64 64 174 83 25.8
meaning of s	38	45 to 64 years	10 012	3 187 2 381 1 913 1 262 1 269 3 326 37 059	9 962 389 50	8 245 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	1 508 130 43 43 324 324 325 116 119 115 115 105 20.7
roduction. For	Married-couple families	35 to 44 years	6 639	451 731 2 233 1 811 1 413 4.46 30 290	6 627 358 12	5 746 888 1 524 1 136 897 379 379 370 1 126 1 126 1 126 1 126 2 1 6 1 1 2 8 2 1 6 1 1 2 8 2 1 8 3 1 0 1 8 4 1 8 4 1 8 8 6 1 8 8 6 1 8 8 6 1 8 8 7 1 8 8 7 1 8 8 8 1 8 8 8 8 1 8 8 8 8 1	1 020 214 8 8 1 002 157 219 189 173 63 88 64 47
somple, see In	Marrie	25 to 34 years	6 724	1 214 1 552 2 549 1 082 327 373 24 626	6 698 83 26 7	5 981 2 988 1 088 1 1497 1 146 1 146 1 146 2 5.2 2 0 2 2 2 0 2 2 2 0 2 2 2 0 2 2 3 0 2 2 4 7 7 4 9 7 7 4 9	2 400 111 47 47 2 335 535 535 240 220 177 220 177 239 22.4
es posed on o		15 to 24 years	485	268 124 57 57 31 2.40	485 5 -	370 386 386 390 101 101 102 103 104 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0	959 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
[Dato ore estimates bosed on a sample, see introduction. For meaning of sym		Total	34 841	3 754 9 471 6 430 7 488 4 473 3 225 3.15	34 656 893 185	28 395 3 756 4 8 833 1 77 4 4 229 4 4 229 1 1 0 0 7 2 2 2 6 2 2 6 2 2 6 3 8 8 4 4 4 0 0 7 1 9 8 8 8 7 5 8 8 8 7 5 8 8 8 7 6 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	20 274 633 733 733 2 232 2 232 3 083 3 667 2 472 1 672 2 673 2 683 2 683
		The SMSA	Owner-occupied housing units	PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person 2 persons 3 persons 5 persons 6 of more persons 6 of more persons Cotal persons 1 persons	PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	NOTION N	Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1 01 or mare persons per room 2 RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Specified renter-accupied housing units Less than 15 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 24 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 to 49 percent 36 to 34 percent 37 to 49 percent 38 to 49 percent 39 to 40 percent 40 to computed Median

Table A -11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based an a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

				Male hous	eholder					Female hou	sehalder		
The SMSA	Total	Total	15 ta 24 years	25 ta 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and aver	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over
Owner-occupied housing units	3 754	1 352	67	260	m	379	535	2 402	11	105	61	631	1 594
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	3 706 48	1 339 13	67 -	252 8	111	379 -	530 5	2 367 35	11	105	61	615 16	1 575 19
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached ar attached 2 or more	2 843 764	1 044 277	55 12	212 48	80 18	264 108	433 91	1 799 487	11	94 11	54 7	447 134	1 193 335
Mobile home or trailer, etc	147	31	15	7	13	7	11	922	-	15	7	50 135	765
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499	1 016 395	236 150 104	5 21 19	10 33	13	50 37	171 46	780 245	4 7	11 14	7	200 112	565 105
\$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	260 413 254	257 155	7	28 106 52	46 34	11 65 43	46 33 26	156 156 99	=	22 20 6	13 9 20	57 76 47	64 51 26
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or mare	115 36 17	89 23 12	-	24	6 5	49 13 7	16 4 -	26 13 5	- -	17 - -	5 -	4	13 5
Median	\$7 755 \$10 144	\$11 900 \$13 281	\$11 607 \$10 041	\$17 589 \$17 128	\$18 807 \$22 048	\$12 399 \$14 768	\$6 725 \$8 944	\$6 578 \$8 378	\$10 536 \$10 474	\$13 920 \$14 275	\$18 472 \$16 152	\$9 517 \$10 249	\$5 237 \$6 937
OWNER COSTS Specified owner-occupied housing units	2 561	923	55	195	68	240	365	1 638	11	94	39	401	1 093
With a mortgage Less than \$200 \$200 to \$249	1 009 41 104	484 17 43	55 - 8	174 9 10	53 - -	100 8 10	102 - 15	525 24 61	11 - -	81 _ _	33 - -	232 18 46	168 6 15
\$250 ta \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	175 217 156	73 98 58	- - 7	24 27 36	14	14 33 7	35 24 8	102 119 98	- 7 -	11 9 18	- - 9	65 36 41	26 67 30
\$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749	191 89 23	119 49 19	40 - -	40 14 6	13 18 8	6 17 5	20 - -	72 40 4	- - 4	21 22	19 - -	21 5	11
\$750 or more	13 \$343 1 552	\$359 439	\$430	\$374 21	\$448 15	\$327 140	\$302 263	\$332 1 113	\$339	\$406 13	5 \$431 6	\$290 169	\$328 925
Less than \$50 \$50 ta \$74 \$75 to \$99	- 19	=	-	- -	-	=	-	19	=	-	-	- -	19
\$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149	45 63 47)	31	-	- 8	7	10	6	45 32	-	-	=	13	45 19
\$150 ta \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 or more	535 419	187 84 137	=	8 5	8 -	82 9 39	97 67 93	284 451 282	=	9 - 4	- 6	49 45 62	226 406 210
Median SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of	\$217	\$201	-	\$216	\$153	\$187	\$221	\$220	-	\$186	\$250+	\$225	\$219
household income in 1979 With a martgage Not mortgaged	39.7 36.5 41.5	31.0 31.2 30.6	44.7 44.7	24.3 25.5 16.6	31.3 31.4 10—	24.3 22.7 28.7	37.4 50+ 33.5	46.0 43.9 46.8	38.9 38.9	33.2 30.4 50+	29.8 31.8 27.5	36.2 37.1 34.9	50 + 50 + 49.2
Income in 1979 below poverty level	485 12.9	120 8.9	8 11.9	2.7	6.3	57 15.0	41 7.7	365 15.2	=	15 14.3	7 11.5	100 15.8	243 15.2
Renter-occupied housing units PLUMBING FACILITIES	8 275	3 084	374	726	455	890	639	5 191	429	588	261	1 113	2 800
Complete plumbing far exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing far exclusive use	7 748 527	2 695 389	339 35	665 61	397 58	710 180	584 55	5 053 138	400 29	588 _	249 12	1 087 26	2 729 71
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2	519 984	193 347	8 55	39 100	9 99	83 63	54 30	326 637	18 83	27 71	31 20	90 167	160 296
3 and 4 5 to 9 10 to 49	1 571 1 635 2 090	574 589 1 075	101 88 106	167 121 268	50 111 158	134 144 378	122 125 165	997 1 046 1 015	143 96 76	107 128 209	52 100 46	301 146 249	394 576 435
50 ar mare Mobile home or trailer, etc	1 432 44	306	16	31	28	88	143	1 126 44	9	46	12	153 7	906 33
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999	3 851 2 275	912 983	100 159	86 239	78 121	326 227	322 237	2 939 1 292	196 144	89 159	89 94	478 292	2 087 603
\$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 ta \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	743 447 543	316 246 308	26 32 37	124 89 142	60 61 45	73 42 71	33 22 13	427 201 235	60 29 -	101 61 122	35 24 19	182 65 61	49 22 33
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	262 123 31	182 106 31	13 7	32 14	43 35 12	88 50 13	6	80 17	-	48	-	26	6
\$50,000 or more	\$5 646 \$7 654	\$8 366 \$9 971	\$7 568 \$8 648	\$10 766 \$11 566	\$11 187 \$12 355	\$7 939 \$10 440	\$4 979 \$6 584	\$4 632 \$6 278	\$5 482 \$6 106	\$11 139 \$11 180	\$7 813 \$7 479	\$6 737 \$7 681	\$4 041 \$4 605
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units	8 187	3 069	374	719	455	890	631	5 118	429	588	252	1 076	2 773
Less than \$100 \$100 ta \$149 \$150 ta \$199	1 997 857 1 178	256 452 576	64 48	64 108	12 66 108	77 155 228	167 103 84	1 741 405 602	9 34 110	25 27 31	13 11 67	194 105 160	1 500 228 234
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	1 706 768 993	699 358 419	95 60 63	223 113 135	87 46 89	170 91 84	124 48 48	1 007 410 574	159 39 50	164 120 158	79 19 36	266 91 165	339 141 165
\$350 ta \$399 \$400 to \$499	338 156	156 83	16 13	29 36	27 15	50 13	34 6	182 73	6 11	36 16	27	54 17	59 29
\$500 or more No cash rent Medion	24 170 \$199	10 60 \$213	15 \$230	11 \$238	5 \$219	7 15 \$196	3 14 \$175	14 110 \$183	11 - \$215	11 \$274	- \$225	3 21 \$213	78 \$89
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median gross rent as percentage of household income in 1979	29.6	28.2	32.9	27.6	25.0	26.4	29.6	30.6	50 +	27.5	34.3	32.2	28.4
Percent below poverty level	1 688 20.4	477 15.5	82 21.9	45 6.2	65 14.3	211 23.7	74 11.6	1 211 23.3	145 33.8	72 12.2	66 25.3	247 22.2	681 24.3

Table A=12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

The SMSA	Total	Less thon 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months	The SMSA	Total	Less thon 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months
Vocant for sale only housing units	220	54	73	93	Vacant for rent housing units	1 261	564	485	212
ROOMS					ROOMS				
1 to 3 rooms	20 43 34 77 21 25 5.7	11 - 4 22 - 17 6.0	9 33 28 3 - - 4.3	10 2 52 21 8 6.2	1 room 2 rooms 3 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 7 or more rooms Medion	110 142 211 398 268 112 20 3.9	50 62 96 181 109 46 20 3.9	42 71 100 134 91 47 - 3.7	18 9 15 83 68 19 -
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use	220	54	73	93	PLUMBING FACILITIES				
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	-	-	-	-	Complete plumbing for exclusive useLocking complete plumbing for exclusive use	1 134 127	516 48	434 51	184 28
BEDROOMS None	_	_	_	_	BEDROOMS				
1	19 86 83 24 8	6 5 26 17 -	13 55 5 - -	26 52 7 8	None	110 428 491 220 5	50 198 240 64 5	42 201 147 95	18 29 104 61
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT					5 or more	7	7	-	-
1975 to Morch 1980	51 5 14 16 24 110	25 - - 7 22	26 5 - 11 10 21	- 14 5 7 67	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980	38 134 81 89 99 820	3 106 54 47 35 319	35 28 5 33 43 341	- 22 9 21 160
1, detached or ottoched	134	38	42	54	UNITS IN STRUCTURE				
2 or more Mobile home or troiler	86 –	16	31	39	1, detoched or ottoched	113 174	61 75	36 72	16 27
HEATING EQUIPMENT Central heating system	218	54	73	91	3 ond 4 5 to 9	297 255	101 123	107 96	89 36
Other meansNone	2 -	-	-	2	10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or trailer	331 91 -	166 38	130 44 –	35 9 -
PRICE ASKED					RENT ASKED				
\$pecified vacant for sale only housing units Less than \$10,000	101 13 18 16 29	38 - - - - 13	16 - - 11 5	47 	Specified vocant for rent housing units Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	1 252 100 184 321 331	555 40 88 39 188	485 47 65 200 73	212 13 31 82 70
\$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999	10	10	-	-	\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$399	145 98	91 71	49 16	5
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 or more	_ 15	15	-	-	\$400 or more	73 \$203	38 \$232	35 \$183	\$183
Medion	\$40 700	\$53 000	\$35 000	\$26 200					

Table A — 13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	Doid ofe estill	dies nosen c	on o somple	inouis, see ii	iroduction. Fo	deminions (JI ICIIII3, 3C	e oppendixe:	2 M Ollg D1					
		Price osked	- Specified	vocant for s	ale only hav	sing units			Rent aske	d — Specified	l vocont for	rent housing	units	
The SMSA	Total	Less thon \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 or more	Medion (dollars)	Total	Less thon \$100	\$100 to \$199	\$200 to \$299	\$300 to \$399	\$400 or more	Median (dollors)
Total	101	-	31	45	10	15	40 700	1 252	100	505	476	98	73	203
PLUMBING FACILITIES														
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	101	Ξ	31	45 -	10	15	40 700	1 125 127	66 34	431 74	457 19	98 -	73 _	210 127
BEDROOMS														
None	- 6 27 44 24	- - - - -	- 11 13 7 -	- 6 16 21 2	10	- - - 15	42 500 31 000 42 400 105 000	110 428 482 220 5 7	8 47 40 5 	102 132 174 97 -	234 160 75 7	10 62 26 -	- 5 46 17 5 -	143 211 213 205 450 222
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980	25 5 14 16 - 41	-	- 11 - 20	5 3 16 -	10 - - - -	15 - - - - -	104 200 42 500 26 100 33 100 40 100	38 134 81 80 99 820	- 21 5 16 - 58	4 - 9 35 65 392	5 40 47 24 34 326	9 42 18 - - 29	20 31 2 5 -	420 321 249 108 183 187
UNITS IN STRUCTURE														
1, detached or attached 2 or more Mobile home or trailer	101	:::	31	45 	10	15 	40 700	104 1 148 -	5 95 -	22 483 —	50 426 -	5 93 -	22 51 -	242 198 —

Table B-1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Ooto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Brockton city	Total	Less thon \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$39,999	\$40,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$59,999	\$60,000 to \$79,999	\$80,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 to \$149,999	\$150,000 or more	Medion (dollars)	Mean (dollors)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	13 988	16	266	2 183	5 407	3 977	1 301	651	128	45	14	38 400	40 000
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Morried-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over 65 years and over 65 years and over	10 825 194 2 529 2 680 4 284 1 138 908 52 165 76 327 288 2 255 34 280 415 655 871	16 5 - 11 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	149 - 22 111 56 60 40 13 27 77 77 - 4 16 57 65.9	1 419 28 177 227 700 287 218 8 17 14 85 94 546 555	4 179 111 1 135 1 034 1 509 390 349 31 63 32 106 117 879 14 153 165 272 275 44.7	3 294 50 849 949 1 208 238 209 1 3 62 23 79 32 474 72 130 190 43.8	1 048 256 276 422 94 77 7 29 18 176 — 22 32 55 67 46.6	541 90 134 256 61 15 - 95 - 32 25 38 48.1	120 	45 - - 5 35 5 - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	14 	39 200 35 900 39 500 40 600 39 000 34 700 35 800 32 900 40 400 37 200 31 900 37 200 31 900 36 400 36 400 36 400 36 400 37 200 38 400 38 400 38 400 38 400	41 000 35 800 40 700 42 400 41 500 36 800 35 900 33 700 40 400 38 500 37 300 31 500 36 800 29 900 38 700 38 100 37 100 35 700
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or eorlier	1 065 2 871 2 808 4 150 3 094	- 7 - 9	10 12 26 80 138	75 235 324 707 842	453 1 248 1 140 1 512 1 054	327 925 868 1 169 688	116 287 261 444 193	60 137 136 185 133	15 27 19 43 24	9 - 13 10 13	- 14 - -	39 900 39 500 39 200 38 400 35 100	42 400 41 100 41 600 40 000 36 600
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 7 rooms 8 or more rooms Medion	74 622 3 221 4 908 3 220 1 943 6.1	5 - 11 - 5.8	14 55 77 89 17 14 5.3	39 252 789 610 360 133 5.5	14 195 1 533 2 188 1 118 359 5.9	7 59 657 1 598 1 078 578 6.3	50 123 297 443 388 6.9	- 6 36 91 180 338 7.6	- 6 15 24 83 8.3	- - - 9 - 36 8.5+	- - - - 14 8.5+	24 400 29 900 35 000 38 000 41 000 48 300	26 700 30 900 35 300 38 400 41 900 51 600
BEDROOMS None	320 2 477 8 938 1 936 317	- 5 11 - -	- 46 120 84 10 6	108 623 1 150 240 62	93 990 3 652 606 66	- 42 526 2 771 539 99	25 136 846 263 31	- 6 57 384 169 35	- 11 40 77 -	- 9 - 23 13	- - - - 9 5	30 400 34 500 38 900 42 000 42 700	31 200 35 700 40 000 45 600 48 300
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	444 1 340 4 199 2 855 1 028 4 122	- - - 9 - 7	- 15 40 43 168	11 69 308 481 235 1 079	94 547 1 509 1 221 437 1 599	158 456 1 522 766 209 866	73 196 540 184 71 237	90 54 258 90 28 131	18 4 42 50 -	- 5 14 5 21	14 ! - - - -	47 000 41 100 41 500 37 300 35 400 34 100	50 400 44 100 42 800 39 200 36 300 36 100
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less thon \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	732 1 329 780 875 2 222 2 480 3 319 1 707 544 \$21 963 \$23 645	77 55 	70 78 38 8 28 32 4 8 - \$8 750 \$11 264	219 313 222 207 347 368 300 142 65 \$16 463 \$18 898	257 529 297 460 965 1 035 1 265 506 93 \$20 892 \$21 608	121 284 154 133 660 714 1 151 639 121 \$24 400 \$25 217	44 100 39 53 158 203 389 243 72 \$26 037 \$27 736	21 7 25 14 59 128 150 140 107 \$28 984 \$35 177	- 11 - - 47 24 46 \$36 538 \$49 233	- - - 5 - 9 5 26 \$54 413 \$62 898		33 000 34 700 33 500 34 600 37 300 38 000 40 600 43 200 49 400	33 600 35 100 34 900 35 400 38 300 39 300 42 100 44 500 57 700
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage Less thon 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 30 to 34 percent 33 percent or more Not computed Medion Not mortgaged Less thon 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 10 to 34 percent 15 to 19 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Medion Not mortgaged Less thon 10 percent	11 006 1 765 2 205 1 956 1 701 837 2 503 39 23.9 2 982 380 625 517 316 291 126 716 11	11 4 - - - 7 50+ 5 - - - - 12.5	107 9 18 20 10 50 - 28.2 159 8 20 6 15 18 72 - 32.9	1 382 232 250 165 196 85 434 20 25.9 801 77 112 155 135 102 25 195	4 429 638 809 745; 773 380 1 072 12 25.1 978 172 166 179 88 85 29 248 11 19.1	3 399 555 771 687 508 280 591 7 22.7 578 48 166 107 55 43 114	1 022 197 199 209 130 81 206 - 22.8 279 32 83 27 24 34 6 73 -	502 92 121 99 62 11 117 21.9 149 33 362 200 8 8 10 5	104 20 24 17 22 - 21 - 22.4 24 10 11 - - - 3	36 18 8 5 - - 5 - 12.0 9 - - - 9	21.1	39 000 40 000 40 300 40 500 38 300 36 900 27 400 35 400 35 400 34 500 33 100 32 600 35 900 34 000 37 500 37 500	40 800 42 100 41 900 42 200 40 100 39 500 38 700 32 200 37 000 41 800 36 700 34 500 34 500 34 600 35 500 36 200 37 500
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Heating equipment Centrol heating system Air conditioning Centrol system Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	13 966 452 22 13 988 13 325 6 843 620 669 4.8	16 16 16 5 -	259 4 7 266 229 75 30 11.3	2 176 145 7 2 183 2 064 765 19 174 8.0	5 407 200 - 5 407 5 174 2 586 94 272 5.0	3 969 93 8 3 977 3 783 2 107 179 128 3.2	1 301 4 - 1 301 1 233 719 116 55 4.2	651 6 651 639 458 139 10	128 - - 128 128 91 54	45 - - 45 45 32 14 -	14 14 14 5 5	38 400 34 900 21 400 - 38 400 40 000 51 000 35 300	40 000 34 700 27 400 40 000 40 100 42 000 57 000 35 500

Table B-2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Brockton city	Total	Less than \$100	\$100 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 or more	No cash rent	Medion (dollars)
Specified renter-occupied housing units	15 240	1 914	1 010	1 716	3 329	2 768	2 308	1 169	618	119	289	243
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	4 892	117	158	378	1 093	1 160	947	476	378	56	129	977
Married-couple families	658	16	6	62 98	161	252 455	96 426	41 176	33	7	26	277 268 293
35 to 44 years	666	16 45	12 28	38 88	137 232	160 182	146 201	68 140	55 138	14	20 20 40	289 290
45 to 64 years	849 3 309	40 215	97 415	92 577	296 763	111	78 431	51 219	41 95	18	43 56	233 225
Male householder, no wife present	534	213	42	55	135 198	113	78	58	26	15	12	261
25 to 34 years	886 461	6	67 61	114	94	213 64	165 93	74 22 32	40 9	-	5	264 225
45 to 64 years65 years and over	852 576	65 135	151 94	213 88	205	82 48	73 22	33	20	3	11 22	199 176
Female householder, no husband present	7 039 1 016	1 582 53	437 46	7 61 158	1 473 322	1 088 169	930 186	474 53	145 18	45 1]	104	225 240
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	1 412 910	122 73	33 46	77 119	318 179	343 236	316 108	121 95	60 17	20	16 17	270 255
45 to 64 years65 years and over	1 365 2 336	198 1 136	109 203	191 216	327 327	168 172	187 133	127 78	37 13	8 -	13 58	229 101
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	41.9	71.0	59.2	46.6	40.2	32.7	33.6	37.8	37.1	38.0	57.6	
1979 to March 1980	5 276	301	348 293	562 494	1 142	1 083	977	476	293	55	39	262
1975 to 1978	5 286 2 872	534 842	229	341	1 144 568	1 124 342	856 311	530 147	218 55	38 13	55 24	256 201
1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	1 006 800	202 35	92 48	151 168	249 226	131 88	106 58	12	23 29	6 7	42 129	207 219
ROOMS	472	32	271	116	20	0	_	15		9		134
7 room 2 rooms 3 rooms	1 751 3 478	850 640	194 257	246 537	268 1 030	77 419	78 444	13	15	7	10	104 104 212
3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms	4 302 3 847	189 164	179 77	441 289	1 164 700	886 1 071	748 759	426 465	185 245	4 23	80 54	257 280
6 rooms	1 054	33	19 13	80	127 20	255 51	229 50	102	116 53	25 58	68	296 339
7 or more rooms Median	336 3.9	2.6	2.7	3.4	3.8	4.5	4.3	4.5	4.9	6.4	5.3	
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979												
All income levels in 1979	15 240	1 914 1 857	1 010	1 716	3 329 3 219	2 768	2 308	1 169	618	119	289	243
Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	14 619 8 762	1 577	745 497	1 635	1 975	2 749 1 362	2 258 1 161	1 146 551	606 271	119 52	285 190	246 227
0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	5 403 402	268 12	234	469 40	1 173 57	1 294 88	996 87	516 74	297 38	61	95 -	269 299
1.5) or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	52 621	57	265 265	81	14	5 19	14 50	5 23	12	6 -	4	295 143
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	212 384	37 20	43 214	35 46	65 45	13	13 20	23	6	-	4	186 133
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	25 -	_	8 -	_	-	_	17 -	-	_	_	-	313
Income in 1979 below poverty level Complete plumbing for exclusive use	3 446 3 224	705 686	240 144	428 376	640 606	6 77 677	467 446	156 156	72 72	17 11	50 50	229 235
1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	187 222	6	11 96	22 52	39 34	36	45 21	21	7	_	-	286 138
1.01 or more persons per room	20	-	8	-	-	-	12	-	-	-	-	308
BEDROOMS None	526	39	271	140	43	9	_	15	_	9	_	138
1	5 836 6 092	1 483 217	509 151	850 574	1 475 1 537	609 1 364	579 1 090	246 652	35 385	9	41 107	202 268
3 4	2 435 311	164	52 19	130 22	247 27	725 56	592 47	232 24	148 50	45 34	100 27	289 314
5 or more	40	6	8	-	-	5	-	-	-	7	14	118
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached	884	70	25	54	166	99	112	57	93	79	129	275
3 and 4	2 378 4 513	60 194	74 203	296 601	580 1 039	599 1 239	382 754	190 300	112 125	5 6	80 52	262 258
5 to 9 10 to 49	2 573 2 927	373 175	159 286	397 296	876 510	498 307	156 706	75 377	30 225	26	9 19	223 282
50 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc	1 930 35	1 035 7	251 12	66	148 10	26 -	198	170	33	3 -	-	92 109
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT	50.4	3.40	(0	(0	105	53	7/	2.7	2.4	12	5	213
1975 to Morch 1980	594 2 823	143 906	60 186	60 73	125 439	51 196	76 428	37 328	24 245	13 . 7	15	211 234 259
1960 to 1969	1 797 808	521 102	85 32	43 57	192 147	194 148	394 189	228 59	78 37	27 13	35 24	270
1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	1 446 7 772	101 141	87 560	148 1 335	343 2 083	417 1 762	181 1 040	79 438	49 185	29 30	12 198	254 242
STORIES IN STRUCTURE	13 210	930	743	1 577	3 177	2 680	2 098	990	607	119	289	251
4 or more	2 030 1 655	984 975	267 185	139	152	88	210 195	179	11		-	109
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD	. 000	7.5	100	00	7,	J	.,,	10.				
INCOME IN 1979 Less than 15 percent	1 657	290	95	331	419	263	162	64	31	2		216
15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent	2 140 2 639	269 720	188 229	261 175	450 470	376 373	321 402	184 163	80 96	11 11		241 221
25 to 29 percent	1 873 1 257	264 119	114 107	186 87	453 249	313 238	248 260	183 117	94 61	18 19		242 259
35 to 49 percent50 percent or more	1 958 3 203	108 108	183 71	187 460	440 807	421 735	300 583	211 247	88 158	20 34		261 261
Not computed Median	513 27.5	36 22.6	23 24.6	29 27.1	41 28.4	49 30.7	32 30.1	29.7	10 30.2	4 34.1	289	230
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS												
Heating equipment Central heating system	15 225 13 331	1 914 1 848	1 010 861	1 701	3 329 2 790	2 768 2 354	2 308 2 142	1 169 1 085	618	119 104	289 263	243 246
Air conditioning Central system	4 917 1 469	491 64	177 25	319 17	793 37	677 112	1 252 527	719 389	358 267	53 28	78 3	297 345
			- 1									

Table B-3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	Household income in 1979												
Brockton city				\$10,000	\$12,500	\$15,000	\$20,000	\$25,000	\$35,000	1			Income in 1979 below
,	Total	Less thon \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	to \$12,499	to \$14,999	to \$19,999	to \$24,999	\$34,999	to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Mean (dollors)	poverty level
Owner-occupied housing units	17 330	1 065	1 843	988	1 171	2 762	3 022	3 938	1 910	631	21 300	22 818	922
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER													
Married-couple families	13 040 271	248 6	814 17	634 5	766 35	2 216 91	2 605 46	3 473 59	1 714	570 6	23 450 18 972	25 437 20 993	375
25 to 34 years	2 966 3 096	85 43	92 98	127 125	138 129	682 470	733 708	930 958	152 469	27 96	21 973 24 821	22 459 26 050	133 96
45 to 64 years65 years ond over	5 194 1 513	78 36	189 418	209 168	265 199	711 262	915 203	1 367 159	1 040 47	420 21	26 292 14 190	29 323 17 480	116 24
Male householder, no wife present	1 328 64	203	210 8	102	1 01 19	227 16	181	191 7	87 6	26 -	15 851 14 605	17 717 16 238	89
25 to 34 years	249 105	21	20 7	17 17	34	77 20	39 40	21 12	20	- 9	17 138 21 062	17 731 24 721	21
45 to 64 years65 years and over	465 445	48 126	75 100	42 26	10 38	65 49	69 33	116 35	23 38	17	18 897 9 757	20 082 13 797	28 32
Female householder, no husband present	2 962 47	614 15	819 14	252 7	304 7	319	236	274	109 4	35	10 476 8 281	13 574 9 644	458 15
25 to 34 years	305 516	83 44	110 76	32 62	11 92	23 84	19 31	24 B9	3 24	14	8 015 14 565	10 303 17 671	122 88 88
45 to 64 years65 years and over	895 1 199	96 376	146 473	76 75	95 99	148 64	121 65	129 32	63 15	21	16 003 7 141	18 341 9 239	88 145
Median age	48.1	65.2	66.3	52.4	52.6	43.3	43.6	43.6	48.6	52.3	• • •	•••	43.4
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	1 433	32	108	79	81	325	295	384	103	26	21 084	23 182	38
1975 to 1978	3 512 3 202	169 205	227 214	130 169	235 184	667 535	684 707	939 785	359 311	102 92	22 092 21 889	23 608 22 850	238 247
1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	4 781 4 402	207 452	419 875	275 335	279 392	711 524	745 591	1 200 630	758 379	187 224	23 211 16 294	24 583 20 130	172
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	7 702	-102	010	000	0,7	527	7/1	030	3,,	227	10 274	13 130	227
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	17 251 575	1 053	1 811	988	1 171 30	2 751 82	3 010	3 926	1 910	631 37	21 330 26 109	22 858	917
1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	79	11	23 32	11	30	11	103 12	164 12	114	-	9 437	28 128 14 009	38 5
1.01 or more persons per room	17 330	1 065	1 843	988	1 171	2 762	3 022	3 938	1 910	631	28 750 21 300	28 825 22 818	922
Central heating system	16 449 8 257 726	941 316	1 745 715	942 431	1 140 568	2 618 1 338	2 863 1 439	3 748 2 009	1 843 1 088	609 353	21 392 22 531	22 969 24 442	854 368
Centrol system Vehicles available	16 474	41 749	1 515	36 938	34 1 111 705	132 2 718	82 2 985	3 917	120 1 910	96 631	24 783 21 903	31 950 23 582	764
2 or more	6 689 9 785	585 164	1 142 373	589 349 988	695 416	1 275	1 114	949 2 968	256 1 654	84 547	16 297 25 654	17 623 27 656	498 266
House heating fuel Utility gos	17 330 4 740	1 065 289	1 843 389	311	1 171 261	2 762 816	3 022 896	3 938 1 195	1 910 468	631 115	21 300 21 352	22 818 22 191	922 292
Bottled, tonk, or LP gos	18 501	7 29	29	,1]	5 47	67	45	148	67	58	13 500 26 023	17 304 28 297	22
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	11 834 237 6.0	730 10 5.4	1 419	666 5.7	852 6 5.8	1 813 66 5.8	2 031 50 5.9	2 544 51	1 343	436 22	21 111 22 007	22 772 26 528	598 10 5.8
Median rooms Specified owner-occupied housing units	13 988	732	5.4 1 329	780	875	2 222	2 480	6.2 3 319	6.5	7.1 544	21 963	23 645	669
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY	,0 ,00		. 027		0.0		2 400	0 017		•	21 700	25 045	307
OWNER COSTS	11 006	430	745	500	615	1 869	2 075	2 887	1 480	405	22 969	24 409	543
With a mortgage Less than \$200 \$200 to \$249	46 149	5 17	6 49	12 22	615 - 9	9 21	2 075	10	4 8	405 - 12	15 000 10 966	16 946 16 595	11
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	574 1 377	51 80	75 151	31 85	41 103	94 259	98 277	67 235	67 141	50 46	19 297 20 104	24 066 21 567	20 17 86
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	1 986 3 634	62 121	85 209	101 173	105 105 239	408 600	305 749	565 1 038	332 422	23 83	23 294 22 666	24 203 23 865	80 170
\$500 to \$599	2 202 831	66 15	126	50 11	65 53	293 164	488 128	730 195	318 146	66 75	25 049 24 033	25 441 28 485	125
\$600 to \$749 \$750 or more Medion	207	13 \$400	44 *402	15	_	21	19	47	42	50 \$479	28 523	35 753	13
Not mortgaged	\$432 2 982	302	\$403 584	\$400 280	\$415 260	\$425 353	\$438 405	\$445 432	\$438 227	139	15 985	20 826	\$428 126
Less than \$50	13	_	- 8	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	_	<u>-</u> 5	_	9 531	24 291	-
\$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124	43	19	14	5	_	_	_	5	Ξ	_	6 042	9 118	-
\$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	19 348	108	14 78	5 37	30	28	21	12	14	20	8 594 8 571	8 805 14 132	47
\$200 to \$249 \$250 or more	868 1 691	87 88	226 244	113 120	78 152	136 189	77 307	108 307	30 178	13 106	12 756 21 050	16 101 25 035	15 64
Medion	\$250+	\$214	\$239	\$241	\$250+	\$250+	\$250+	\$250+	\$250+	\$250+	• • •	• • •	\$250+
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD													
INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage	11 006	430	745	500	615	1 869	2 075	2 887	1 480	405	22 969	24 409	543
Less than 15 percent	1 765 2 205	-	-	- 6	- 4	19 73	44 399	446 1 240	910 441	346 42	39 653 28 992	42 281 30 244	-
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	1 956 1 701	5	6	23 21	34 117	319 586	673 614	776 342	116	9	24 379 20 765	24 858 20 946	12
30 to 34 percent	837 2 503	386	739	52 398	104 356	399 473	223 122	59 24	- 5	-	18 135 10 795	18 468 11 037	487
Not computed	39 23.9	39 50+	50+	43.3	36.5	29.5	24.4	19.0	13.9	10-	2500-	-	39 50+
Not mortgaged	2 982	302	584	280	260	353	405	432	227	139	15 985	20 826	126
Less than 10 percent	380 625	-	8	10	8	43	176	100 294	141 86	131 8	42 890 26 700	55 958 27 840	_
15 to 19 percent	517 316	-	16 12	12 67	73 113	188 97	190 27	38	_	Ξ	19 385 14 248	19 375 14 758	_
25 to 29 percent	291 126	6	67 76	147 18	51 15	19 6	7 5	-	_	Ξ	11 335 9 167	11 514 10 090	-
35 percent or moreNot computed	716 11	285 11	405	26	-	-	-	-	-	-	5 770 2500 <i>—</i>	5 777 -	115
Median	19.6	50+	40.9	26.7	22.2	18.6	15.7	12.0	10—	10-	•••	• • •	50+

Table B-4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

{Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8}

	Household income in 1979												
Brockton city	Total	Less than \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 fo \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Mean (dollars)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Renter-occupied housing units	15 625	4 534	3 901	1 662	1 165	2 088	1 187	835	210	43	9 193	11 168	3 554
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Maried-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Mole householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years ond over Female heuseholder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over 45 to 64 years 65 years ond over 45 to 64 years 65 years ond over Median age	5 002 663 1 655 670 1 142 872 3 334 534 900 461 855 584 7 289 1 028 1 492 965 1 442 2 362 41.8	302 37 133 22 45 65 871 113 93 94 275 296 3 361 509 445 318 470 1 619 59.4	1 075 173 196 109 194 403 883 101 246 93 235 208 1 943 281 444 307 369 542 45.0	664 124 194 108 125 113 306 60 108 46 67 25 692 81 196 113 244 58 37.1	532 86 169 88 92 97 293 79 8 53 41 22 340 59 105 33 109 34 34.3	1 168 159 488 167 252 102 403 82 155 68 78 20 517 44 180 86 119 88 34.2	666 71 251 114 186 44 259 53 62 46 98 62 46 98 68 61 86 15 37.2	431 - 181 60 179 11 270 36 133 48 40 13 134 17 47 33 31 6 35.2	132 13 43 - 39 37 38 5 5 13 15 - 40 5 7 14	32 	14 662 12 450 16 350 15 159 9 604 9 541 12 208 12 577 12 364 8 472 4 475 5 702 5 074 8 329 7 773 8 717 4 216	15 533 13 050 16 328 15 559 18 496 12 013 11 761 12 862 14 188 13 436 11 118 16 634 7 901 7 080 9 570 9 812 9 733 5 303	539 70 206 99 112 52 560 106 108 189 87 2 455 549 586 412 329 579 37.2
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980	5 362 5 477 2 944 1 042 800	1 435 1 418 1 127 290 264	1 387 1 269 767 295 183	707 566 227 84 78	426 469 176 49 45	659 810 400 129 90	440 474 119 81 73	236 372 110 76 41	48 99 14 29 20	24 - 4 9 6	9 532 10 227 6 978 8 596 8 837	10 986 11 976 9 491 12 196 11 689	1 366 1 211 645 182 150
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	14 999 8 947 5 585 415 52 626 217 384 25	4 234 3 168 1 044 22 - 300 87 213	3 722 2 275 1 292 145 10 179 70 97 12	1 603 887 673 35 8 59 20 31 8	1 139 658 433 48 - 26 13	2 043 975 959 97 12 45 15 30	1 175 525 610 35 5 12 7	830 372 419 33 6 5 5	210 81 123 - 6 - - -	43 6 32 5 - -	9 377 7 963 11 696 12 786 18 889 5 396 6 920 4 666 10 156	11 332 9 893 13 369 13 360 23 970 7 227 8 475 6 317 10 361	3 332 1 666 1 473 183 10 222 53 149 20
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	15 610 13 706 5 125 1 469 10 587 7 771 2 816 15 610 4 856 77 2 843 7 812 22 4.0	4 519 3 939 912 165 1 603 1 482 121 4 519 1 385 19 1 111 2 004 - 3.3	3 901 3 440 1 112 312 2 515 2 244 271 3 901 1 129 27 691 2 044 10 3.8	1 662 1 371 556 102 1 433 1 134 299 1 662 561 16 282 796 7	1 165 1 060 449 139 997 753 244 1 165 395 - 172 598 - 4.3	2 088 1 873 971 273 1 890 1 268 622 2 088 690 4 285 1 109 - 4.6	1 187 1 058 561 217 1 100 560 540 1 187 386 5 168 628	835 750 442 193 808 253 555 835 228 105 502 4.6	210 178 109 63 198 71 127 210 76 6 23 100 5	43 37 13 5 43 6 37 43 6 6 31 5.4	9 203 9 226 12 421 15 238 12 051 10 352 18 625 9 203 9 609 9 148 7 115 9 655 10 357	11 175 11 238 13 717 16 109 13 548 11 435 19 380 11 175 11 266 11 522 9 524 11 698 17 360	3 546 2 972 690 1 64 1 621 1 435 1 86 3 546 1 220 29 575 1 722 4.0
Specified renter-occupied housing units	15 240	4 440	3 783	1 632	1 129	2 035	1 155	813	210	43	9 193	11 163	3 446
CONTRACT RENT Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or mare No cash rent Median	2 430 2 163 3 832 3 218 1 681 1 052 405 167 3 289 \$185	1 761 611 1 050 606 226 83 33 4 - 66 \$132	450 723 1 051 820 344 204 69 59 - 63 \$182	87 232 499 464 192 98 22 - 38 \$197	14 100 285 365 219 108 19 - 3 16 \$223	67 265 483 519 360 204 77 17 - 43 \$216	36 122 246 243 198 188 59 53 - 10 \$232	15 85 161 171 111 126 81 27 - 36 \$239	25 54 24 20 41 39 - - 7 \$244	3 6 11 -6 7 -10 \$267	4 090 8 121 9 150 10 986 13 396 15 598 17 439 20 224 13 750 11 020	5 294 10 220 10 735 11 870 14 052 16 231 19 470 18 539 13 990 14 180	886 366 1 017 736 263 103 21 4 - 50 \$172
GROSS RENT Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$350 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more No cosh rent Median GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD	1 914 1 010 1 716 3 329 2 768 2 308 1 169 618 119 289 \$243	1 530 397 575 765 607 327 113 56 4 66 \$178	291 504 483 935 666 501 201 112 27 63 \$230	37 67 196 529 382 228 117 38 - 38 \$247	10 14 86 306 270 267 107 43 10 16 \$276	28 8 167 467 447 469 284 113 9 43 \$286	18 10 92 182 224 316 170 95 38 10 \$307	10 74 113 156 152 124 130 18 36 \$312	43 26 11 45 47 20 11 7	- - 6 5 3 6 11 2 10 \$371	3 894 6 102 7 992 9 803 10 726 13 418 15 609 16 685 20 720 11 020	4 551 6 565 10 332 10 810 11 753 13 920 16 052 17 968 20 478 14 180	705 240 428 640 677 467 156 72 11 50 \$229
NCOME IN 1979	1 657 2 140 2 639 1 873 1 257 1 958 3 203 513 27.5	39 161 695 297 206 377 2 375 290 50+	169 271 363 436 432 1 228 821 63 37.6	79 155 312 489 303 256 - 38 27.6	30 163 385 256 205 67 7 16 24.7	244 682 624 328 99 15 - 43 20.6	393 466 199 60 12 15 - 10 16.9	478 231 61 7 - - 36 13.7	192 11 - - - 7 10.3	33 - - - - 10 10	23 477 17 067 12 095 11 040 9 927 7 389 3 880 3 581	23 844 16 650 11 712 10 845 9 600 7 562 4 010 7 884	58 95 124 186 183 364 2 162 274 50+

Table B -5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	Brockton city	Total	Less than \$200	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 to \$599	\$600 to \$749	\$750 or more	Medion (dollors)
	Specified owner-occupied housing units	11 006	46	149	574	1 377	1 986	3 634	2 202	831	207	432
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 N	persons person per	548 2 226 2 261 2 935 1 663 860 333 180 3.66	15 11 - 14 6 - - - 2.23	44 50 11 16 15 13 - 2.11	71 185 175 61 23 43 9 7 7 2.68	160 408 232 262 190 68 42 15 3.02	100 414 396 503 320 178 42 33 3.67	100 670 710 1 151 514 296 138 55 3.79	44 324 518 633 406 173 64 40 3.84	6 121 187 236 158 67 32 24 3.93	8 43 32 59 31 22 6 6 3.85	345 406 439 443 450 436 443 450
N	OUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER iarried-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over de householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 64 years 65 years and over 65 years and over 65 years and over 75 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 64 years 65 years and over male householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years	9 081 184 2 473 2 599 3 433 392 555 52 148 56 214 85 1 370 34 264 392	26 - - 6 20 - 9 - - 9 - - 11	80 	414 33 59 240 82 58 - 14 11 33 102 - 15	1 055 11 85 315 555 89 103 8 18 20 40 17 219 19	1 619 40 256 514 745 64 102 11 17 7 67 265 8	3 074 65 1 032 904 987 86 159 33 41 4 66 15 401 7	1 952 58 781 539 544 	672 6 247 188 215 16 32 26 6 127 43	189 4 28 69 83 5 8 - 8 - 10	438 460 481 438 409 354 393 425 457 463 3992 284 407 345 447
N	45 to 64 years65 years and over	468 212 42.5	6 48.8	34 9 61.6	54 33 56.3	92 59 50.9	91 38 45.2	106 43 39.4	43 18 37.9	48 6 38.7	43.1	380 349
];]; []	EAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980	1 011 2 716 2 591 3 581 1 107	- 15 5 12 14	7 12 12 70 48	12 29 38 270 225	27 132 238 764 216	43 205 572 933 233	211 1 121 1 163 922 217	420 909 378 409 86	219 270 138 152 52	72 23 47 49 16	549 487 428 386 361
1 4 5 6 7 8	to 3 rooms redion rooms	38 307 2 431 4 020 2 636 1 574 6.2	18 28 - 5.7	5 33 47 24 36 4 5.3	8 33 256 197 36 44 5.5	6 67 365 658 206 75 5.9	7 54 435 800 521 169 6.1	12 94 773 1 304 931 520 6.2	- 19 421 724 643 395 6.4	- 7 111 246 224 243 6.7	- 5 39 39 124 8.0	350 369 409 420 452 494
1º 1º 1º	EAR STRUCTURE BUILT 175 to Morch 1980 170 to 1974 170 to 1960 to 1969 170 to 1969	430 1 270 3 813 2 138 654 2 701	- 6 25 6 9	- 21 43 26 59	9 6 162 190 28 179	121 488 291 102 375	23 183 779 374 127 500	96 551 1 243 675 182 887	205 249 752 388 122 486	81 120 287 139 56	16 40 75 13 5	542 444 430 420 418 423
\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	ALUE ss thon \$10,000	11 107 1 382 4 429 3 399 1 022 502 104 36 14 \$39 000	4 12 30 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	17 71 38 18 5 - -	16 177 276 72 20 - - 13 - \$32 700	34 314 655 306 57 6 - 5	- 17 270 883 664 115 28 9 - - \$37 900	7 15 327 1 630 1 164 375 103 13	- 8 171 683 901 260 172 7 \$42 000	40 224 235 155 130 47 - \$46 500	- - 10 39 35 63 28 18 14 \$65 100	411 330 372 417 449 483 566 673 550 750+
Le 1: 2: 2: 3: N	SECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 ss than 15 percent to 19 percent to 24 percent to 29 percent to 29 percent to 40 percent to computed edion	1 765 2 205 1 956 1 701 837 2 503 39 23.9	23 6 12 5 -	41 15 22 5 66 - 24.2	217 127 61 28 15 126	350 334 191 180 43 261 18	538 454 338 257 116 276 7 20.0	435 797 737 576 316 759 14 23.9	95 365 441 510 232 559 - 27.0	52 88 116 118 98 359 —	14 19 38 22 17 97 -	373 416 439 464 482 467 361
H	ELECTED CHARACTERISTICS parting equipment Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Other means reconditioning Central system 1 or more individual room units puse heating fuel Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other	11 006 6 422 3 259 304 502 519 5 476 474 5 002 11 006 3 381 5 352 7 072 196	46 37 9 - - 15 - 15 46 9 - 37	149 100 44 - 5 - 57 - 57 149 51 - 98	574 343 129 56 46 252 7 245 574 110	1 377 824 402 28 55 68 661 34 627 1 377 401 28 912 36	1 986 1 099 639 46 118 84 967 82 885 1 986 627 56 1 261	3 634 2 149 1 038 113 128 206 1 830 126 1 704 3 634 1 120 5 135 2 299 75	2 202 1 216 744 67 111 64 1 115 100 1 015 2 202 751 - 73 1 378	831 505 215 31 29 51 436 57 379 831 274 — 31 521	207 149 39 19 - 143 68 75 207 38 - 29 136 4	432 435 429 464 411 426 437 491 434 432 432 425 464 433 383

Table B -6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Brockton city	Tatal	Less thon \$50	\$50 to \$74	\$75 to \$99	\$100 to \$124	\$125 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 or more	Medion (dollors)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	2 982	-	13	-	43	19	348	868	1 691	250+
PERSONS IN UNIT	752				27	5	148	281	291	235
l person 2 persons	1 321	-	13	-	11	14	136	392	755	250+
3 persons 4 persons	435 246	_	_	_	5	_	38 20	119 26	273 200	250 + 250 +
5 persons	92		-	-	-	-	6	28	58	250+
6 persons 7 persons 7	87 35		_	_	_	_ [22	87 13	250 + 240
8 or more persons	14	-	2.00	-	1.20	1 00	1.00	_	14	250+
Median	2.06	-	2.00	- 1	1.30	1.82	1.69	1.89	2.23	• • • •
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER			_							
Married-couple families	1 744 10		5	_	16 10	14	141	454	1 114	250+ 113
25 to 34 years	56	-	5	-	_	- !	12	6	33	250+
35 to 44 years	81 851		_	_	_		52	155	78 644	250 + 250 +
65 years and over Male householder, no wife present	746 353		- 8	-	6	14	77 56	290 108	359 176	248 250
15 to 24 years	- 1	-	-	-	_	_	-	_	-	-
25 to 34 years	17 20	_	_	_	_	_	_	12	5 20	235 250+
45 to 64 years	113	-	8	-	-	5	25	36	39	226
65 years and over	203 885	_	_	_	27	_	31 151	60 306	112 401	250 + 243
15 to 24 years	16	-	_	_	_	-	- 9	-	- 7	194
25 to 34 years	23	_	_	_	-		-	_	23	250+
45 to 64 years65 years ond over	187 659	_	_	-	27	-	22 120	46 260	119 252	250 + 235
Median age	66.0	-	55.9	-	74.6	71.6	69.7	69.2	62.4	
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
1979 to Morch 1980	54	_	_	_	_	_	2	_	52	250+
1975 to 1978	155 217	-	13	-	6	-	13 35	41 63	82 119	250+
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	569	-		_ [7	5	78	157	322	250 + 250 +
1959 or eorlier	1 987	-	-	-	30	14	220	607	1 116	250+
ROOMS		1								
1 to 3 rooms	36 315	-]	-	-]	11	-	17	5 141	14	210 216
4 rooms5 rooms	790		5	_	13	13	101 96	299	62 364	245
6 rooms7	888 584		-		14	6	91 35	235 126	542 418	250+ 250+
8 or more rooms	369	-	8	_	_	_	8	62	291	250+
Median	5.9	-	8.5+	-	5.3	5.2	5.1	5.5	6.2	• • •
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1975 to Morch 1980	14 70		5	_	6	_	12	26	8 27	250+ 235
1960 to 1969	386	-	-	- :	-	5	27	81	273	250+
1950 to 1959	717 374	_	_	_	5	8	45 41	177 125	482 208	250+ 250+
1939 or earlier	1 421	-	8	-	32	6	223	459	693	248
VALUE										
Less than \$10,000	. 5	-	-	-	.5				, <u> </u>	113
\$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999	159 801	_			12	13	77 188	43 350	14 263	185 230
\$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999	978 578	- [13	_	5 15	6	53 30	328 106	586 414	250+ 250+
\$50,000 to \$59,999	279	-	13	-	_	_	- 30	29	250	250+
\$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999	149 24	-	_	-	6	_	_	12	131 24	250+ 250+
\$100,000 to \$149,999	9	-	-	-	_	-	_	-	9	250+
\$150,000 or more	\$35 200	_	\$42 500	_	\$39 500	\$19 300	\$24 100	\$31 100	\$39 700	
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS	,,,,		V V		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, , ,	,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	•••	
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979										
Less than 10 percent	380	-	13	-	5	_	46	115	201	250+
10 to 14 percent	625 517	-	-	_	5 8	5 8	51 40	126 174	438 287	250+ 250+
20 to 24 percent	316	-	-	-	6	_	31	69	210	250+
25 to 29 percent	291 126	_	_	_	- 6	6	29 12	103	153 61	250+ 248
35 percent or more	716	-	-	-	13	-	139	228	336	245
Not computed	11 : 19.6	-	10-	_	22.9	17.8	26.0	21.2	18.6	246
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
Heating equipment	2 982	_	13	_	43	19	348	868	1 691	250+
Steam or hot water system	2 228	-	5	-	12	14	231	686	1 280	250+
Centrol worm-air fumace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units	523 59	_	_	-	17	5 -	71 20	129 19	301 20	250+ 225
Floor, wolf, or pipeless furnoce Other means	28 144	-	- 8	-	_ 14	-	8 18	7 27	13 77	243 250+
Air conditioning	1 367	_	13	_	23	8	87	378	858	250+
Centrol system 1 or more individual room units	146 1 221	-	13	_	6	- 8	87	378	140 718	250+ 250+
House heating fuel	2 982	-	13	-	43	19	348	868	1 691	250+
Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gos	567 7	_	8	-	18	-	68	140	333 7	250 + 250 +
Electricity	59	-	- 5	-	25	19	20	19	20	225
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc Other	2 326 23	_	5	_	25	-	260 -	703	1 314 17	250+ 250+

Table B-7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. Far definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	Owner-occupied housing units						Renter-occupied hausing units							
Brockton city	Total	1975 ta March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier	Total	1975 to Morch 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier		
Occupied housing units	17 330	462	1 467	4 518	4 231	6 652	15 625	598	3 011	1 937	2 307	7 772		
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	13 040 271 2 966 3 096 5 194	406 6 203 88 109	1 263 25 482 539 184	3 771 59 757 1 170 1 585	3 175 73 743 453 1 434	4 425 108 781 846 1 882	5 002 663 1 655 670 1 142	236 7 23 9 85	957 115 236 94 254	507 57 184 73 104	694 153 286 95 87	2 608 331 926 399 612		
65 years and over	1 513 1 328 64 249 105 465 445	27 6 9 12	33 41 21 10	200 188 11 57 15 62 43	472 330 32 50 26 117 105	808 742 15 112 52 276 287	872 3 334 534 900 461 855 584	112 73 7 12 14 23 17	258 425 70 132 68 73 82	89 351 32 150 13 56	73 506 139 117 91 98 61	340 1 979 286 489 275 605 324		
Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Median age	2 962 47 305 516 895 1 199 48.1	29 - 16 7 - 6 34.6	163 49 51 48 15 37.0	559 7 108 161 177 106 44.4	726 19 76 102 277 252 51.7	1 485 21 56 195 393 820 54.5	7 289 1 028 1 492 965 1 442 2 362 41.8	289 34 34 - 69 152 64.2	1 629 50 342 128 251 858 56.2	1 079 115 173 112 208 471 49.6	1 107 302 253 174 213 165 33.3	3 185 527 690 551 701 716 39.5		
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	1 433 3 512 3 202 4 781 4 402	150 312 - -	156 374 937 - -	370 948 756 2 444	342 794 640 964 1 491	415 1 084 869 1 373 2 911	5 362 5 477 2 944 1 042 800	357 241 - - -	826 1 028 1 157 -	610 746 314 267	921 901 290 128 67	2 648 2 561 1 183 647 733		
ROOMS 1 room	11 28 128 1 296 4 538 5 601 5 728 6.0	- - 6 125 163 168 6.1	- 10 50 277 579 551 6.2	17 137 1 087 1 629 1 648 6.1	5 57 388 1 355 1 426 1 000 5.7	11 23 44 715 1 694 1 804 2 361 6.0	472 1 751 3 529 4 443 3 966 1 116 348 4.0	5 133 240 154 66 - - 3.2	-646 787 881 530 147 20 3.6	15 330 572 499 354 103 64 3.6	24 122 672 643 581 192 73 4.0	428 520 1 258 2 266 2 435 674 191 4.2		
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less. 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less. 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	17 251 9 324 7 352 543 32 79 57 15	462 175 281 6 - - - -	1 467 561 859 47 - - -	4 518 2 175 2 211 123 9 - - -	4 219 2 333 1 734 139 13 12 7	6 585 4 080 2 267 228 10 67 50 10	14 999 8 947 5 585 415 52 626 217 384 25	577 376 194 7 - 21 12 9	2 992 2 029 917 46 - 19 6 13	1 917 1 231 625 54 7 20 20	2 206 1 206 911 79 10 101 51 45	7 307 4 105 2 938 229 35 465 128 317 20		
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person 2 persons 3 persons 4 persons 5 persons 6 or more persons Medion Total persons	1 930 4 650 3 267 3 660 2 104 1 719 3.14 58 427	16 82 112 144 80 28 3.65	60 183 270 499 310 145 3.94 5 655	240 1 014 963 1 136 662 503 3.54	436 1 328 835 856 427 349 2.92	1 178 2 043 1 087 1 025 625 694 2.60 21 180	6 219 4 246 2 355 1 509 764 532 1.88	288 230 64 9 - 7 1.55	1 449 779 443 228 81 31 1.57	879 485 272 133 106 62 1.68	770 680 370 230 155 102 2.06 5 656	2 833 2 072 1 206 909 422 330 2.01		
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2	14 725 1 535 896 117 23 23	462 - - - -	1 419 7 17 7 - 17	4 437 24 26 20 -	4 007 147 54 23 -	4 400 1 357 799 67 23 6	1 269 2 378 4 513 2 573 2 927 1 930 35	29 67 12 49 238 203	323 139 65 306 878 1 281	375 81 105 332 745 299	244 371 946 478 211 57	298 1 720 3 385 1 408 855 90		
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Steam or hot water system Centrol worm-oir furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Other means Air conditioning Centrol system I or more individual room units House heating fuel. Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity Fuel ail, kerosene, etc.	17 330 11 128 4 328 433 560 881 8 257 726 7 531 17 330 4 740 18 501	462 194 224 15 - 29 244 51 193 462 175 - 25 249	1 467 404 908 101 12 42 785 111 674 1 467 996 - 133 332	4 518 2 139 1 637 161 324 257 2 571 272 2 299 4 518 1 581 5 179 2 679	4 231 3 119 654 86 182 190 2 013 188 1 825 4 231 679 7 90 3 412	6 652 5 272 905 70 42 363 2 644 104 2 540 6 652 1 309 6 74 5 162	15 610 8 021 3 454 2 025 206 1 904 5 125 1 469 3 656 15 610 4 856 77 2 843 7 812	598 169 203 146 14 66 448 148 300 598 139 5 255	3 011 466 1 038 1 405 41 61 1 853 723 1 130 3 011 700 5 1 855	1 937 613 904 286 44 90 989 493 496 1 937 833 11 487 606	2 307 1 406 391 93 60 357 491 59 432 2 307 783 11 114 1 399	7 757 5 367 918 95 47 1 330 1 344 46 1 298 7 757 2 401 45 132 5 169		
Other Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level Process thon \$5,000 Percent below poverty level Process thon \$5,000 Percent Brown \$5,000 Percent Brown \$5,000 Percent Brown	237 922 5.3	13 23 5.0	6 92 6.3	74 209 4.6	43 184 4.3	5 162 101 414 6.2	22 3 554 22.7	194 5 106 17.7	7 568 18.9	353 18.2	581 25.2	10 1 946 25.0		
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more Median	1 843 988 1 171 2 762 3 022 3 938 1 910 631 \$21 300 \$22 818	13 14 6 83 97 155 67 6 \$24 844 \$25 281	52 69 90 251 376 312 202 31 \$22 441 \$23 727	274 253 186 699 803 1 341 658 128 \$24 021 \$24 938	525 217 290 691 654 952 470 209 \$21 148 \$23 287	9779 435 599 1 038 1 092 1 178 513 257 \$18 488 \$20 708	3 901 1 662 1 165 2 088 1 187 835 210 43 \$9 193 \$11 168	215 68 21 41 34 20 31 - \$8 397 \$10 893	627 265 195 378 256 191 34 15 \$8 566 \$11 011	416 173 193 270 136 106 20 2 \$9 185 \$11 154	\$89 328 131 386 179 102 26 \$9 986 \$11 331	2 054 828 625 1 013 582 416 99 26 \$9 268 \$11 205		

Table B-8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	C	wner-occupied h	ousing units				Re	nter-occupied	housing units			
Brockton city	Total	l unit, detoched or ottoched	2 or more units	Mobile home or trailer, etc.	Total	l unit, detached or attached	2 units	3 ond 4 units	5 to 9 units	10 to 49 units	50 or more units	Mobile home or trailer, etc.
Occupied housing units Condominium housing units	17 330 81	14 725 49	2 594 32	11	15 625 101	1 269 22	2 378 13	4 513	2 573 36	2 927 19	1 930 11	35
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	13 040	11 374	1 661	5	5 002	\$47	1 085	1 662	600	790	318	-
15 to 24 years	271 2 966	204 2 625	67 336	5	663 1 655	30 194	134 396	238 599	135 166	80 249	46 51	-
35 to 44 years	3 096 5 194	2 792 4 541	304 653	-	670 1 142	68 133	152 218	256 385	90 125	79 206	25 75	_
65 years and over	1 513 1 328	1 212 965	301 363	-	872 3 334	122 134	185 317	184 841	84 635	176 1 049	121 358	
15 to 24 years	64	52	12	-	534	14	61	180	126	128	25	-1
25 to 34 years	249 105	165 80	84 25	_	900 461	29 4	112 66	268 102	153 122	283 125	55 42	
45 to 64 years 65 years and over	465 445	350 318	115 127	_	855 584	35 52	54 24	153 138	138 96	387 126	88 148	-
Female householder, no husband present	2 962 47	2 386 34	5 70	6	7 289 1 028	588 42	976 100	2 010 439	1 338 265	1 088	1 254 43	35
15 to 24 years	305	280	25		1 492	154	199	528	242	291	68	10
35 to 44 years	516 895	448 720	62 175	6 -	965 1 442	147 160	121 278	328 371	241 195	84 264	44 174	-
65 years ond over	1 199 48.1	904 47.2	295 55.4	35.4	2 362 41.8	85 42.7	278 39.4	344 35.1	395 38.7	310 45.1	925 69.3	25 70.4
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT												
1979 to Morch 1980	1 433 3 512	1 150 3 037	283 470	5	5 362 5 477	307 559	656 861	1 539	1 075 813	1 176	609 457	13
1970 to 1974	3 202 4 781	2 912 4 333	290 442	6	2 944 1 042	159 142	434 203	691 364	414 199	416 78	808 56	22
1959 or earlierROOMS	4 402	3 293	1 109	_	800	102	224	356	72	46	-	-
] room	11 28	-	11 28	-	472 1 751	10	9 49	27	73	279	84	-
2 rooms 3 rooms	128	74	54	-	3 529	131	233	629	388 901	351 860	824 750	25
4 rooms5 rooms	1 296 4 538	673 3 381	623 1 157	_	4 443 3 966	338 285	847 919	1 345	761 387	975 411	177 65	10
6 rooms7 or more rooms	5 601 5 728	5 185 5 412	411 310	5	1 116 348	300 205	252 69	443 51	54	37 14	30	-
Medion	6.0	6.1	5.0	6.6	4.0	5.0	4.6	4.6	3.4	3.5	2.6	3.2
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	17 251	14 703	2 537	11	14 999	1 264	2 335	4 372	2 511	2 651	1 831	35
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	9 324 7 352	7 746 6 495	1 572 852	6	8 947 5 585	679 548	1 310 913	2 306 1 898	1 468 965	1 731 864	1 428 387	25 10
1.01 to 1.50	543 32	452 10	91 22	-	415 52	37	92 20	154	70	46 10	16	-
1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	79	22	57	-	626	5	43	141	62	276	99	-
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	57 15	22	35 15	_	217 384	5 -	23 20	71 53	26 36	67 201	25 74	-
1.01 to 1.50	7	_	7	-	25		-	17	_	8	_	-
BEDROOMS	01				50/		•	00	05	005	00	
None	21 611	326	21 285	-	526 5 932	264	9 462	39 977	95 1 326	285 1 337	98 1 541	25
23	3 988 10 117	2 620 9 401	1 368 705	11	6 248 2 542	383 432	1 319 564	2 169 1 192	939 195	1 199 97	239 52	10
4 5 or more	2 160 433	2 031 347	129 86	_	337 40	173 17	24	127	9	4 5	_	-
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979								, ,,,,,	,			
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999	1 065 1 843	816 1 386	249 457	-	4 534 3 901	275 295	463 521	1 198	892 678	582 852	1 099 420	25 10
\$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999	988 1 171	810 929	172 242	6	1 662 1 165	185 122	251 194	557 335	256 218	333 230	80 66	-
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	2 762 3 022	2 335 2 585	427 437	-	2 088 1 187	162 131	470 227	680 346	254 148	413 253	109 82	
\$25,000 to \$34,999	3 938	3 518	415	5	835	69	182	236	97	201	50	-
\$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	1 910 631	1 775 571	135 60		210 43	12 18	62 8	36	24	58	18	
Mean	\$21 300 \$22 818	\$21 953 \$23 581	\$16 821 \$18 500	\$12 292 \$19 478	\$9 193 \$11 168	\$10 872 \$12 615	\$12 042 \$13 427	\$9 688 \$11 152	\$7 872 \$9 843	\$10 221 \$12 353	\$4 635 \$7 569	\$3 958 \$3 980
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	17 330	14 725	2 594	11	15 610	1 269	2 378	4 505	2 566	2 927	1 930	35
Steam or hot water system Central warm-air fumace or electric heat pump	11 128 4 328	9 093	2 035	-	8 021	557 397	1 568	2 862 532	1 405 548	1 271	358 627	35
Other built-in electric units	433	4 003 380	319 53	6	3 454 2 025	172	292 140	123	208	1 023 477	905	-
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Other means	560 881	555 694	182	5	206 1 904	28 115	31 347	32 956	53 352	49 107	13 27	-
Air conditioning	8 257 726	7 232 660	1 025 66	-	5 125 1 469	475 21	703 13	893 26	395 105	1 756 1 044	886 243	17 17
Vehicles available	16 474 6 689	14 165 5 482	2 304 1 202	5	10 587 7 771	925 625	1 880 1 322	3 253 2 290	1 551 1 232	2 046 1 537	904 749	28 16
2 or more	9 785	8 683	1 102	-	2 816	300	558	963	319	509	155	12
House heating fuelUtility gos	1 7 330 4 740	14 725 4 164	2 594 570	11 6	15 610 4 856	1 269 474	2 378 807	4 505 1 634	2 566 983	2 927 788	1 930 170	35 -
Bottled, tank, or LP gas	18 501	12 434	6 67	-	77 2 843	212	4 175	21 154	29 290	23 714	1 291	7
Fuel oil, kerosene, etcOther	11 834 237	9 892 223	1 937 14	5	7 812 22	566 17	1 392	2 691	1 264	1 402	469	28
Water heating fuel	17 330 5 548	14 725 4 573	2 594 969	11	15 518 6 016	1 269 565	2 378 978	4 513 2 150	2 565 1 208	2 836 871	1 922 244	35
Bottled, tank, or LP gas	96	59	37	6	302	16	53	139	37	53	4	-
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	2 566 9 107	2 250 7 830	311 1 277	5 -	3 726 5 455	333 348	381 966	455 1 764	404 916	739 1 173	1 379 28 <u>8</u>	35
Other	13 15 154	13 13 143	2 000	n	8 502	7 982	1 631	3 011	1 234	1 186	7 448	10
With own children under 18 years With own children under 6 years	8 560 3 087	7 740 2 715	809 367	11	5 026 2 708	658 272	906 521	1 986	784 482	534 271	148 79	10
Female householder, no husband present	1 671	1 417	248	6	3 150	407	498	1 211	602	307	115	10
With own children under 18 years With own children under 6 years	825 157	755 133	64 24	0	2 397 1 046	354 107	307 105	997 489	459 248	214 83	56	10
Nonfamily householderncome in 1979 below poverty level	2 176 922	1 582 730	594 192	_	7 123 3 5 5 4	287 292	747 432	1 502 1 219	1 339 676	1 741 439	1 482 473	25 23
Percent below poverty level	5.3	5.0	7.4	-	22.7	23.0	18.2	27.0	26.3	15.0	24.5	65.7

Table B-9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Brockton city	Tatal) person	2 persons	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 persons	7 persons	8 or more persons	Medion	Tatal persons
				,) 072				
Owner-occupied housing units Nanrelatives present ROOMS	17 330 521	1 930	4 650 195	3 267 94	3 660 82	2 104 54	31	422 50	225 15	3.14 3.20	58 427 1 932
1 to 3 rooms	167 1 296	111 399	33 614	16 125	7 91	_ 56	- 6	_	_ 5	1.25 1.91	282 2 944
5 rooms	4 538 5 601 3 546	616 472 250	1 579 1 463 602	919 1 117 675	805 1 318 925	368 733 578	181 320 311	45 137 148	25 41 57	2.58 3.27 3.77	13 504 19 520 13 516
7 rooms 8 or more rooms Median	2 182 6.0	82 5.2	359 5.6	415 6.0	514 6.2	369 6.4	254 6.6	92 6.7	97 7.2	3.96	8 661
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	17 251	1 918	4 610	3 267	3 660	2 089	1 065	417	225	3.14	58 136
1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50	16 676 543	1 918	4 610	3 262 5	3 653 7	2 033 56	885 180	235 182	80 113	3.05 6.63	54 213 3 656
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	32 79 72	12 12	40 40	-	-	15 15	7	5	32	8.5 + 2.19 2.10	267 291 250
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	7		-	-	-	_	7	_	-	6.00	41
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached	14 725	1 391	3 755	2 843	3 319	1 856	978	382	201	3.28	49 956
2 or more Mabile home or trailer, etc	2 594 11	539 -	895 -	418	341	248	89 5	40	24	2.35 3.42	8 422 49
VALUE Specified awner-occupied housing units Less than \$10,000	13 988 16	1 300	3 547	2 696	3 181	1 755 7	947	368	194	3.30 4.25	47 391 91
\$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999	266 2 183	89 356	117 690	328	29 344	15 196	146	96	27	1.88 2.64	714 6 519
\$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999	5 407 3 977 1 301	445 265 100	1 294 880 342	1 093 876 257	1 305 941 317	673 560 165	403 281 80	108 125 26	86 49 14	3.38 3.46 3.31	18 553 14 517 4 262
\$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999	651 128	45	149 61	106 17	190 31	107 15	33	7 4	14 -	3.63 2.68	2 166 406
\$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or mare Median	45 14 \$38 400	- \$34 000	9 - \$37 300	13 - \$39 200	15 5 \$39 300	8 9 \$39 800	\$38 000	\$38 300	\$38 100	3.53 4.72	115 48
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979	17 330	1 930	4 650	3 267	3 660	2 104	1 072	422	225	3,14	58 427
Median income Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage af	\$21 300	\$7 695	\$18 799	\$22 837	\$23 988	\$24 572	\$25 693	\$27 759	\$31 731	•••	
household income With a mortgage Not mortgaged	23.3 23.9 19.6	43.0 42.7 43.3	23.2 24.4 20.4	21.8 23.7 14.1	22.7 23.6 13.1	22.5 22.9 14.8	20.9 22.3 12.8	19.0 20.0 10—	16.9 17.9 10—	• • •	
Median income	922 \$3 553	226 \$2 953	158 \$2 603	147 \$3 254	216 \$5 060	100 \$3 696	26 \$7 679	33 \$7 386	16 \$8 000	3.02	
Median selected monthly owner casts as percentage of hausehold incame	50+ 50+	50+ 50+	50+ 50+	50+ 50+	50+ 50+	50+ 50+	50+ 50+	50 + 50 +	50+ 50+	• • •	
Not mortgaged	50 ÷	50+	50 +	50 +	50+	50+	-	-	-	•••	•••
Renter-occupied housing units Nonrelatives present	15 625 1 272	6 219	4 246 767	2 355 232	1 509 106	764 100	342 49	119 12	71 6	1.88 2.33	34 464 3 579
ROOMS 1 room 2 rooms	472 1 751	462 1 523	4 210	12	_	_ 6	-	_	6	1.01 1.07	531
3 rooms	3 529 4 443	2 351 1 167	972 1 806	163 944	39 387	87 107	37	10	5	1.25 2.08	4 830 9 593
5 rooms 6 rooms 7 or more rooms	3 966 1 116 348	534 157 25	1 041 185 28	929 262 45	804 174 105	427 169 71	148 125 32	69 12 28	14 32 14	2.94 3.32 4.22	11 903 4 047 1 572
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	4.0	3.0	4.0	4.6	4.9	5.2	5.4	5.2	5.8	• • •	
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	14 999 14 532	5 760 5 760	4 160 4 156	2 317 2 313	1 483 1 444	759 667	342 157	112 28	66	1.92 1.86	33 475 30 779
1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	415 52 626	459	- 4 86	38	39 - 26	82 10 5	185 - -	74 10 7	31 28 5	5.95 7.68 1.18	2 270 426 989
1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	601 25	459	86	30 8	26 -	5	-	7	5	1.15 5.40	828 161
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached ar attached	1 269	263	290	251	215	134	80	29	7	2.82	4 164
2 3 ond 4	2 378 4 513	641 1 197	748 1 306	364 862	339 609	185 326	70 145	12 45	19 23	2.23 2.31	5 988 11 456
5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or more	2 573 2 927 1 930	1 160 1 517 1 416	719 856 327	402 342 134	158 139 39	79 35 5	24 23	19 5	12 10	1.68 1.46 1.18	4 972 5 229 2 610
Mobile home or trailer, etc.	35	25	-	- :	10	_	-	-	-	1.20	45
Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than \$100	15 240 1 914	6 147 1 541	4 149 136	2 259 97	1 444 51	7 35 58	323 25	112	71	1.86 1.12	33 190 2 622
\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	1 010 1 1 716 3 329	702 972 1 298	208 460 1 193	46 124 455	27 90 240	19 27 96	35 29	- - 14	8 8	1,22 1,38 1,81	1 474 3 035 6 396
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	2 768 2 308	573 602	903 640	643 436	379 314	197 172	34 91	27 39	12 14	2.40 2.36	7 036 6 124
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more	1 169 618 119	256 86 14	345 172	237 169	175 105	78 33 16	59 42 8	11 7 2	8 4 13	2.45 2.80 3.77	3 113 1 986 548
No cosh rent	289 \$243	103 \$190	26 66 \$252	12 40 \$277	28 35 \$288	39 \$290	\$321	\$308	\$313	2.13	856
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979	15 625	6 219	4 246	2 355	1 509	764	342	119	71	1.88	34 464
Median gross rent as percentage of household income _	27.5	\$5 230 29.9 1 364	\$11 791 25.1 697	\$11 596 28.2 640	\$13 695 25.3 42 5	\$12 043 26.2 266	24.2	24.2	\$16 607 21.0 20	2.09	:::
Median income	\$3 574 50+	\$2 780 50+	\$3 539 50+	\$3 711 50+	\$4 315 50+	\$6 109 50+	\$7 449 45.0	\$6 288 50+	\$8 500 28.6		
Median income Median gross rent as percentage of household income Income in 1979 below poverty level Median income	\$9 193 27.5 3 554 \$3 574	\$5 230 29.9 1 364 \$2 780	\$11 791 25.1 697 \$3 539	\$11 596 28.2 640 \$3 711	\$13 695 25.3 425 \$4 315	\$12 043 26.2 266 \$6 109	\$16 071 24.2 96 \$7 449	\$15 625 24.2 46 \$6 288	\$16 607 21.0 20 \$8 500	2.09	•••

Table B -10. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980 [Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

Table B -11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Octo are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

		Mole householder						Female householder						
Brockton city	Total	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 yeors	65 years and over	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 yeors	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	
Owner-occupied housing units	1 930	742	34	146	45	201	316	1 188	7	50	26	286	819	
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	1 918 12	737 5	34	146	45 -	201	311 5	1 181 7	7	50 —	26	286	812 7	
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or ottoched 2 or more	1 391 539	506 236	27 7	98 48	27 18	115 86	239 77	885 303	7	50	19 7	193 93	616 203	
Mobile home or troiler, etc HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	
Less than \$5,000	595 583 173	189 131 74	8 -	7 10 17	13	48 27 37	126 94 7	406 452 99	- 7	9 6 10	7	39 97 34	351 349 41	
\$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	160 227 107	72 149 63	19 7 -	22 59 26	14 13	5 40 10 27	26 29 14	88 78 44 21	=	8 - 17	6 - 6	34 53 25	48 17 13	
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	69 4 12 \$7 695	48 4 12 \$11 723	\$13 684	\$16 574	5 \$18 125	7 \$11 723	16 4 - \$6 379	- \$6 780	\$11 250	\$13 750	\$12 143	\$10 515	- \$5 693	
Mean MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY	\$10 148	\$13 089	\$11 277	\$15 497	\$25 752	\$14 552	\$9 438	\$8 311	\$10 810	\$14 944	\$10 858	\$11 747	\$6 603	
OWNER COSTS Specified owner-occupied housing units	1 300	464	27	98	27	103	209	836	7	50	13	183	583	
With a mortgage	548 15 44	262 9 15	27 - -	85 9 -	27 - -	51 - -	72	286 6 29	-	41 - -	7 - -	114	117 6 9	
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	71 160 100	39 77 31	- - 7	8 18 17	14	6 28 7	25 17	32 83 69	7	- 18	-	18 30 27	14 46 24	
\$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749	100 44 6	60 17 6	20 _ _	19 - 6	13	6 4 -	15	40 27 –	-	8 15 —	7 - -	14 5 -	11 7 -	
\$750 or more Medion Not mortgaged	8 \$345 752	8 \$344 202	\$441 _	\$372 13	\$348 -	\$335 52	\$292 137	\$346 550	\$325	\$416 9	\$475 6	\$332 69	\$332 466	
Less than \$50 \$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$99	-	=	-	-	-	-	-	-	=	=	=	=	_	
\$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	27 5 148	5 48	=	=	-	- 5 17	- 31	27 	=	- - 9	-	- - 11	27 - 80	
\$250 to \$249 \$250 or more Medion	281 291 \$235	57 92 \$242	=	8 5 \$241	=	9 21 \$222	40 66 \$247	224 199 \$233	=	- \$175	- 6 \$250+	14 44 \$250+	210 149 \$230	
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	\$255	42-72		Ψ2-41		4222	Ψ2~,	Ψ233		\$173	\$250 T	\$230 T	Ψ230	
Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income in 1979	43.0 42.7 43.3	31.8 33.1 29.5	42.1 42.1	27.3 29.1 19.1	31.8 31.8	24.6 23.5 28.3	38.8 50 + 32.7	50 + 50 + 49.3	37.5 37.5	35.0 28.7 50+	40.7 45.0 27.5	34.7 48.6 25.3	50 + 50 + 50 +	
Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	226 11.7	70 9.4	23.5	7 4.8	-	28 13.9	27 8.5	156 13.1	Ī	18.0	26.9	21 7.3	119 14.5	
Renter-occupied housing units PLUMBING FACILITIES	6 219	2 366	256	527	333	725	525	3 853	343	395	184	842	2 089	
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use UNITS IN STRUCTURE	5 760 459	2 010 356	225 31	486 41	275 58	554 171	470 55	3 750 103	314 29	395 -	172 12	827 15	2 042 47	
1, detoched or ottoched	263 641 1 197	82 195	30	13 63	4 49	24 35	41 18	181 446	18 39 139	14 42 67	9 13 37	65 109	75 243 237	
5 to 9 10 to 49	1 160 1 517	494 493 796	91 58 61	140 121 159	50 92 110	112 126 340	101 96 126	703 667 721	86 52	75 151	83 30	223 102 197	321 291	
50 or more Mobile home or troiler, etc HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	1 416	306	16	31	28	88	143	1 110 25	9 -	46	12	146	897 25	
Less thon \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499	3 038 1 668 553	791 766 204	75 88 26	79 191 66	78 87 42	275 203 50	284 197 20	2 247 902 349	145 119 50	70 86 78	73 68 35	362 224 152	1 597 405 34	
\$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	334 365 173	184 218 121	32 22 13	70 90 17	46 28 17	25 65 74	11	150 147 52	29	48 80 33	8	51 34 13	22 25 6	
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	74 14	68 14		14	28 7	26 7	-	6 -	=	-	=	6	-	
\$50,000 or more Median Mean	\$5 230 \$7 350	\$7 779 \$9 308	\$8 214 \$8 779	\$9 891 \$11 140	\$10 089 \$11 297	\$7 279 \$9 743	\$4 802 \$5 865	\$4 559 \$6 147	\$5 736 \$6 437	\$11 330 \$10 901	\$7 731 \$6 778	\$7 201 \$7 553	\$3 995 \$4 579	
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than \$100	6 147	2 351	256	520	333	725	517	3 796 1 335	343	395	175 13	816 179	2 067 1 115	
\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	1 541 702 972	206 388 491	42 39	54 80	61 96	65 146 195	135 85 81	314 481	28 105	27 19	11 55	81 129	167 173	
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	602	580 265 236	71 42 36	169 89 72	66 31 42	163 62 64	111 41 22	718 308 366	115 14 50	93 85 97	64 19 6	179 69 99	267 121 114	
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more	256 86 14	116 37 3	16 6 -	29 21 -	22 4 -	21 6 -	28 - 3	140 49 11	11 11	36 8 -	7 - -	54 17	43 13	
No cosh rent Medion SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	103 \$190	29 \$205	\$222	\$233	\$201	\$191	11 \$174	74 \$177	\$209	11 \$275	\$207	\$203	54 \$89	
Median gross rent as percentage of household income in 1979	29.9 1 364	28.9 403	33.4 57	28.2 38	25.9 65	27.0 179	30.7 64	30.7 961	48.5 94	26.9 61	35.9 55	31.6 194	28.7 557	
Percent below poverty level	21.9	17.0	22.3	7.2	19.5	24.7	12.2	24.9	27.4	15.4	29.9	23.0	26.7	

Table B-12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980

[Oato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	•								
Brockton city	Total	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months	Brockton city	Total	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months
Vacant for sale only housing units	134	21	36	77	Vacant for rent housing units	1 044	461	403	180
ROOMS					ROOMS			ì	
1 to 3 rooms	14	5	9	-	1 room	110	50	42	18
4 rooms5 rooms	17 24	- 4	7 20	10	2 rooms	99 171	36 77	54 79	9 15
6 rooms	64	12	-	52	4 rooms	353	158	117	78
7 rooms 8 or more rooms	7 8	_	_	7 8	5 rooms6 rooms	213 98	96 44	76 35	41 19
Median	5.7	5.6	4.6	6.0	7 or more rooms	_	_	-	- 19
DELIMABING FACILITIES					Median	3.9	3.9	3.7	4.1
PLUMBING FACILITIES	,,,	0.1	0.4	77	PLUMBING FACILITIES				
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	134	21	36	//_		928	413	352	163
					Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	116	48	51	17
BEDROOMS					PERROCALE				
None	13	_	13	_	BEDROOMS				
2	49	5	18	26	None	110 340	50 153	42 163	18 24
3	57 7	16	5	36	2	436	204	130	102
5 or more	8	-	_	8	3	151	47	68	36
WEAR CYNICTHISE BUILT					5 or more	7	7	=	-
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT									
1975 to Morch 1980	5	_	5	_	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT				
1960 to 1969	12	-	-		1975 to Morch 1980	20		20	-
1950 to 1959	5 24	7	10	5 7	1970 to 1974	94 73	66	28	22
1939 or earlier	88	14	21	53	1950 to 1959	75	42	33	-
UNITS IN STRUCTURE					1940 to 1949 1939 or eorlier	76 706	31 276	24 293	21 137
1, detached or attached	62	5	5	52					
2 or more	72	16	31	25	UNITS IN STRUCTURE				
Mobile home or troiler	-	-	-	-	1, detached or ottoched 2	33 125	28 57	5 46	22
HEATING EQUIPMENT					3 ond 4	270	90	102	78
Centrol heating system	134	21	36	7 7	5 to 9	246 282	120 131	90 116	36 35
Other means	-	_	-	_	50 or more	88	35	44	9
None		_	-	_	Mobile home or troiler	-	-	-	-
PRICE ASKED					RENT ASKED				
Specified vacant for sale only housing units	55	5	5	45	Specified vacant for rent housing units	1 035	452	403	180
Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999	13	_	_	13	Less thon \$100	96	36	47	13
\$20,000 to \$29,999	18	-	-	18	\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	179 291	83 39	65 175	31 77
\$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999	5 19	5	5	5 9	\$200 to \$249	279	184	52	43
\$50,000 to \$59,999	-	_	-	_	\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$399	78 61	49 45	24	5
\$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999	_	_	_ '	_	\$400 or more	51	16	35	- 1
\$100,000 or more	-	-	- 1	-	Median	\$187	\$222	\$181	\$176
Vedian	\$26 900	\$42 500	\$42 500	\$26 000					

Table B -13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980

[Ooto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

		Price asked	—Specified	vacant for s	ale only hou	ising units		Rent asked—Specified vocant for rent housing units						
3rockton city	Total	Less thon \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 or more	Medion (dollars)	Total	Less than \$100	\$100 to \$199	\$200 to \$299	\$300 to \$399	\$400 or more	Median (dollars)
Total	55	-	31	24	-	-	26 900	1 035	96	470	357	61	51	187
LUMBING FACILITIES														·
omplete plumbing for exclusive useocking complete plumbing for exclusive use	55	_	31 _	24	Ξ	_	26 900 -	919 116	62 34	396 74	349 8	61	51 -	200 124
IEDROOMS														
or more	16 32 7	-	11 13 7	- 5 19 - -	- - - -	-	26 400 40 800 26 300	110 340 427 151 — 7	8 43 40 5 	102 118 165 85 -	174 130 46 - 7	- 46 15 - -	- 5 46 - - -	143 203 205 191 — 222
975 to Morch 1980	5 12 5 - 33	-	11 - 20	5 1 5 -	- - - -	- - - -	42 500 25 700 32 500 26 300	20 94 73 66 76 706	17 5 16 - 58	- 9 35 58 368	18 41 15 18 265	28 18 - - 15	20 31 - - - -	500+ 371 239 106 180 183
, detached or attached or more	55 	-	31	24	-	- 	26 900	24 1 011 -	5 91 -	15 455 -	353 -	6 <u>1</u>	51 -	147 188 -

Appendix A. — Area Classifications

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REGIONS

Regions are large groups of States that form the first-order subdivisions of the United States for census purposes. The four regions are the Northeast, North Central, South, and West.

STATES

The 50 States and the District of Columbia are the constituent units of the United States.

PLACES

Two types of places are recognized in the census reports—incorporated places and census designated places—as defined below. Places with a 1980 population below 50,000 are not shown in this report unless they are central cities of standard metropolitan statistical areas.

Incorporated Places

Incorporated places recognized in the reports of the census are those which are incorporated under the laws of their respective States as cities, boroughs, towns, and villages, with the following exceptions: boroughs in Alaska and New York, and towns in the six

New England States, New York, and Wisconsin.

Census Designated Places

As in the 1950, 1960, and 1970 censuses, the Census Bureau has delineated boundaries for closely settled population centers without corporate limits. In 1980, the name of each such place is followed by "(CDP)," meaning "census designated place." In the 1970 and earlier censuses, these places were identified by "(U)," meaning "unincorporated place."

Census designated place boundaries change with changes in the settlement pattern; a place which has the same name as in previous censuses does not necessarily have the same boundaries. Boundary outlines for CDP's appear on the county subdivision maps in the HC80-1-A, General Housing Characteristics, reports for States. Detailed maps are available for purchase from the Census Bureau.

Eleven states, (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Hampshire, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin), contain towns or townships which are coextensive with census designated places (CDP's). Data for these areas are not shown in the tables.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

Definition

The general concept of a metropolitan area is one of a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities which have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. The standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA) classification is a statistical standard, developed for use by Federal agencies in the production, analysis, and publication of data on metropolitan areas. The SMSA's are designated and defined

by the Office of Management and Budget, following a set of official published standards developed by the interagency Federal Committee on Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas.

Each SMSA has one or more central counties containing the area's main population concentration: an urbanized area with at least 50,000 inhabitants. An SMSA may also include outlying counties which have close economic and social relationships with the central counties. The outlying counties must have a specified level of commuting to the central counties and must also meet certain standards regarding metropolitan character, such as population density, urban population, and population growth. In New England, SMSA's are composed of cities and towns rather than whole counties.

The housing units in SMSA's may also be referred to as the metropolitan housing and are subdivided into "inside central city (or cities)" and "outside central city (or cities)." The housing units outside SMSA's constitute the non-metropolitan housing.

In the United States Summary report and the State reports, the data shown for "Central Cities of SMSA's" are the sum of all central cities excluding any rural area and any legal area that is outside of a standard metropolitan statistical area. In the individual SMSA reports, the data shown for central cities and places of 50,000 or more inhabitants are for the legal definition of the city without regard to urban or SMSA restrictions.

SMSA Titles

Each SMSA except one (Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y.) has at least one central city. The titles of SMSA's include up to three city names, as well as the name of each State into which the SMSA extends. For the 1980 census, central cities of SMSA's are those named in the titles of the SMSA's,

with the exception of Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y., which has no central city, and Northeast Pennsylvania, the central cities of which are Scranton, Wilkes-Barre, and Hazleton. Data on central cities of SMSA's include the entire population and housing within the legal city boundaries. In Hawaii where there are no incorporated places recognized by the Bureau of the Census, census designated places are recognized as central cities.

New SMSA Standards

New standards for designating and defining metropolitan statistical areas were published in the *Federal Register* on January 3, 1980. The SMSA's recognized for the 1980 census comprise (1) all areas as defined on January 1, 1980, except for one area which was defined provisionally during the 1970's on the

basis of population estimates but whose qualification was not confirmed by 1980 census counts; and (2) a group of 36 new areas defined on the basis of 1980 census counts and the new standards that were published on January 3, 1980.

When the data on commuting flows become available from 1980 census tabulations, the new standards will be applied to the areas existing on January 1, 1980, and the boundaries, definitions, and titles for all SMSA's will be reviewed.

To aid users who want to become familiar with the SMSA standards and how they are applied, documents are available from the Office of Management and Budget, Washington, D.C. 20503.

BOUNDARY CHANGES

The boundaries of some of the areas shown in this series of reports have

changed between an earlier census and January 1, 1980. Information on boundary changes for incorporated places is presented in table 4 of the 1980 Census of Population report, Characteristics of the Population, Number of Inhabitants, PC80-1-A. For information on boundary changes prior to 1970, see the Number of Inhabitants report for each census.

AREA MEASUREMENT

Area measurement figures for standard metropolitan statistical areas, central cities, and places of 50,000 inhabitants or more can be found in the 1980 Census of Population report, PC80-1-A1, United States Summary.

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holders of Spanish Origin			
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LITHIZATION		The 1980 census was conducted of	rimarily

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through self-enumeration. The principal

CHARACTERISTICS....

determinant for the responses was, therefore, the questionnaire and its accompanying instruction guide. Furthermore, census takers were instructed, in their telephone and personal-visit interviews, to read the questions directly from the questionnaire. The definitions and explanations given below for each subject are drawn largely from various technical and procedural materials used in the collection of the data. These materials helped the census interviewers to understand more fully the intent of each question, and thus to resolve problems or unusual cases in a manner consistent with this intent. Also included is certain explanatory information to assist the user in the proper utilization of the statistics.

Facsimiles of the questionnaire pages containing the population and housing questions used to produce the data shown in this report and the pages of the respondent instruction guide which relate to these questions are presented in Appendix E, "Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages."

LIVING QUARTERS

Living quarters are classified in the census as either housing units or group quarters. Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use (e.g., a one-family home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, mobile home or trailer). However, living quarters may also be in structures intended for non-residential use (e.g., the rooms in a warehouse where a night guard lives), as well as in boats, tents, vans, etc.

Housing Units—A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room occupied as a separate living quarters or, if vacant, intended for occupancy as a separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from

any other persons in the building and which have direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements (except as described in the next section on Group Quarters). For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible. If that information cannot be obtained, the criteria are applied to the previous occupants. Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing unit inventory except that boats, tents, vans, caves, and the like are included only if they are occupied as someone's usual place of residence. Vacant mobile homes are included, provided they are intended for occupancy on the site where they stand. Vacant mobile homes on dealers' sales lots. at the factory, or in storage are excluded I from the housing inventory.

Comparability With 1970 Census Housing Unit Data - Although the 1980 census data are generally comparable with 1970 census data, certain changes were introduced for 1980. The part of the 1970 housing unit definition that required a unit to have either (1) direct access or (2) complete kitchen facilities was modified. For 1980, the complete kitchen facilities alternative was dropped, and direct access was required of all housing units. In 1970, vacant mobile homes were not counted as housing units. For 1980, they were included in the housing inventory provided they were intended for occupancy on the site where they stood.

Group Quarters—Group quarters are any living quarters which are not classified as housing units. There are two types of group quarters: (1) institutional group quarters, and (2) noninstitutional group quarters. Institutional group quarters are living quarters occupied by one or more persons under care or custody, such as children in an orphanage, persons in a nursing home, and prisoners in a penitentiary. Noninstitutional group guarters include living quarters such as college-owned and/or operated dormicories, fraternity and sorority houses, nurses' dormitories, and boarding nouses. In addition, noninstitutional group quarters include any living

quarters (other than those classified as institutional group quarters) which are occupied by 9 or more persons unrelated to the householder (person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire), or by 10 or more unrelated persons. Information on the housing characteristics of group quarters was not collected in the census.

Comparability With 1970 Census Group Quarters Data—In 1970 a unit was classified as group quarters if it was shared by the person in charge and five or more persons unrelated to him or her, or if there was no person in charge, by six or more unrelated persons. For 1980 that requirement was raised to 9 or more persons unrelated to the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire or 10 or more unrelated persons.

Rules for Hotels, Rooming Houses, Etc.—Occupied rooms or suites of rooms in hotels, motels, and similar places are classified as housing units only when occupied by permanent residents; i.e., persons who consider the hotel as their usual place of residence or who have no usual place of residence elsewhere. Vacant rooms or suites of rooms are classified as housing units only in those hotels in which 75 percent or more of the accommodations are occupied by permanent residents.

If any of the occupants in a rooming or boarding house live and eat separately from everyone else in the building and have direct access, their quarters are classified as separate housing units. The remaining quarters are combined. If the combined quarters contain eight or fewer roomers unrelated to the householder, they are classified as one housing unit. If the combined quarters contain nine or more roomers unrelated to the householder or person in charge, they are classified as group quarters.

Staff Living Quarters—The living quarters occupied by staff personnel within any group quarters are separate housing units if they satisfy the housing unit criteria of separateness and direct access; otherwise, they are considered as group quarters.

Year-Round Housing Units—Data on housing characteristics in the 1980 census reports are limited to year-round housing units; i.e., all occupied units plus vacant

units available or intended for year-round use. Vacant units intended for seasonal occupancy and vacant units held for migratory labor are excluded because of the difficulty of obtaining reliable data on their characteristics.

OCCUPANCY AND VACANCY CHARACTERISTICS

Occupied Housing Units—A housing unit is classified as occupied if it is the usual place of residence of the person or group of persons living in it at the time of enumeration, or if the occupants are only temporarily absent; e.g., away on vacation. If all the persons staying in the unit at the time of the census have their usual place of residence elsewhere, the unit is classified as vacant. A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit as their usual place of residence. By definition, therefore, the number of occupied housing units equals the number of households in the 1980 Census of Population reports.

In this report the numbers shown for occupied housing units are estimates based on a sample. In some cases there may be small differences between figures on occupied housing units shown here and comparable figures on households in the Census of Population reports. These differences may result from processing procedures used to inflate the population and housing sample data.

Householder—One person in each household is designated as the "householder." In most cases, this is the person, or one of the persons, in whose name the home is owned or rented and who is listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire. If there is no such person in the household, any adult household member could be designated as the "householder."

Child—A child is a son, daughter, step-child, or adopted child of the householder regardless of the child's age or marital status. The category excludes sons-in-law and daughters-in-law. In this report, those classified as "own children" are sons and daughters, including stepchildren and adopted children, of the householder who are single (never married) and under 18 years of age.

Nonrelative—A nonrelative is any person in the household not related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. Roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, paid employees, wards, and foster children are classified as nonrelatives. This report shows the number of households with one or more nonrelatives present in the unit.

Age of Householder—The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April 1, 1980. The data on age represent the difference, as calculated in the computer, between date of birth and April 1, 1980.

Household Type—Statistics by age of householder are presented separately for the following household types:

Married-couple families. For each household of this type, the householder and his or her spouse are enumerated as members of the same household. This category includes couples in formal marriages as well as in common-law marriages.

Male householder, no wife present. This type includes any household maintained by a male, regardless of his marital status, provided no wife is present in the household. Included are male householders who have no wife; male householders whose wives live elsewhere because of separation (marital discord) or other reason; and male householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

Female householder, no husband present. This type includes any household maintained by a female, regardless of her marital status, provided no husband is present in the household. Included are female householders who have no husband and female householders whose husbands live elsewhere, as, for example, husbands in the Armed Forces living on a military base and female householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

This report presents data on selected characteristics for one-person households, separately for male and female householders.

Year Householder Moved Into Unit — Data presented for this item are based on the in-

formation reported for the householder and refer to the year of the latest move. If the householder moved back into a unit the person previously occupied, the year of the latest move was reported. If the householder moved from one apartment to another in the same building, the year the householder moved into the present apartment was reported. The intent is to establish the year the present occupancy by the householder began. The year in which a householder moved is not necessarily the same year as the year other members of the household moved, although in the majority of cases the entire household moved at the same time (see question H19 in appendix E).

Vacant Housing Units—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. Units temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere are also classified as vacant.

New units not yet occupied are classified as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if they are open to the elements; i.e., the roof, walls, windows, and/or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is to be demolished or is condemned. Also excluded are quarters being used entirely for nonresidential purposes, such as a store or an office, or quarters used for the storage of business supplies or inventory, machinery, or agricultural products.

Vacancy Status—The data on vacancy status were tabulated from responses to questionnaire item C (see item C in appendix E). The data presented in this report are for year-round housing units "Vacant for sale only" and "Vacant for rent."

For sale only. Vacant year-round units being offered "For sale only," including individual units in cooperatives and condominium projects if the individual units are offered "For sale only."

For rent. Vacant year-round units offered "For rent," and vacant units offered either for ren't or for sale. Duration of Vacancy—The statistics on duration of vacancy refer to the length of time (in months) from the date the last occupants moved from the unit to the date of enumeration (see item D in appendix E). The data, therefore, do not provide a direct measure of the total length of time units remain vacant. For newly constructed units which have never been occupied, the duration of vacancy is counted from the date construction was completed. For recently converted or merged units, the time is reported from the date conversion or merger was completed.

Tenure—A housing unit is "Owner occupied" if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit, even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. All other occupied units are classified as "Renter occupied," including units rented for cash rent and those occupied without payment of cash rent (see question H8 in appendix E).

Condominium Housing Units—A condominium involves ownership that enables a person to own an apartment or house in a development of similar units and to hold a common or joint ownership in common areas, hallways, entrances, elevators, etc. The owner has a deed to the individual unit, and, very likely, a mortgage on the unit. A condominium housing unit need not be occupied by the owner to be counted as such (see question H9 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Condominium Housing Unit Data—In 1970, owner-occupied cooperatives and condominium housing units were identified together. The 1980 census identifies only condominium housing units. The 1980 question provides data on vacant and renter-occupied condominium housing units, not just owner-occupied condominium housing units as in 1970.

Race of the Householder—The data on race of the householder were derived from the answer to question 4, for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire (see appendix E). The concept of race as used by the Census Bureau reflects self-identification by respondents; it does not denote any clear-cut scientific definition of biological stock. Since the 1980 census obtained information on race through self-identification, the data represent self-classification by people according

to the race with which they identify. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the race of the householder.

For persons who could not provide a single response to the race question, the race of the person's mother was used; if, however, a single response could not be provided for the person's mother, the first race reported by the person was used. This is a modification of the 1970 census procedure in which the race of the person's father was used.

The category "White" includes persons who indicated their race as White, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed on the questionnaire but entered a response such as Canadian, German, Italian, Lebanese, or Polish. In the 1980 census, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but marked "Other" and/or wrote in entries such as Cuban, Puerto Rican, Mexican, or Dominican were included in the "Other" race category. In the 1970 census, most of these persons were included in the "White" category.

The category "Black" includes persons who indicated their race as Black or Negro, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed in the questionnaire but reported entries such as Jamaican, Black Puerto Rican, West Indian, Haitian, or Nigerian.

The category "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut" includes persons who classified themselves as such in one of the specific race categories. In addition, persons who did not report themselves in one of the specific race categories but entered the name of an Indian tribe or wrote in such entries as Canadian Indian, French-American Indian, or Spanish-American Indian were classified as "American Indian."

The category "Asian or Pacific Islander" includes persons who indicated their race as Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Asian Indian, Korean, Vietnamese, Hawaiian, Salmoan, and Guamanian, as well as persons who provided write-in entries of Asian and Pacific Islander groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, or Fijian under the "Other" race category. Also, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but wrote in an entry indicating one of the nine specific categories listed above (e.g., Chinese or Filipino) were classified accordingly. For example, entries of Nipponese and

Japanese American were classified as Japanese, entries of Taiwanese and Cantonese as Chinese, etc. "Race, n.e.c." includes all other persons not in the categories "White," "Black," "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut," and "Asian or Pacific Islander." Persons reporting in the "Other" race category and providing write-in entries such as Eurasian, Cosmopolitan, Interracial, or a Spanish origin group (e.g., Mexican, Cuban, or Puerto Rican) were included in "Race, n.e.c."

If the race entry for the householder was missing on the questionnaire, an answer was assigned in the computer according to the reported entries of race of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If race was not entered for anyone in the household (excluding paid employees), the race of a householder in a previously processed household was assigned. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data for Race of the Householder - Estimates of the number of householders by race shown in this report may differ from complete count figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and an additional edit and review performed on the sample questionnaires. Sampling variability and nonsampling error are explained in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data." The effect of the additional edit and review procedures varies substantially by racial group and geographic area but is generally negligible. A discussion of these procedures may be found in Series HC80-1-B, Detailed Housing Characteristics, and PC80-1-C, Social and Economic Characteristics of the Population.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Race of the Householder—Differences in census procedures and reporting by respondents in the 1980 census and 1970 census seriously affect the comparability for certain race groups. First, a large number of Spanish origin persons reported their race differently in the 1980 census than in the 1970 census. This difference in reporting has a substantial impact on the population totals and

comparability for the "White" population and the "Race, n.e.c." or "Other" race populations (shown as "All other races" in most 1970 publications). A much larger proportion of the Spanish origin population in 1980 than in 1970 reported their race in the questionnaire category "Other." Second, in 1970, most persons who marked the "Other" race category and wrote in a Spanish designation such as Mexican, Venezuelan, Latino, etc., were reclassified as "White." In 1980, such persons were not reclassified but remained in the "Other" race category. As a result of this procedural change and the differences in reporting by this population, the proportion of the Spanish origin population classified as "Other" race in the 1980 census was substantially higher than that in the 1970 census. Nationally in 1970, only 1 percent of the Spanish origin persons were classified as "Other" race and 93 percent as "White." The 1980 census sample data showed a much larger proportion—38 percent—of the Spanish origin persons reported their race as "Other" and only 58 percent reported "White." As a consequence of these differences, 1980 householder totals for "White" and "Race, n.e.c." are not comparable with corresponding 1970 figures.

The 1980 census was the first in which data were collected separately for Eskimos and Aleuts in all States. In 1970, these data were available only for Alaska. Since Eskimos and Aleuts are highly concentrated in Alaska, these changes do not seriously affect the comparability of 1980 and 1970 data for these racial groups at the national level.

The 1980 total for the Asian and Pacific Islander population reflects a high level of immigration during the 1970's as well as a number of changes in census procedures which were developed, in part, as a result of this high level of immigration. First, the number of Asian and Pacific Islander categories listed separately on the 1980 census questionnaire was expanded over that in 1970 to include four additional groups: Vietnamese, Asian Indian, Guamanian, and Samoan. Asian Indians were classified as "White" in 1970 but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. The Vietnamese, Guamanian, and Samoan populations were included in the "Other" race

category in the 1970 census but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. Second, "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, and Fijian were identified and tabulated as Asian and Pacific Islander in sample tabulations in the 1980 census; in 1970, most of these groups were included in the "Other" race category.

In 1980, data were collected separately for Hawaiians and Koreans in all States, but in 1970 data for the two groups were not collected for Alaska. (On the 1970 census questionnaire used in Alaska, Eskimo and Aleut were substituted for these two categories.) Since the numbers of Hawaiians and Koreans were small in Alaska, this questionnaire change does not have a major impact on the comparability of the 1980 and 1970 data for Hawaiians and Koreans at the national level.

Spanish/Hispanic Origin of the Householder—The data on Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent of householder were derived from answers to question 7, for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire (see appendix E).

Persons of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent are those who reported either Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, or other Spanish/Hispanic origin in question 7. Persons who reported "Other Spanish/ Hispanic" origin are those whose origin is from Spain or the Spanish-speaking countries of Central or South America, or they are persons identifying their origin or descent as being Spanish, Spanish-American, Hispano, Latino, etc. Origin or descent can be regarded as the ancestry, nationality group, lineage, or country in which the person or person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. It is important to note that persons of Spanish origin may be of any race. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the Spanish origin of the householder.

Persons of more than one Spanish origin and persons of both a Spanish and another origin who were in doubt as to how to report a specific origin were classified according to the origin of the person's mother. If a single origin could not be provided for the person's mother, the first origin reported by the person was recorded.

If the householder failed to respond to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question, a response was assigned by computer in the sample edit operation according to available related information such as ancestry and place of birth reported for the householder. If such information was not reported, origin was assigned from entries of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If no origin was reported for any household member (excluding a paid employee), then an origin was assigned from another household with a householder of the same race. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Limitations of the Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin-A preliminary evaluation study of the reporting in the 1980 census item on Spanish origin indicated that there was misreporting in the Mexican origin category by White and Black persons in certain areas. The study results showed evidence that the misreporting occurred mainly in the South (excluding Texas), the Northeast (excluding the New York City area), and a few States in the North Central Region. Also, results based on available data suggest that the impact of potential misreporting of Mexican origin in the 1980 census is severe in those portions of the above-mentioned regions where the Spanish origin population is generally sparse. However, 1980 census data on the Mexican origin population or total Spanish origin population, at the national level, are not seriously affected by the reporting problem. For a more detailed discussion of the evaluation of the Spanish origin item, see the 1980 Population Census Supplementary reports, Series PC80-S1-7, "Persons of Spanish Origin by State: 1980."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin-The data on householders of Spanish origin shown in this report may differ from comparable figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and more extensive edit procedures performed for the Spanish origin item on the sample questionnaires. The data in this report are based on a sample, whereas certain other reports (e.g., the HC80-1-A series) present data based on 100-percent tabulations. Sample data are subject to sampling variability, as explained in Appendix D, " Accuracy of the Data."

Information now available indicates that. since the effects of the more extensive edit were generally limited, the 100-percent tabulations are usually the preferable source for data on householders of Spanish origin. That is, in the case of figures available for Spanish origin groups, both in this report and for corresponding areas in the HC80-1-A report, the latter source is usually the preferred one. In the case of distributions for subjects covered only on a sample basis (e.g., units in structure, mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs, gross rent, etc.), the sample figures are the only data available and should be used within the context of the sampling variability associated with them.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Householders of Spanish Origin and Householders of Spanish Heritage-The 1980 census figures on householders of Spanish origin are not directly comparable with the 1970 census data on householders of Spanish origin because of a number of factors; namely, overall improvements in the 1980 census, better coverage of the population, improved question design, and an effective public relations campaign by the Census Bureau with the assistance of national and community ethnic groups. These efforts at census improvements explain, in part, the large increase in the number of Hispanics over 1970. Also, these efforts undoubtly resulted in the inclusion of a sizable but unknown number of persons of Spanish/ Hispanic origin who are in the country in other than legal status.

In the 1980 census Spanish origin question, specific changes in design from the 1970 question included the placement of the category "No (not Spanish/Hispanic)" as the first category in that question. (The corresponding category appeared last in the 1970 question.) Also, the 1970 category "Central or South American" was deleted from the 1980 question because in 1970 some respondents misinterpreted the category. Furthermore, the designations "Mexican-American" and "Chicano" were added to the Spanish origin question in 1980. In the 1970 census, the question on Spanish origin was asked of only a 5-percent sample of the population; in the 1980 census, the Spanish origin question was asked of everyone in the Nation.

The 1970 Census Metropolitan Housing Characteristics reports present data on housing units occupied by householders of Spanish heritage. In the 1970 census, the

category Spanish heritage was created to consolidate data for Spanish ancestry persons in various parts of the United States. The Spanish heritage population, therefore, was specifically termed when reference was made to particular areas. For example, in five southwestern States (Arizona, California, Colorado. New Mexico, and Texas) the population of Spanish heritage was specified as the population of Spanish language or surname; in three mid-Atlantic States (New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania), as the population of Puerto Rican birth or parentage; and in the remaining 42 States and the District of Columbia, as the population of Spanish language. The information for the population of Spanish heritage was obtained from the 15-percent sample of the census questionnaires. Data for this group of householders are not comparable to the 1980 census data on householders of Spanish origin which were based only on responses to the specific census question on Spanish/Hispanic origin for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire.

UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS

Persons—All persons occupying the housing unit are included. These persons include not only occupants related to the householder but also any lodgers, roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, wards, foster children, and resident employees who share the living quarters of the householder. The data on "Persons in unit" show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons. "Total persons" is the total number of persons living in the housing units in the particular category.

Rooms-The statistics on "Rooms" are in terms of the number of housing units with a specified number of rooms (see question H7 in appendix E). The intent of this question is to count the number of whole rooms used for living purposes. For each unit they include living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, enclos-, ed porches suitable for year-round use, and lodger's rooms. Excluded are strip or pullman , kitchens, bathrooms, open porches, balconies, halls, half-rooms, utility rooms, gunfinished attics or basements, or other unfinished space used for storage. A partially divided room is a separate room only if there is a partition from floor to ceiling.

Persons Per Room—"Persons per room" is a derived measure obtained by dividing the

number of persons in each occupied housing unit by the number of rooms in the unit. The figures shown refer, therefore, to the number of occupied housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

Bedrooms—The number of "Bedrooms" in the unit is the count of rooms used mainly for sleeping, even if also used for other purposes. Rooms reserved for sleeping, such as guest rooms, even though used infrequently, are counted as bedrooms. On the other hand, rooms used mainly for other purposes, even though used also for sleeping, such as a living room with a sofa bed, are not considered bedrooms. A housing unit consisting of only one room, such as a one-room efficiency apartment, is classified, by definition, as having no bedroom (see question H24 in appendix E).

STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS

Year Structure Built—"Year structure built" refers to when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted. For a houseboat or mobile home or trailer, the manufacturer's model year is assumed to be the year built. The figures shown in this report relate to the number of units in structures built during the specified periods and in existence at the time of enumeration (see question H18 in appendix E).

Units in Structure—A structure is a separate building that either has open space on all sides or is separated from other structures by dividing walls that extend from ground to roof. In the determination of the number of units in a structure, all housing units, both occupied and vacant, were counted. The statistics are presented for the number of housing units in structures of specified type and size, not for the number of residential buildings. The category "Mobile home or trailer, etc." includes mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, vans, etc. (see question H13 in appendix E).

Stories in Structure—The count of stories (floors) in structure includes basements or attics if these contain finished rooms for living purposes (see question H14a in appendix E).

Passenger Elevator—Statistics on elevator in structure are presented for housing units in structures with four or more stories or floors. If the housing units in structures with four or

more stories have an elevator used only for freight, the units are not included in the category "With elevator" (see question H14b in appendix E).

PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS

Plumbing Facilities—The category "Complete plumbing for exclusive use" consists of units which have hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or shower inside the housing unit for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit. "Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use" includes those conditions when (1) all three specified plumbing facilities are present inside the unit, but are also used by another household; (2) some but not all the facilities are present; or (3) none of the three specified plumbing facilities is present (see question H6 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Plumbing Facilities Data—In 1970, there were separate questions on the presence of hot and cold piped water, a bathtub or shower, and a flush toilet. For 1980, these three items were combined into a single question on plumbing facilities. In addition, the facilities must be inside the housing unit rather than inside the structure as in 1970.

EQUIPMENT AND FUELS

Heating Equipment—Respondents were asked to report the type of heating equipment used as the primary source of heat for their housing unit. The categories shown in the report are: (1) steam or hot water system; (2) central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump; (3) other built-in electric units; (4) floor, wall, or pipeless furnace; and (5) other means. "Other means" includes room heaters with flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; nonportable room heaters without flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; and fireplaces, stoves, or portable room heaters of any kind that can be picked up and moved. A central heating system includes types (1) through (4) listed above. For vacant units which have had the heating equipment removed, the kind of equipment used by the previous occupants is considered to be the heating equipment for the unit (see question H20 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Heating Equipment Data—In 1970, central

heat pumps were included as part of the category "Warm-air furnace" and individual room heat pumps were included in the category "Built-in electric units." In 1980, heat pumps have been combined and are included in this report in the category "Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump."

Air Conditioning—"Air conditioning" is defined as the cooling of air by a refrigeration unit. It does not include evaporative coolers, fans, or blowers which are not connected to a refrigeration unit; however, it does include heat pumps. A central system is an installation which air conditions a number of rooms. In an apartment building, such a system may cool all apartments in the building, each apartment may have its own central system, or there may be several systems, each providing central air conditioning for a group of apartments. A system with individual room controls is a central system. A room unit is an individual air conditioner which is installed in a window or an outside wall and is generally intended to cool one room, although it may sometimes be used to cool more than one room (see question H27 in appendix E).

Vehicles Available - Data for this item refer to the number of households with vehicles available at home for the use of the members of the household. Included in this item are passenger cars, pickup trucks, small panel trucks of one-ton capacity or less, as well as station wagons, company cars, and taxicabs kept at home for use of household members. Cars rented or leased for 1 month or more: police and government cars kept at home; and company vans and trucks of 1-ton capacity or less are also included if kept at home and used for nonbusiness purposes. Dismantled cars, immobile cars used as a source of power for some piece of machinery, and cars, vans, and trucks kept at home but used only for business purposes are excluded. The statistics do not reflect the number of vehicles privately owned or the number of households owning vehicles (see questions H28 and H29 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Automobiles Available Data—In 1970, only data on the number of households with automobiles which were owned or regularly used by members of the household were obtained. Taxicabs, pickups, or large trucks were not counted. In 1980, the data on automobiles available include taxicabs if kept at home for use of household members but exclude pickups or larger trucks. Separate

data were obtained in 1980 on the number of housing units with vans or trucks of 1-ton capacity or less kept at home for use of members of the household.

Fuels Used for House Heating and Water Heating-"Utility gas" is gas piped through underground pipes from a central system that serves the neighborhood. "Bottled, tank, or LP gas" is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. "Fuel oil, kerosene, etc." includes fuel oil, kerosene, gasoline, alcohol, and other combustible liquids. For data on house heating fuel, the category "Other" includes any other fuel such as purchased steam, coal dust, briquettes made of pitch and sawdust, waste materials such as corn cobs, etc. For data on water heating fuel, the category "Other" also includes coal or coke, and wood (see question H21 in appendix E).

FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS

Value—Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and lot) would sell for, if it were for sale (see question H11 in appendix E).

Value is tabulated for certain kinds of housing units. Value statistics are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. The "Specified owner-occupied" universes are the same for the value tabulation and the mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs tabulation.

Price Asked—For vacant for sale only housing units, the price asked is the amount asked for the property at the time of enumeration. The statistics on price asked are shown for "Specified vacant for sale only" housing units, which include vacant for sale only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data also exclude condominium units and mobile homes.

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs—The data are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only

one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. Separate distributions of owner costs are shown for units "With a mortgage" and for units "Not mortgaged." Selected monthly owner costs is the sum of payments for mortgages, deeds of trust, or similar debts on the property; real estate taxes; fire and hazard insurance on the property; utilities (electricity, gas, and water); and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) (see questions H30, H31, and H32 in appendix E).

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1979-Selected monthly housing costs is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same owner-occupied units for which selected monthly owner costs was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain owner-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "Not computed."

Rent—The statistics on rent are tabulated for "Specified renter-occupied" housing units and for "Specified vacant for rent" housing units which include renter units except one-family houses on 10 or more acres. Respondents were asked to report rent only for the housing unit enumerated and to exclude any rent paid for additional units or for business premises. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "No cash rent" in the rent tabulations.

Contract Rent. "Contract rent" is the monthly rent agreed to, or contracted for, regardless of any furnishings, utilities, or services that may be included (see question H12 in appendix E).

Gross Rent. The computed rent termed "Gross rent" is the contract rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities (electricity, gas, and water) and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) if these are

paid for by the renter (or paid for the renter by someone else) in addition to rent. Gross rent is intended to eliminate differentials which result from varying practices with respect to the inclusion of utilities and fuels as part of the rental payment. The estimated costs of water and fuels are reported on a yearly basis but are converted to monthly figures in the computation process (see questions H12 and H22 in appendix E).

Rent Asked. For "Specified vacant for rent" housing units, the rent asked is the amount asked for the rental of the unit at the time of enumeration.

Gross Rent as a Percentage of Household Income in 1979—Monthly gross rent is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same renter-occupied units for which gross rent was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain renter-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units for which no cash rent is paid and units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "Not computed."

Household Income in 1979-Household income is the sum of the money income of all persons 15 years old and over occupying the housing unit, including persons not related to the householder. Data on income are based on money income received in the calendar year 1979. Income is the algebraic sum of the amounts reported separately for wage and salary income; nonfarm net self-employment income; farm net self-employment income; interest, dividend, net rental or royalty income; Social Security or Railroad Retirement income; public assistance or welfare income; and all other income. The figures represent the amount of income received before deductions for personal income taxes, Social Security, bond purchases, union dues, medicare deductions, etc.

Receipts from the following sources were not included as income: money received from the sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property); the value of income "in kind" from food stamps, public housing subsidies, medical care, employer's contributions for pensions, etc.; withdrawal of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; exchange of money between relatives living in the same household; gifts and lump-sum inheritances, insurance payments, and other types of lump-sum receipts.

Although the income statistics cover the calendar year 1979, the composition of households refers to the time of enumeration (April 1, 1980). However, the composition of most households was the same during 1979 as in April 1980. There may be differences between the data on household income in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

Median Income—The median income values presented in this report are computed on the basis of more detailed income intervals than shown in the tables. Median income figures of \$30,000 or less are generally calculated using linear interpolation; all other median income amounts are derived through pareto interpolation.

Comparability With 1970 Census Income Data—In 1970, the statistics on income presented in Series HC80-2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics reports related to the income of the family or primary individual occupying the housing unit; that is, the sum of the income of the head of the family and all other members of the family 14 years old and over or the income of the primary individual. Income of persons living in

the unit but not related to the head of household was not included. In 1980, the statistics on income relate to the income of the household; that is, the sum of the income of all persons 15 years old and over occupying a housing unit, including persons not related to the householder.

A discussion on comparability of income data from other sources including earlier censuses may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports, *General Social and Economic Characteristics*, PC80-1-C.

Poverty Status in 1979—Households are classified below the poverty level when the total 1979 income of the family or of the nonfamily householder is below the appropriate poverty threshold. The income of persons living in the household who are unrelated to the householder is not considered when determining the poverty status of a household. The poverty thresholds vary depending upon three criteria: size of family, number of children, and age of the family householder or unrelated individual. The criteria used in the 1980 census differ slightly from those used in the 1970 census, which took into account the same three factors as well as sex of the family householder or unrelated individual and farm-nonfarm residence. In addition, for the 1980 census the thresholds by size of family were extended from seven or more persons to nine or more persons. The income cutoffs are updated each year to reflect the change in the Consumer Price Index. A more detailed explanation of the poverty definition may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports, General Social and Economic Characteristics, PC80-1-C.

There may be slight differences between the data on poverty status in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

Thresholds at the Poverty Level in 1979 by Size of Family and Number of Related Children Under 18 Years

(Figures in dollars. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction)

	Weighted	Weighted Related children under 18 years											
Size of Family Unit	thresholds	None	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8 or mor			
1 person (unrelated individual)	3,686	3,686			• • •								
Under 65 years	3,774	3,774		• • •		• • •			• • •	• •			
65 years and over	3,479	3,479	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •		• • •	* *			
2 persons	4,723	4,723		• • •		• • •							
Householder under 65 years	4,876	4,858	5,000			• • •				• •			
Householder 65 years and over	4,389	4,385	4,981	• • •		• • •	• • •		• • •	• •			
3 persons	5,787	5,674	5,839	5,844									
4 persons	7,412	7,482	7,605	7,356	7,382								
5 persons	8,776	9,023	9,154	8,874	8,657	8,525							
6 persons	9,915	10,378	10,419	10,205	9,999	9,693	9,512						
7 persons	11,237	11,941	12,016	11,759	11,580	11,246	10,857	10,429					
8 persons	12,484	13,356	13,473	13,231	13,018	12,717	12,334	11,936	11,835				
9 or more persons	14,812	16,066	16,144	15,929	15,749	15,453	15,046	14,677	14,586	14,024			



Appendix C.—General Enumeration and Processing Procedures

USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE	C-
Armed Forces	C-1
Crews of Merchant Vessels	
Persons Away at School	C-1
Persons in Institutions	C-1
Persons Away From Their	
Residence on Census Day	C-1
Americans Abroad	
Citizens of Foreign Countries	C-2
DATA COLLECTION	
PROCEDURES	C-2
PROCESSING PROCEDURES	C-2

USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE

In accordance with census practice dating back to the first U.S. census in 1790, each person enumerated in the 1980 census was counted as an inhabitant of his or her "usual place of residence," which is generally construed to mean the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time. This place is not necessarily the same as the person's legal residence or voting residence. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there might be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishment of residence rules for certain categories of persons whose usual place of residence is not immediately apparent. Furthermore, this practice means that persons were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be staying on Census Day (April 1). Persons without a usual place of residence, however, were counted where they happened to be staying.

Armed Forces

Members of the Armed Forces living on a military installation were counted, as in every previous census, as residents of the area in which the installation was located; members of the Armed Forces not living on a military installation were counted as residents of the area in which they were living. Family members of Armed Forces personnel were counted where they were living on Census Day (i.e., with the Armed Forces personnel or at another location, as the case might be).

Each Navy ship was attributed to the municipality that the Department of the Navy designated as its homeport, except for those ships which were deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day. As was done in the 1970 census, naval personnel aboard deployed ships were defined in the 1980 census as part of the overseas population, because deployment to the 6th or 7th Fleet implies a long-term overseas assignment.

In homeports with fewer than 1,000 naval personnel assigned to ships, the crews were counted aboard the ship. In homeports with 1,000 or more naval personnel assigned to ships, the naval personnel who indicated that they had a usual residence within 50 miles of the homeport of their ship were attributed to that residence.

When a homeport designated by the Navy was contained in more than one municipality, ships homeported and berthed there on Census Day were assigned by the Bureau of the Census to the municipality in which the land immediately adjacent to the dock or pier was actually located. Other ships attributed by the Navy to that homeport, but which were not physically present and not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day, were allocated to the municipality named on the Navy's homeport list.

Crews of Merchant Vessels

Shipboard Census Reports were mailed to crews of merchant vessels through the ships' respective owner-operators based on lists of U.S. flag merchant vessels obtained from the Maritime Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce.

If the ship was berthed in a U.S. port on Census Day, the crew was enumerated as of that port. If the ship was

not berthed in a U.S. port but was inside the territorial waters of the United States, the crew was enumerated as of (a) the port of destination if that port was inside the United States or (b) the homeport of the ship if its port of destination was outside the United States. Crews of U.S. flag vessels which were outside U.S. territorial waters on Census Day and crews of vessels flying a foreign flag were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

Persons Away at School

College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college, as they have been since 1950. However, children in boarding schools below the college level were counted at their parental home.

Persons in Institutions

Inmates of institutions, who ordinarily live there for considerable periods of time, were counted as residents of the area where the institution was located. Patients in short-term wards (general, maternity, etc.) of hospitals were counted at their usual place of residence; if they had no usual place of residence, they were counted at the hospital.

Persons Away From Their Residence on Census Day

Persons in hotels, motels, etc., on the night of March 31, 1980, were requested to fill out a census form for assignment of their census information back to their homes if they indicated that no one was at home to report them in the census. A similar approach was used for persons visiting in private residences, as well as for Americans who left the United States during March 1980 via major intercontinental air or ship carriers for temporary travel abroad. In addition, information on persons away from their usual place of residence was obtained from other members of their families, resident managers, neighbors, etc. If an entire household was expected to be

away during the whole period of the enumeration, information on that household was obtained from neighbors. A matching process was used to eliminate duplicate reports for persons who reported for themselves while away from their usual residence and who were also reported at this usual residence by someone else.

A special enumeration was conducted in such facilities as missions, flophouses, jails, detention centers, etc., on the night of April 6, 1980, and persons enumerated therein were counted as residents of the area in which the establishment was located.

Americans Abroad

Americans who were overseas for an extended period (in the Armed Forces, working at civilian jobs, studying in foreign universities, etc.) were not included in the population of any State or the District of Columbia. On the other hand, Americans who were temporarily abroad on vacations, business trips, and the like were counted at their usual residence in the United States.

Citizens of Foreign Countries

Citizens of foreign countries having their usual residence (legally or illegally) in the United States on Census Day, including those working here (but not living at an embassy, ministry, legation, chancellery, or consulate) and those attending school (but not living at an embassy, etc.), were included in the enumeration, as were members of their families living with them. However, citizens of foreign countries temporarily visiting or traveling in the United States or living on the premises of an embassy, etc., were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

PATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The 1980 census was conducted primarily hrough self-enumeration. A census questionnaire was delivered by postal carriers o every housing unit several days before census Day, April 1, 1980. This questionnaire included explanatory information and was accompanied by an instruction uide. Spanish-language versions of the uestionnaire and instruction guide were vailable on request. The questionnaire

was also available in narrative translation in 32 languages.

In most areas of the United States, altogether containing about 95 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out and mail back the questionnaire on Census Day. Approximately 83 percent of these households returned their forms by mail. Households that did not mail back a form and vacant housing units were visited by an enumerator. Households that returned a form with incomplete or inconsistent information that exceeded a specified tolerance were contacted by telephone or, if necessary, by a personal visit, to obtain the missing information.

In the remaining (mostly sparsely settled) area of the country, which contained about 5 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out the questionnaire and hold it until visited by an enumerator. Incomplete and unfilled forms were completed by interview during the enumerator's visit. Vacant units were enumerated by a personal visit and observation.

Each housing unit in the country received one of two versions of the census questionnaire: a short-form questionnaire containing a limited number of basic population and housing questions or a long-form questionnaire containing these basic questions as well as a number of additional questions. A sampling procedure was used to determine those units which were to receive the longform questionnaire. Two sampling rates were employed. For most of the country, one in every six housing units (about 17 percent) received the long form or sample questionnaire; in counties, incor-. porated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 inhabitants, every other housing unit (50 percent) received the sample questionnaire to enhance the reliability of sample data in small areas.

Special questionnaires were used for the enumeration of persons in group quarters such as colleges and universities, hospitals, prisons, military installations, and ships. These forms contained the population questions but did not include any housing questions. In addition to the regular census questionnaires, the Supplementary Questionnaire for American Indians was used in conjunction with the short form on Federal and State reservations and in the historic areas of

Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas) for households that had at least one American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut household member.

PROCESSING PROCEDURES

The 1980 census questionnaires were processed in a manner similar to that for the 1970 and 1960 censuses. They were designed to be processed electronically by the Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computer (FOSDIC). For most items on the questionnaire, the information supplied by the respondent or obtained by the enumerator was indicated by marking the answers in predesignated positions that would be "read" by FOSDIC from a microfilm copy of the questionnaire and transferred onto computer tape with no intervening manual processing. The computer tape did not include information on individual names and addresses.

The data processing was performed in two stages. For 100-percent data, all short forms, and pages 2 and 3 of the long forms (which have the same questions as the short form), were microfilmed. "read" by FOSDIC, and transferred onto computer tape for tabulation. For the sample data, the long form (or sample) questionnaires were processed through manual coding operations since some questions required the respondent to provide write-in entries which could not be read by FOSDIC. Census Bureau coders assigned alphabetical or numerical codes to the write-in answers in FOSDIC readable code boxes on each questionnaire. After all coding was completed, the long forms were microfilmed, and the film was "read" by FOSDIC and transferred onto computer tape.

The tape containing the information from the questionnaires was processed on the Census Bureau's computers through a number of editing and tabulation steps. Among the products of this operation were computer tapes from which the tables in this report (and most others in the 1980 census publications) were prepared on phototypesetting equipment at the Government Printing Office.

A more detailed description of the data collection and processing procedures can be obtained from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing, *Users' Guide*, PHC80-R1.

Appendix D. — Accuracy of the Data

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INTRODUCTION

The data presented in this publication are based on the 1980 census sample. The data are estimates of the actual figures that would have resulted from a complete count. Estimates can be expected to vary from the complete count result because they are subject to two basic types of error-sampling and nonsampling. The sampling error in the data arises from the selection of persons and housing units to be included in the sample. The nonsampling error is the result of all other errors that may occur during the collection and processing phases of the census. A more detailed discussion of both sampling and nonsampling error and a description of the estimation procedure are given in this appendix.

SAMPLE DESIGN

While every person and housing unit in the 1980 census was enumerated on a

questionnaire that requested certain basic demographic information (e.g., age, number of rooms in living quarters, monthly rent), a sample of persons and housing units was enumerated on a questionnaire that requested additional information. The basic sampling unit for the 1980 census was the housing unit, including all occupants. For persons living in group quarters, the sampling unit was the Two sampling rates were emperson. ployed. In counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 persons (based on precensus estimates), one-half of all housing units and persons in group quarters were to be included in the sample. In all other areas, one-sixth of the housing units or persons in group quarters were sampled. The purpose of this scheme was to provide relatively more reliable estimates for small areas. When both sampling rates were taken into account across the Nation, approximately 19 percent of the Nation's housing units were included in the census sample.

The sample designation method depended on the data collection procedures. In areas containing about 95 percent of the population the census was taken by the mailout/mailback procedure. these areas, the Bureau of the Census either purchased a commercial mailing list which was updated and corrected by Census Bureau field staff, or prepared a mailing list by canvassing and listing each address in the area prior to Census Day. These lists were computerized, and every sixth unit (for 1-in-6 areas) or every second unit (for 1-in-2 areas) was designated as a sample unit by computer. Both of these lists were also corrected by the Post Office.

In non-mailout/mailback areas, a blank listing book with designated sample lines (every sixth or every second line) was prepared for the enumerator. Beginning about Census Day, the enumerator sys-

tematically canvassed the area and listed all housing units in the listing book in the order they were encountered. Completed questionnaires, including sample information for any housing unit which was listed on a designated sample line, were collected.

In both types of data collection procedure areas, an enumerator was responsible for a small geographic area known as an enumeration district, or ED. An ED usually represented the average workload area for one enumerator.

ERRORS IN THE DATA

Since the data in this publication are based on a sample, they may differ somewhat from complete-count figures that would have been obtained if all housing units, persons within those housing units, and persons living in group quarters had been enumerated using the same questionnaires, instructions, enumerators, etc. The deviation of a sample estimate from the average of all possible samples is called the sampling error. The standard error of a survey estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from the possible samples and thus is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error permit the construction of interval estimates with prescribed confidence that the interval includes the average result of all possible samples. The method of calculating standard errors and confidence intervals for the data in this report is given below.

In addition to the variability which arises from the sampling procedures, both sample data and complete-count data are subject to nonsampling error. Nonsampling error may be introduced during each of the many extensive and complex

operations used to collect and process census data. For example, operations such as editing, reviewing, or handling questionnaires may introduce error into the data. A more detailed discussion of the sources of nonsampling error is given in the section on "Control of Nonsampling Error" in this appendix.

Nonsampling error may affect the data in two ways. Errors that are introduced randomly will increase the variability of the data and should therefore be reflected in the standard error. Errors that tend to be consistent in one direction will make both sample and complete-count data biased in that direction. For example, if respondents consistently tend to underreport their income, then the resulting counts of households or families by income category will be skewed toward the lower income categories. Such biases are not reflected in the standard error.

Calculation of Standard Errors

Totals and Percentages—Tables A through D in this appendix contain the information necessary to calculate the standard errors of sample estimates in this report. In order to perform this calculation, it is necessary to know the unadjusted standard error for the characteristic, given in table A or B, that would result under a simple random sample design (of persons, families, or housing units) and estimation technique; the adjustment factor for the particular characteristic estimated, given in table C; and the number of housing units in the tabulation area and the percent of these in sample, given in table D. The adjustment factors reflect the effects of the actual sample design and complex ratio estimation procedure ased for the 1980 census.

To calculate the approximate standard error of an estimate for a geographic area, follow the steps given below:

- a. Obtain the unadjusted standard error from table A or B (or from the formula given below the table) for the estimated total or percentage, respectively.
- b. Find the geographic area with which you are working in table D and obtain the housing unit "percent in sample" figure for this area.
- c. Use table C to obtain the factor for the characteristics (e.g., air-

conditioning, year structure built) and the range that contains the percent-in-sample with which you are working. Multiply the unadjusted standard error by this factor. If the estimate is a cross-tabulation of more than one characteristic, use the largest factor.

As is evident from the formula below tables A and B, the unadjusted standard errors of zero estimates or of very small estimated totals or percentages approach zero. This is also the case for very large percentages or estimated totals that are close to the size of the tabulation areas to which they correspond. These estimated totals and percentages are, nevertheless, still subject to sampling and non-sampling variability, and an estimated standard error of zero (or a very small standard error) is not appropriate.

For estimated percentages that are less than 2 or greater than 98, use the *unadjusted* standard errors in table B that appear in the "2 or 98" row. For an estimated total that is less than 50 or within 50 of the total size of the tabulation area, use an *unadjusted* standard error of 16.

An illustration of the use of the tables is given in a later section of this appendix.

Differences—The standard errors estimated from these tables are not directly applicable to differences between two sample estimates. In order to estimate the standard error of a difference the tables are to be used somewhat differently in the following three situations:

- a. For the difference between a sample estimate and a complete-count value, use the standard error of the sample estimate.
- b. For the difference between (or sum of) two sample estimates, the appropriate standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the two individual standard errors squared; that is, for standard errors Se_x and Se_y of estimates x and v:

Se
$$(x+y) = Se_{(x-y)} = \sqrt{(Se_x)^2 + (Se_y)^2}$$

This method, however, will underestimate (overestimate) the standard error if the two items in a sum are highly positively (negatively) correlated or if the two items in a difference are highly negatively (positively) correlated. This method may also be used for the difference between (or sum of) sample estimates from two censuses or between a census sample and another survey. The standard error for estimates not based on the 1980 census sample must be obtained from an appropriate source outside of this publication.

c. For the difference between two estimates, one of which is a subclass of the other, use the tables directly where the calculated difference is the estimate of interest.

Means—The standard error of a mean depends upon the variability of the distribution on which the mean is based, the size of the sample, the sample design (e.g., the use of households as a sampling unit), and the estimation procedure used.

An approximation to the standard error of the mean may be obtained as follows: compute the variance of the distribution on which the mean is based; multiply this value by five and divide the product by the total count of units in the distribution; obtain the square root of this quotient and multiply the result by the adjustment factor from table C that is appropriate for the characteristic on which the mean is based.

Medians-For the standard error of a median of a characteristic, it is necessary to examine the distribution from which the median is derived, as the size of the base and the distribution itself affect the standard error. An approximate method is given here. As the first step, compute one-half of the number on which the median is based (refer to this result as N/2). Treat N/2 as if it were an ordinary estimate and obtain its standard error as instructed above using tables A, C, and Compute the desired confidence interval about N/2. Starting with the lowest value of the characteristic, cumulate the frequencies in each category of the characteristic until the sum equals or first exceeds the lower limit of the confidence interval about N/2. By linear interpolation, obtain a value of the characteristic corresponding to this sum. This is the lower limit of the confidence interval of the median. In a similar manner, cumulate frequencies starting from the highest value of the characteristic until the sum equals or exceeds the count in excess of the upper limit of the interval about N/2. Interpolate as before to obtain the upper limit of the confidence interval for the estimated median.

Confidence Intervals

A sample estimate and its estimated standard error may be used to construct confidence intervals about the estimate. These intervals are ranges that will contain the average value of the estimated characteristic that results over all possible samples, with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples that could result under the 1980 census sample design were independently selected and surveyed under the same conditions, and if the estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated for each of these samples, then:

- (1) Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one estimated standard error below the estimate to one estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples; and
- (2) Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two estimated standard errors below the estimate to two estimated standard errors above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.

The intervals are referred to as 68 percent and 95 percent confidence intervals, respectively.

The average value of the estimated characteristic that could be derived from all possible samples is or is not contained in any particular computed interval. Thus we cannot make the statement that the average value has a certain probability of falling between the limits of the calculated confidence interval. Rather, one can say with a specified probability or confidence that the calculated confidence interval includes the average estimate from all possible samples (approximately the complete count value).

Confidence intervals may also be constructed for the difference between two sample figures. This is done by computing the difference between these figures, obtaining the standard error of the difference (using the formula given earlier), and then forming a confidence interval for this estimated difference as above. One can then say with specified confidence that this interval includes the difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

The estimated standard errors given in this report do not include all portions of the variability due to nonsampling error that may be present in the data. Thus, the standard errors calculated represent a lower bound of the total error. As a result, confidence intervals formed using these estimated standard errors may not meet the stated levels of confidence (i.e., 68 or 95 percent). Thus, some care must be exercised in the interpretation of the data in this publication based on the estimated standard errors.

For more information on confidence intervals and nonsampling error see any standard sampling theory text.

Use of Tables to Compute Standard Errors

See appendix D of any 1980 Census of Housing, HC-80-1-B, *Detailed Housing Characteristics* report, for examples showing the computation of standard errors and the formation of confidence intervals.

ESTIMATION PROCEDURE

The estimates which appear in this publication were obtained from an iterative ratio estimation procedure which resulted in the assignment of a weight to each sample person or housing unit record. For any given tabulation area, a characteristic total was estimated by summing the weights assigned to the persons or housing units in the tabulation area which possessed the characteristic. Estimates of family or household characteristics were based on the weights assigned to the family members designated as householders. Each sample person or housing unit record was assigned exactly one weight to be used to produce estimates of all characteristics. For example, if the weight given to a sample person or housing unit had the value five, all characteristics of that person or housing unit would be tabulated with a weight of five. The estimation procedure, however, did assign weights which vary from person to person or housing unit to housing unit.

The estimation procedure used to assign the weights was performed in geographically defined "weighting areas." Weighting areas were generally formed of adjoining portions of geography, which closely agreed with census tabulation areas within counties. Weighting areas were required to have a minimum sample of 400 persons. Weighting areas were never allowed to cross state or county boundaries. In small counties with a sample count of less than 400 persons. the minimum required sample condition was relaxed to permit the entire county to become a weighting area.

Within a weighting area, the ratio estimation procedure for persons was performed in three stages. For persons, the first stage employed 17 household type groups. The second stage used two groups: householders and nonhouseholders. The third stage could potentially use 160 age-sex-race-Spanish origin groups. The stages were as follows:

PERSONS

Stage I-Type of Household

Group	Persons in Housing Units With a
	Family With Own Children
	Under 18
1	2 persons in housing unit
2	3 persons in housing unit
3	4 persons in housing unit
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
5	8 or more persons in housing
	unit
	Persons in Housing Units With a
	<u> </u>
	Family Without Own Children

Persons in Housing Units With a Family Without Own Children Under 18

6-10 2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit

Persons in All Other Housing
Units

11 1 person in housing unit
12-16 2 persons in housing unit
through 8 or more persons
in housing unit

17 Persons in group quarters

Stage II—Householder/ Nonhouseholder

Group

Householder

Nonhouseholder (including persons in group quarters)

Stage III—Age/Sex/Race/Spanish Origin

1 2 3 4 5 6 7	White Race Persons of Spanish Origin Male 0 to 4 years of age 5 to 14 years of age 15 to 19 years of age 20 to 24 years of age 25 to 34 years of age 35 to 44 years of age 45 to 64 years of age
8	65 years of age or older
9-16	Female Same age categories as groups 1 to 8
17-32	Persons Not of Spanish Origin Same age and sex categories as groups 1 to 16
33-64	Black Race Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32
65-96	Asian, Pacific Islander Race Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Other Race (includes those races not listed above)

American Indian, Eskimo, or

Same age-sex-Spanish origin

categories as groups 1 to 32

129-160 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Aleut Race

Within a weighting area, the first step in the estimation procedure was to assign each sample person record an initial weight. This weight was approximately equal to the inverse of the probability of selecting a person for the census sample.

The next step in the estimation procedure was to combine, if necessary, the groups in each of the three stages prior to the repeated ratio estimation in order to increase the reliability of the ratio estima-

tion procedure. For the first and second stages, any group that did not meet certain criteria concerning the unweighted sample count or the ratio of the complete count to the initially weighted sample count, was combined, or collapsed, with another group in the same stage according to a specified collapsing pattern. At the third stage, the "Other" race category was collapsed with the "White" race category before the above collapsing criteria as well as an additional criterion concerning the number of complete count persons in each category were applied.

As the final step, the initial weights underwent three stages of ratio adjustment which used the groups listed above. At the first stage, the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the initial weights for each sample person was computed for each stage I group. The initial weight assigned to each person in a group was then multiplied by the stage I group ratio to produce an adjusted weight. In stage II, the stage I adjusted weights were again adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage I weights for sample persons in each stage II group. Finally, the stage II weights were adjusted at stage III by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage II weights for sample persons in each stage III group. The three stages of adjustment were performed twice (two iterations) in the order given above. The weights obtained from the second iteration for stage III were assigned to the sample person records. However, to avoid complications in rounding for tabulated data, only whole number weights were assigned. For example, if the final weight for the persons in a particular group was 7.2, then one-fifth of the sample persons in this group were randomly assigned a weight of 8 and the remaining four-fifths received a weight

Separate weights were derived for tabulating the place of work and migration data items. The weights were obtained by adjusting the weight derived above for persons on questionnaires selected for coding by the reciprocal of the ED coding rate and a ratio adjustment to ensure that the sum of the weights and the complete count total population figure would agree.

The ratio estimation procedure for

housing units was essentially the same as that for persons. The major difference was that the occupied housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in two stages and the vacant housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in one stage. The first stage for occupied housing units employed 16 household-type categories and the second stage could potentially use 190 tenure-race-Spanish origin-value/rent groups. For vacant housing units, three groups were utilized. The stages for the ratio estimation for housing units were as follows:

OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS

Stage I-Type of Household

Group	Housing Units With a Family					
	With Own Children Under 18					
1	2 persons in housing unit					
2	3 persons in housing unit					
3	4 persons in housing unit					
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit					
5	8 or more persons in housing					
	unit					
	Housing Units With a Family					

Without Own Children Under 18
6-10 2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit

All Other Housing Units

1 person in housing unit

12-16 2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit

Stage II—Tenure/Race and Origin of Householder/Value or Rent

Group	Owner
	White Race (householder)
	Persons of Spanish Origin
	(householder)
	Value of House
1	\$0 to \$9,999
2	\$10,000 to \$19,999
3	\$20,000 to \$24,999
4	\$25,000 to \$49,999
5	\$50,000 to \$99,999
6	\$100,000 to \$149,999
7	\$150,000+
8	Other Owners

Persons Not of Spanish Origin

97-128

9-16	Same value categories
	as groups 1 to 8
	Director Dana
17-32	Black Race Same value—Spanish origin
17-32	categories as groups 1
	to 16
	10 10
	Asian, Pacific Islander Race
33-48	Same value—Spanish origin
	categories as groups 1
	to 16
	American Indian, Eskimo,
	or Aleut Race
49-64	Same value—Spanish origin
	categories as groups 1
	to 16
	0.4
	Other Race (includes those races not listed above)
65-80	Same value—Spanish origin
03-00	categories as groups 1
	to 16
F	Renter
	White Race
	Persons of Spanish Origin Rent Categories
81	\$1 to \$59
82	\$60 to \$99
83	\$100 to \$149
84	\$150 to \$199
85	\$200 to \$249
86	\$250 to \$299
87	\$300 to \$399
88	\$400 to \$499
89	\$500+
90 91	Other Renter No Cash Rent
91	NO Casil Nell
	Persons not of Spanish
	origin
92-102	Same rent categories as
02 102	groups 81 to 91
103-124	Same rent Spenish evicin
105-124	Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81
	to 102
125-146	Asian, Pacific Islander Race Same rent—Spanish origin
140-140	categories as groups 81
	to 102
	American Indian, Eskimo,
	or Aleut Race
147-168	Same rent—Spanish origin
	categories as groups 81
	to 102

Other Race (includes those races not listed above)

169-190 Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102

VACANT HOUSING UNITS

Group

1 Vacant for Rent2 Vacant for Sale3 Other Vacant

The estimates produced by this procedure realize some of the gains in sampling efficiency that would have resulted if the population had been stratified into the ratio estimation groups before sampling, and the sampling rate had been applied independently to each group. The net effect is a reduction in both the standard error and the possible bias of most estimated characteristics to levels below what would have resulted from simply using the initial (unadjusted) weight. A by-product of this estimation procedure is that the estimates from the sample will, for the most part, be consistent with the complete-count figures for the population and housing unit groups used in the estimation procedure.

CONTROL OF NONSAMPLING ERROR

As mentioned above, nonsampling error is present in both sample and complete count data. If left unchecked, this error could introduce serious bias into the data, the variability of which could increase dramatically over that which would result purely from sampling. While it is impossible to completely eliminate nonsampling error from an operation as large and complex as the 1980 census, the Bureau of the Census attempted to control the sources of such error during the collection and processing operations. The primary sources of nonsampling error and the programs instituted for control of this error are described below. The success of these programs, however, was contingent upon how well the instructions were actually carried out during the census. To the extent possible, both the effects of these programs and the amount of error remaining after their application will be evaluated.

Undercoverage—It is possible for some persons or housing units to be entirely missed by the census. This undercoverage of persons and housing units can introduce biases into the data. Several extensive programs were developed to focus on this important problem.

- The Postal Service reviewed mailing lists and reported housing unit addresses which were missing, undeliverable, or duplicated in the listings.
- The purchased commercial mailing list was updated and corrected by a complete field review of the list of housing units during a precanvass operation.
- A record check was performed to reduce the undercoverage of individual persons in selected areas. Independent lists of persons, such as driver's license holders, were matched with the household rosters in the census listings. Persons not matched to the census rosters were followed up and added to the census counts if they were found to have been missed.
- A recheck of units initially classified as vacant or nonexistent was utilized to further reduce the undercoverage of persons.

More extensive discussions of programs developed to reduce undercoverage will be published as the analyses of those programs are completed.

Respondent and Enumerator Error—The person answering the questionnaire or responding to the questions posed by an enumerator could serve as a source of error by offering incorrect or incomplete information. To reduce this source of error, questions were phrased as clearly as possible based on precensus tests and detailed instructions for completing the questionnaire were provided to each household. In addition, respondents' answers were edited for completeness and consistency and followed up as necessary. For example, if the source of water item was incomplete for a housing unit, longform field edit procedures would recognize the situation, and a followup attempt to obtain the information would be made.

The enumerator may misinterpret or otherwise incorrectly record information given by a respondent; may fail to collect some of the information for a person or household; or may collect sample data for

households that were not designated as part of the sample. To control these problems, the work of enumerators was carefully monitored. Field staff were prepared for their tasks by using standardized training packages which included experience in using census materials. A sample of the households interviewed by enumerators for nonresponse was reinterviewed to control for the possibility of data for fabricated persons being submitted by enumerators. Also, the estimation procedure was designed to control for biases that would result from the collection of data from households not designated for the sample.

Processing Error—The many phases of processing the census represent potential sources for the introduction of nonsampling error. The processing of the census questionnaires includes the field editing, followup, and transmittal of completed questionnaires; the manual coding of write-in responses; and the electronic data processing. The various field, coding and computer operations undergo a number of quality control checks to insure their accurate application.

Nonresponse—Nonresponse to particular questions on the census questionnaire allows for the introduction of bias into the data, since the characteristics of the nonrespondents have not been observed and may differ from those reported by respondents. As a result, any allocation procedure using respondent data may not completely reflect this difference either at the element level (individual person or housing unit) or on the average. Some protection against the introduction of large biases is afforded by minimizing

nonresponse. In the census, nonresponse was substantially reduced during the field operations by the various edit and follow-up operations aimed at obtaining a response for every question. Characteristics for the nonresponses remaining after this operation were allocated by the computer using reported data for a person or housing unit with similar characteristics. The allocation procedure is described below.

EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of statistics that describes the nation's housing as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, certain unacceptable entries were edited.

In the field, questionnaires were reviewed for omissions and certain inconsistencies by a census clerk or an enumerator and, if necessary, a followup was made to obtain missing information. In addition, a similar review of questionnaires was done in the central processing offices. As a rule, however, editing was performed by hand only when it could not be done effectively by machine.

As one of the first steps in computerized editing, the configuration of marks on the questionnaire was scanned electronically to determine whether it contained information for a person or housing unit or merely spurious marks. If any characteristic for a housing unit was still missing when the questionnaires reached the central processing offices, it was supplied by allocation. Allocation, or assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries, were

needed most often when an entry for a given item was lacking or when the information reported for a particular item was inconsistent with another item for the same housing unit. As in previous censuses, allocations or the assignment of acceptable entries were used to replace blanks or unacceptable entries. allocation procedure was based on using information reported for another housing unit with characteristics similar to those of the housing unit for which allocation was necessary. For example, if the unit was reported as rented but the amount of rent was missing, the computer automatically assigned the rent that was reported for the preceding renter-The assignment of occupied unit. acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries is designed to enhance the usefulness of the data.

Specific tolerances were established for the number of computer allocations that would be permitted. If the number of corrections was beyond tolerance, the questionnaires in which the errors occurred were clerically reviewed. If it was found that the errors resulted from damaged questionnaires, from improper microfilming, from faulty reading by FOSDIC of undamaged questionnaires, or from other types of machine failure, the questionnaires were reprocessed.

ALLOCATION TABLES

The extent of allocations for nonresponses and inconsistencies for individual subject items is given for SMSA's and places in the 1980 Census of Population PC80-1-B and PC80-1-C reports and in the 1980 Census of Housing HC80-1-A and HC80-1-B reports.

Table A. Unadjusted Standard Errors for Estimated Totals

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated							Slze	of public	ation area	<u>2</u> /				
Total 1/	500	1 000	2 500	5 000	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000	1 000 000	5 000 000	10 000 000	25 000 000
50	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
100	20	21	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
250	25	30	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35
500	-	35	45	45	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
1 000	-	-	55	65	65	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
2 500	-	-	-	80	95	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110
5 000	-	-	-	-	110	140	150	150	160	160	160	160	160	160
10 000	-	-	-	-	-	170	200	210	220	220	220	220	220	220
15 000	-	-	-	-	-	170	230	250	270	270	270	270	270	270
25 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	250	310	340	350	350	350	350	350
75 000	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	310	510	570	590	610	610	610
100 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	550	630	670	700	700	710
250 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	790	970	1 090	1 100	1 100
500 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	1 120	1 500	1 540	1 570
1 000 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 000	2 120	2 190
5 000 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	3 540	4 470
10 000 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5 480

^{1/} For estimated totals larger than 10 000 000, the standard error is somewhat larger than the table values. The formula given below should be used to calculate the standard error.

Se
$$(\hat{Y}) = \sqrt{5\hat{Y}(1-\hat{Y})}$$

N = Size of area

 \hat{Y} = Estimate of characteristic total

Table B. Unadjusted Standard Error in Percentage Points for Estimated Percentages

[Based on a 1-In-6 simple random sample]

Estimated Percentage						Base	of percen	1/ itage					
	500	750	1 000	1 500	2 500	5 000	7 500	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000
2 or 98	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
5 or 95	2.2	1.8	1.5	1.3	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1
10 or 90	3.0	2.4	2.1	1.7	1.3	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1
15 or 85	3.6	2.9	2.5	2.1	1.6	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
20 or 80	4.0	3.3	2.8	2.3	1.8	1.3	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
25 or 75	4.3	3.5	3.1	2.5	1.9	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
30 or 70	4.6	3.7	3.2	2.6	2.0	1.4	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1
35 or 65	4.8	3.9	3.4	2.8	2.1	1.5	1.2	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2
50	5.0	4.1	3.5	2.9	2.2	1.6	1.3	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.4	8.2	0.2

 $[\]frac{1}{2}$ / For a percentage and/or base of percentage not shown in the table, the formula given below may be used to calculate the standard error.

Se
$$(\hat{p}) = \sqrt{\frac{5}{B} \hat{p} (100 - \hat{p})}$$

B = Base of estimated percentage

 \hat{p} = Estimated percentage

^{2/} The total count of housing units in the area.

Table C. Standard Error Adjustment Factors

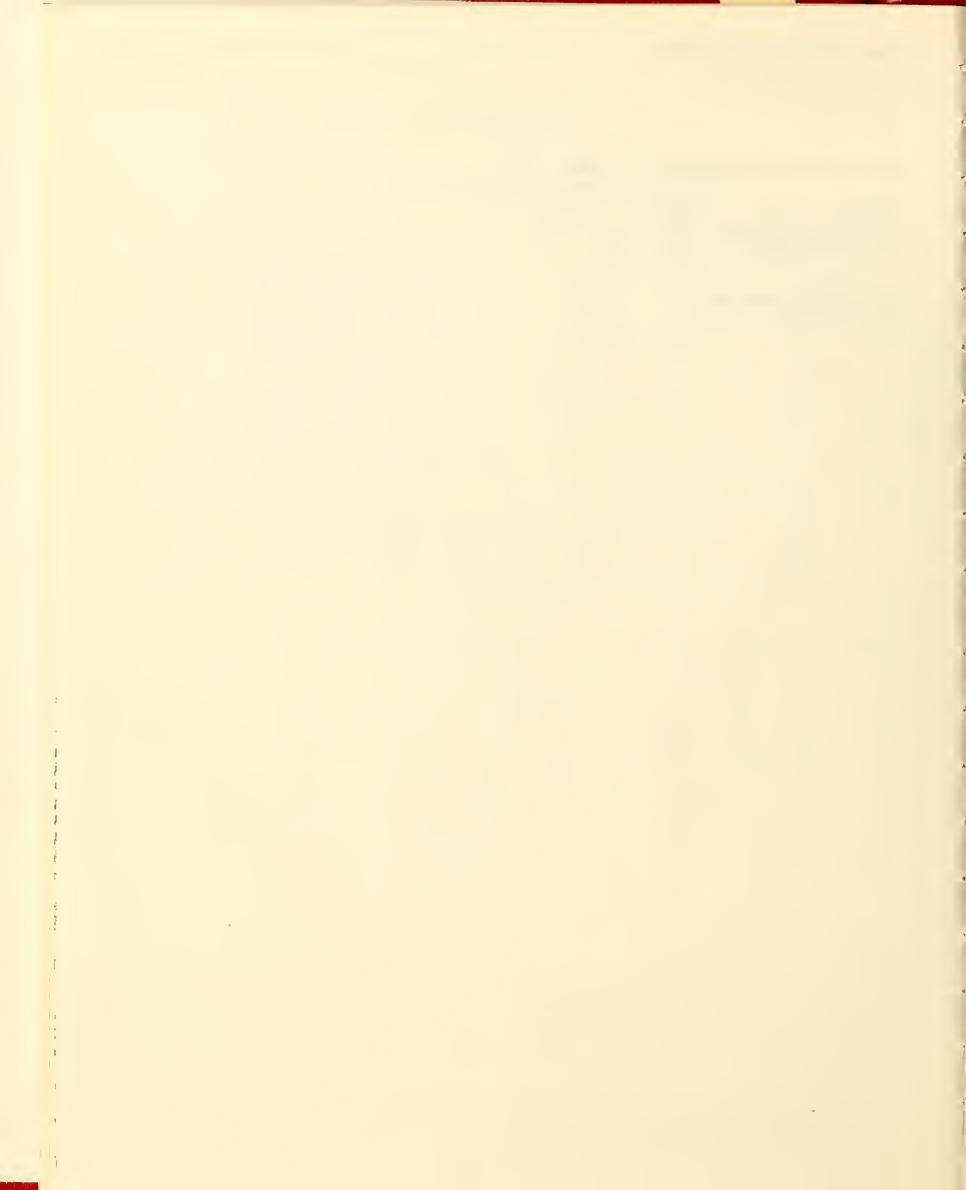
Percent of persons or housing units in sample!

Characteristic	Less than 19 Percent	19 to 33 Percent	More than 33 Percent
Household type	1.1	0.9	0.5
Age and sex of householder	1.0	1.0	0.5
Occupancy status	1.1	0.7	0.5
Vacant price asked and vacant rent asked	1.1	0.7	0.5
Tenure	1.1	0.9	0.5
Units in structure	1.1	0.9	0.5
Stories in structure	1.0	1.0	0.5
Passenger elevator	0.9	0.9	0.5
Persons in unit	1.1	0.9	0.5
Year structure builtYear householder moved into	1.1	0.8	0.5
housing unit	1.1	0.9	0.5
Heating equipment and fuel	1.1	0.9	0.5
Number of bedrooms	1.1	0.9	0.5
Rooms	1.1	0.9	0.5
Telephone in housing unit	1.1	0.9	0.5
Air conditioning	1.3	0.9	0.5
Vehicles available	1.1	0.9	0.5
Gross rent and contract rent Gross rent as a percentage of household	1.1	0.9	0.5
income in 1979 Mortgage status and selected	1.1	0.9	0.5
monthly owner costs	1.1	0.9	0.5
Household Income	1.1	0.9	0.5
Poverty status: Housing Existence of complete plumbing for exclusive use with 1.01 persons per	1.1	0.8	0.5
room or more	1.1	0.8	0.5
Value	1.0	1.0	0.5

Table D. Percent of Housing Units in Sample: 1980

[For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

The SMSA	Hausing	units
Places of 50,000 or More and Central Cities of SMSA's	100-percent count	Percent in sample
The SMSA	58 343	15.8
PLACES OF 50,000 OR MORE AND CENTRAL CITIES OF SMSA's		
Brocktan city	34 720	15.8



Appendix E.—Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 1 THROUGH 10

- 1. List in question 1 (on page 1), the names of all the people who usually live here. Then turn to pages 2 and 3 where there are columns to list up to seven persons. In the first column print the name of one of the household members in whose name this home is owned or rented. If no household member owns or rents the living quarters, list in the first column any adult household member who is not a roomer, boarder, or paid employee. Print the names of the other household members, if any, in the columns which follow, using question 1 as a checklist.
- 2. Fill a circle to show how each person is related to the person in column 1.
 - A stepchild or legally adopted child of the person in column 1 should be marked Son/daughter. Foster children or wards living in the household should be marked Roomer, boarder.
- 3. Be sure to fill a circle for the sex of each person.
- 4. Fill the circle for the category with which the person most closely identifies. If you fill the Indian (American) or Other circle, be sure to print the name of the specific Indian tribe or specific group.
- 5. Enter age at last birthday in the space provided (enter "O" for babies less than one year old). Also enter month and year of birth, and fill the appropriate circles. For an illustration of how to complete question 5, see the example on pages 4 and 5. If age or month or year of birth is not known, give your best estimate.
- 6. If the person's only marriage was annulled, mark Never married.
- 7. A person is of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent if the person identifies his or her ancestry with one of the listed groups, that is, Mexican, Puerto Rican, etc. Origin or descent (ancestry) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born.
- 8. Do not count enrollment in a trade or business school, company training, or tutoring unless the course would be accepted for credit at a regular elementary school, high school, or college. A *public* school is any school or college which is controlled and supported primarily by a local, county, State, or Federal Government.
- 9. Fill only one circle. Mark the highest grade ever attended even if the person did not finish it. If the person is still in school, mark the grade in which now enrolled. Schooling received in foreign or ungraded schools should be reported as the equivalent grade or year in the regular American school system. If uncertain whether a Head Start program is for nursery school or kindergarten, mark the circle for Nursery school.

If the person skipped or repeated grades, mark the highest grade ever attended regardless of how long it took to get there. Persons who did not attend any college but who completed high school by finishing the 12th grade or by passing an equivalency test, such as the

- General Educational Development (GED) examination, should fill the circle for the 12th grade.
- Mark Finished this grade (or year) only if the person finished the entire grade or year marked in question 9 or if the highest grade was completed by passing a high school equivalency test.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H4 THROUGH H12

- **H4.** Mark only one circle. *This address* means the house or building number where your living quarters are located.
- H5. Mark the second circle only if you *must* go through someone else's living quarters to get to your own.
- H6. Consider that you have hot water even if you have it only part of the time.
 - Mark Yes, but also used by another household if someone else who lives in the same building, but is not a member of your household, also uses the facilities. Mark this circle also if the occupants of living quarters now vacant would also use the facilities in your living quarters.
- H7. Count only whole rooms used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Do not count bathrooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, or unfinished attics, unfinished basements, or other space used for storage.
- H8. Mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned outright or are mortgaged. Also mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned but the land is rented.
 - Mark Rented for cash rent if any money rent is paid. Rent may be paid by persons who are not members of your household.
 - Occupied without payment of cash rent includes, for example, a parsonage, military housing, a house or apartment provided free of rent by the owner, or a house or apartment occupied by a janitor or caretaker in exchange for services.
- H9. A condominium is housing in which the apartments or houses in a development are individually owned, but the common areas, such as lobbies, halls, etc., are jointly owned. The person owning a condominium very likely has a mortgage on the particular unit.
- H10b. A commercial establishment is easily recognized from the outside, for example, a grocery store or barber shop. A medical office is a doctor's or dentist's office regularly visited by patients.
- H11. Include the value of the house, the land it is on, and any other structures on the same property. If the house is owned but the land is rented, estimate the combined value of the house and the

land. If this is a condominium unit, enter the estimated value for your living quarters and your share of the common elements.

H12. Report the rent agreed to or contracted for, even if the rent is unpaid or paid by someone else.

If rent is not paid by the month, change the rent to a monthly amount; and then fill the appropriate circle in question H12.

If rent is paid:	Multiply rent by:
By the day	30
By the week	4
Every other wer	ek 2

If rent is paid;	Divide rent by:
4 times a year 2 times a year	3 6
Once a year	12

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H13 THROUGH H20

H13. Mark only one circle.

Detached means there is open space on all sides, or the house is joined only to a shed or garage. Attached means that the house is joined to another house or building by at least one wall which goes from ground to roof.

Mark A one-family house detached from any other house when a mobile home or trailer has had one or more rooms added or built onto it; a porch or shed is not considered a room.

Count all occupied and vacant living quarters in the house or building, but not stores or office space.

- H14a. Do not count unfinished basements or unfinished attics. However, a basement or attic with finished room(s) for living purposes should be counted as a story.
- H15a. A city or suburban lot is usually located in a city, a community, or any built-up area outside a city or community, and is not larger than the house and yard. All living quarters in apartment buildings, including garden-type apartments in the city or suburbs, are considered on a city or suburban lot.

A place is a farm, ranch, or any other property, other than a city or suburban lot, on which this residence is located.

H16. If a well provides water for six or more houses or apartments, mark A public system. If a well provides water for five or fewer houses or apartments, mark one of the categories for individual well.

Drilled wells, or small diameter wells, are usually less than 1½ feet in diameter. Dug wells are generally hand dug and are wider.

- H17. A public sewer is operated by a government body or a private organization. A septic tank or cesspool is an underground tank or pit used for disposal of sewage.
- H19. The term person in column 1 refers to the person listed in the first column on page 2. This person should be the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the house is owned or rented. If there is no such person, any adult household member can be the person in column 1. Mark when this person last moved into this house or apartment.
- **H20.** This question refers to the type of heating equipment and not to the fuel used.

An electric heat pump is sometimes known as a reverse cycle

system. It may be centrally installed with ducts to the rooms or individual heat pumps in the rooms.

A floor, well, or pipeless furnace delivers warm air to the room right above the furnace or to the room(s) on one or both sides of the wall in which the furnace is installed and does not have ducts leading to other rooms.

Any heater that you plug into an electric outlet should be counted as a portable room heater.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H21 THROUGH H32

- H21. Gas from underground pipes is piped in from a central system such as one operated by a public utility company or a municipal government. Bottled, tank, or LP gas is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. Other fuel includes any fuel not separately listed, for example, purchased steam, fuel briquettes, waste material, etc.
- H22. If your living quarters are rented, enter the costs for utilities and fuels only if you pay for them in addition to the rent entered in H12. If already included in rent, fill the appropriate circle.

The amounts to be reported should be for the past 12 months, that is, for electricity and gas, the monthly average for the past 12 months; for water and other fuels, the total amount for the past 12 months.

Estimate as closely as possible when exact costs are not known.

Report amounts even if your bills are unpaid or paid by someone else. If the bills include utilities or fuel used also by another apartment or a business establishment, estimate the amounts for your own living quarters. If gas and electricity are billed together, enter the combined amount on the electricity line and bracket (\langle) the two utilities.

- H23. The kitchen sink, stove, and refrigerator must be located in the building but do not have to be in the same room. Portable cooking equipment is not considered as a range or cook stove.
- **H26.** Answer Yes only if the telephone is located in your living quarters.
- H27. Count only equipment used to cool the air by means of a refrigeration unit.
- H28-- H29. Count company cars (including police cars and taxicabs) and company trucks that are regularly kept at home and used by household members. Do not count cars or trucks permanently out of working order.
- H30 H32. Do not answer these questions if you live in a cooperative, regardless of the number of units in the structure.
- H30. Report taxes for all taxing jurisdictions even if they are included in mortgage payment, not paid yet, paid by someone else, or are delinquent.
- H31. When premiums are paid on other than a yearly basis, convert to a yearly basis and enter the yearly amount, even if no payment was made during the past 12 months.
- H32a. The word "mortgage" is used as a general term to indicate all types of loans which are secured by real estate.

- b. A second or junior mortgage is also secured by real estate but has been made by the homeowner in addition to the first mortgage.
- c. Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see instructions for H12 to change it to a monthly amount.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 11 THROUGH 14

11. For persons born in the United States:

Print the name of the State in which this person's mother was living when this person was born. For persons born in a hospital, do not give the State in which the hospital was located unless the hospital and the mother's home were in the same State or the location of the mother's home is not known. For example, if a person was born in a hospital in Washington, O.C., but the mother's home was in Virginia at the time of the person's birth, enter "Virginia."

For persons born outside the United States:

Print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., where the person was born. Use international boundaries as now recognized by the United States. Specify whether Northern Ireland or Ireland (Eire); East or West Germany; England, Scotland or Wales (not Great Britain or United Kingdom). Specify the particular island in the Caribbean, not, for example, West Indies.

12. This question is only for persons born in a foreign country. Fill the Yes, a naturalized citizen circle only if the person has completed the naturalization process and is now a citizen.

If the person has entered the U.S. more than once, fill the circle for the year he or she came to stay permanently.

13a. Mark No, only speaks English if the person always speaks English at home; then skip to question 14.

Mark Yes if the person speaks a language other than English at home. Do not mark Yes for a language spoken only at school nr if speaking ability is limited to a few expressions or slang.

- b. Print the non-English language spoken at home. If this person speaks two or more non-English languages at home and cannot determine which is spoken most often, report the first language the person learned to speak.
- c. Fill the circle that best describes the person's ability to speak English.
 - (1) The circle Very well should be filled for persons who have no difficulty speaking English.
 - (2) The circle Well should be filled for persons who have only minor problems which do not seriously limit their ability to speak English.
 - (3) The circle Not well should be filled for persons who are seriously limited in their ability to speak English.
 - (4) The circle Not at all should be filled for persons who do not speak English at all.
- 14. Print the ancestry group with which the person identifies. Ancestry (or origin or descent) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or the country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. Persons who are of more than one origin and who cannot identify with a single group should print their multiple ancestry (for example, German-Irish).

Be specific; for example, if ancestry is "Indian," specify whether American Indian, Asian Indian, or West Indian. Distinguish Cape Verdean from Portuguese, and French Canadian from Canadian.

A religious group should not be reported as a person's ancestry.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 15 THROUGH 20

- 15a. Mark Yes, this house if this person lived in this same house or apartment on April 1, 1975, but moved away and came back between then and now. Mark No, different house if this person lived in the same building but in a different apartment (or in the same mobile home or trailer but on a different trailer site).
 - b. If this person lived in a different house or apartment on April 1, 1975, give the location of this person's usual home at that time.
 - Part (1) If the person was living in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the name of the State. If the person did not live in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.
 - Part (2) If in Louisiana, print the parish name. If in Alaska, print the borough name. If in New York City print the borough name if the county name is not known. If an independent city, leave blank.
 - Part (3) If in Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island or Vermont, print the name of the town rather than the name of the village or city, unless the name of the town is unknown.
 - Part (4) Mark Yes if you know that the location is *now* inside the limits of a city, town, village or other incorporated place, even if it was not inside the limits on April 1, 1975.
- 17a. Mark Yes only if this person was on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard. Mark No if the person was in the National Guard or the reserves.
 - b. Mark Yes if the person was attending a college or university either full or part time and was enrolled for credit toward a degree. Mark No if the person was taking only non-credit courses or was attending a vocational or trade school, such as secretarial school.
 - c. Mark Yes, full time if the person worked full time (35 hours or more per week). Mark Yes, part time if the person worked part time (less than 35 hours per week). Mark No if the person only did unpaid volunteer work, housework or yard work at own home, or if the only work done was as a resident of an institution.
- 18a. Mark Yes if this person was ever on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard, even if the time served was short. For persons in the National Guard or military reserve units, mark Yes only if the person was ever called to active duty; mark No if the only service was active duty for training.
 - b. If this person served during more than one period, fill all circles which apply, even if service was for a short time.
- 19. The term "health condition" refers to any physical or mental problem which has lasted for 6 or more months. A serious problem with seeing, hearing, or speech should be considered a health condition. Pregnancy or a temporary health problem such as a broken bone that is expected to heal normally should not be considered a health condition.
- 20. Count all children born alive, including any who have died (even shortly after birth) or who no longer live with her.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 21 THROUGH 26

- 21. If the exact date of marriage is not known, give your best estimate.
- 22a. Mark Yes if the person worked, either full or part time, on any day of last week (Sunday through Saturday).

Count as work:

Work for someone else for wages, salary, piece rate, commission, tips, or payments "in kind" (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).

Work in own business, professional practice, or farm.

Any work in a family business or farm, paid or not.

Any part-time work including babysitting, paper routes, etc.

Active duty in Armed Forces.

Do not count as work:

Housework or yard work at home.

Unpaid volunteer work.

Work done as a resident of an institution.

- b. Give the actual number of hours worked at all jobs last week, even if that was more or fewer hours than usually worked.
- 23. If the person worked at several locations, but reported to the same location each day to begin work, print where he or she reported. If the person did not report to the same location each day to begin work, print the words "various locations" for 23a, and give as much information as possible in the remainder of 23 to identify the area in which he or she worked most last week.

If the person's employer operates in more than one location (such as a grocery store chain or public school system), give the exact address of the location or branch where the person worked.

If the person worked in a foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., print the name of the country in 23e and leave the other parts of 23 blank.

- 24a. Travel time is from door to door. Include time taken waiting for public transportation, picking up passengers in carpools, etc.
 - b. Mark Worked at home for a person who works on a farm where he or she lives, or in an office or shop in the person's home.
 - c. If the person was driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a non-work destination, mark **Drive alone**.
 - d. Do not include riders who rode to school or some other non-work destination.
- 25. If the person works only during certain seasons or on a day-to-day basis when work is available, mark No.
- 26a. Mark Yes if the person tried to get a job or to start a business or professional practice at any time in the last four weeks; for example, registered at an employment office, went to a job interview, placed or answered ads, or did anything toward starting a business or professional practice.
 - b. Mark No, already has a job if the person was on layoff or was expecting to report to a job within 30 days.

Mark No, temporarily ill if the person expects to be able to work within 30 days.

Mark No, other reasons if the person could not have taken a job because he or she was going to school, taking care of children, etc.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 27 THROUGH 29

- 27. Look at the instructions for 22a to see what to count as work. Mark Never worked if the person: (1) never worked at any kind of job or business, either full or part time, (2) never did any work, with or without pay, in a family business or farm and (3) never served in the Armed Forces.
- 28a. If the person worked for a company, business, or government agency, print the name of the company, not the name of the person's supervisor. If the person worked for an individual or a business that has no company name, print the name of the individual worked for. If the person worked in his or her own business, print "self-employed."
 - b. Print two or more words to tell what the business, industry, or individual employer named in 28a does. If there is more than one activity, describe only the major activity at the place where the person works. Enter what is made, what is sold, or what service is given.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable
Furniture company	Metal furniture manufacturing
Grocery store	Wholesale grocery store
Oil company	Retail gas station
Ranch	Cattle ranch

c. Mark Manufacturing if the factory, plant, mill, etc., mostly makes things, even if it also sells them.

Mark Wholesale trade if the business mostly sells things to stores or other companies.

Mark Retail trade if the business mostly sells things (not services) to individuals.

Mark Other if the main activity of the employer is not making or selling things. Some examples of Other are farming, construction, and services such as those provided by hotels, dry cleaners, repair shops, schools, and banks.

29a. Print two or more words to describe the kind of work the person does. If the person is a trainee, apprentice, or helper, include that in the description.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Acceptable
Production clerk
Carpenter's helper
Auto engine mechanic
Registered nurse

b. Print the most important things that the person does on the job. Some examples are shown on the census form.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 30 THROUGH 33

30. If the person was an employee of a *private* nonprofit organization, such as a church, fill the first circle.

Mark Local government employee for a teacher working in an elementary or secondary public school.

- 31a. Look at the instructions for question 22a to see what to count as work.
 - b. Count every week in which the person did any work at all, even for an hour.
 - c. If the hours worked each week varied considerably, give the best estimate of the hours usually worked most weeks.
 - d. Count every week in which the person did not work at all, but spent any time looking for work or on layoff from a job. Looking for work means trying to get a job or start a business or professional practice; layoff includes either temporary or indefinite layoff.
- 32. Fill the Yes or No circle for each part and enter the appropriate amount. If income from any source was received jointly by household members, report if possible, the appropriate share for each person; otherwise, report the whole amount for only one person and mark No for the other person, unless the other person has additional income of the same type.
 - a. Include sick leave pay. Do not include reimbursement for business

- expenses and pay "in kind," (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).
- Include net earnings (gross earnings minus business expenses) from a nonfarm business. If business lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- c. Include net earnings (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from a farm. If farm lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- d. Include interest and dividends credited to the person's account (for example, from savings accounts and stock shares), net royalties, and net income from rental property.
- Include Social Security or Railroad Retirement payments to retired persons, to dependents of deceased insured workers and to disabled workers.
- f. Include public assistance or welfare payments received from Federal, State, or local agencies. Do not include private welfare payments.
- g. Include all other regular payments, such as government employee retirement, union or private pensions and annuities; unemployment benefits; worker's compensation; Armed Forces allotments; private welfare payments; regular contributions from persons not living in the household; etc.

Do not include lump-sum payments received from the sale of property (capital gains), insurance policies, inheritances, etc.

33. If no income was received in 1979, fill the None circle. If total income was a loss, write "Loss" above the amount.

Please fill out this official Census Form and mail it back on Census Day, Tuesday, April 1, 1980

1980 Census of the United States

		pelow has the			
DO	A1	A2	A4	A5	A6
			1		1

Your answers are confidential

By law (title 13, U.S. Code), census employees are subject to fine and/or imprisonment for any disclosure of your answers. Only after 72 years does your information become available to other government agencies or the public. The same law requires that you answer the questions to the best of your knowledge.

Para personas de habla hispana

(For Spanish-speaking persons): SI USTED DESEA UN CUESTIONARIO DEL CENSO EN ESPAÑOL llame a la oficina del censo. El número de teléfono se encuentra en el encasillado de la dirección.

O, si prefiere, marque esta casilla y devuelva el cuestionario por correo en el sobre que se le incluye.

A message from the Director, Bureau of the Census . . .

We must, from time to time, take stock of ourselves as a people if our Nation is to meet successfully the many national and local challenges we face. This is the purpose of the 1980 census.

The essential need for a population census was recognized almost 200 years ago when our Constitution was written. As provided by article I, the first census was conducted in 1790 and one has been taken every 10 years since then.

The law under which the census is taken protects the confidentiality of your answers. For the next 72 years — or until April 1, 2052 — only sworn census workers have access to the individual records, and no one else may see them.

Your answers, when combined with the answers from other people, will provide the statistical figures needed by public and private groups, schools, business and industry, and Federal, State, and local governments across the country. These figures will help all sectors of American society understand how our population and housing are changing. In this way, we can deal more effectively with today's problems and work toward a better future for all of us.

The census is a vitally important national activity. Please do your part by filling out this census form accurately and completely. If you mail it back promptly in the enclosed postage-paid envelope, it will save the expense and inconvenience of a census taker having to visit you.

Thank you for your cooperation.

U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of the Census Form D-2

Please continue —

How to fill out your Census Form

Page 1

See the filled-out example in the yellow instruction guide. This guide will help with any problems you may have.

If you need more help, call the Census Office The telephone number of the local office is shown at the bottom of the address box on the front cover

Use a black pencil to answer the questions Black pencil is better to use than ballpoint or other pens

Fill circles "O" completely, like this

When you write in an answer, print or write clearly

Make sure that answers are provided for everyone here

See page 4 of the guide if a roomer or someone else in the household does not want to give you all the information for the form

Answer the questions on pages 1 through 5, and then starting with pages 6 and 7, fill a pair of pages for each person in the household

Check your answers. Then write your name, the date, and telephone number on page 20

Mail back this form on Tuesday. April 1, or as soon afterward as you can Use the enclosed envelope, no stamp is needed

1. What is the name of each person who was living

ro on Tuneday April 1 1000 a

Please start by answering Question 1 below

Question 1

List in Question 1

- Family members living here, including babies still in the hospital
- · Relatives living here
- · Lodgers or boarders living here
- Other persons living here
- College students who stay here while attending college, even if their parents live elsewhere
- Persons who usually live here but are temporarily away (including children in boarding school below the college level)
- Persons with a home elsewhere but who stay here most of the week while working

Do Not List in Question 1

- Any person away from here in the Armed Forces
- Any college student who stays somewhere else while attending college
- Any person who usually stays somewhere else most of the week while working there.
- Any person away from here in an institution such as a home for the aged or mental hospital
- Any person staying or visiting here who has a usual home elsewhere

, 3	isiting here ar	
		
······································		
		
,		

Note

If everyone here is staying only temporarily and has a usual home elsewhere, please mark this box .

Then please

- answer the questions on pages 2 through 5 only,
- enter the address of your usual home on page 20

Please continue

These are the set		PERSON in column 1	PERSON in column 2			
Here are the QUESTIONS	These are the columns for ANSWERS	Last name	Last name			
↓	Please fill one column for each person listed in Question 1.	First name Middle initial	First name Middle initia			
2. How is this person related to the person in column 1? Fill one circle. If "Other relative" of person in column 1, give exact relationship, such as mother-in-law, nlece, grandson, etc.		START in this column with the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the home is owned or rented. If there is no such person, start in this column with any adult household member.	If relative of person in column 1 Husband/wife Father/mother Son/daughter Other relative — Brother/sister If not related to person in column 1: Roomer, boarder Other nonrelative — Partner, roommate Paid employee			
3. Sex Fill one	e circle.	☐ Male	○ Male			
4. Is this person		White Asian Indian Black or Negro Hawaiian Japanese Guamanian Chine'se Samoan Filipino Eskimo Korean Aleut Vietnamese Other — Specify Print tribe —	White Asian Indian Black or Negro Hawaiian Japanese Guamanian Chinese Samoan Filipino Eskimo Korean Aleut Vietnamese Other — Specify Indian (Amer.) Print Iribe →			
a. Print age at b. Print month	and fill one circle. In the spaces, and fill one circle	a Age at last birthday b. Month of birth Jan — Mar Apr — June July—Sept Oct.—Dec Dirth C. Year of birth 1	a. Age at last birthday b. Month of birth Jan – Mar Apr – June July—Sept. Oct.—Dec Dec Year of birth 1			
6. Marital stat		☐ Now married ☐ Separated ☐ Widowed ☐ Never married ☐ Divorced	Now married			
7. Is this persorigin or de		No (not Spanish/Hispanic) Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic	No (not Spanish/Hispanic) Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic			
attended re any time? kindergarten, e	guary 1.1980, has this person egular school or college at Fill one circle. Count nursery school, elementary school, and schooling which school diploma or college degree.	No, has not attended since February 1 Yes, public school, public college Yes, private, church-related Yes, private, not church-related	No, has not attended since February 1 Yes, public school, public college Yes, private, church-related Yes, private, not church-related			
regular sch attended? Fill one circle		Highest grade attended: Nursery school Elementary through high school (grade or year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	Highest grade attended: Nursery school Elementary through high school (grade or year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12			
person is in. by equivalen	ding school, mark grade If high school was finished cy test (GED), mark "12."	College (academic year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more O O O O O O O Never attended school - Skip quession 10	College (academic year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more 0 0 0 0 0 0 Never attended school - Skip question 10			
	erson finish the highest year) attended?	 Now attending this grade (or year) Finished this grade (or year) Did not finish this grade (or year) 	 Now attending this grade (or year) Finished this grade (or year) Did not finish this grade (or year) 			
		USE ONLY A. OIONO	USE ONLY A. OI ON OO			

Page 3

	0000	140	201	7		16	I more than	NOW PLEAS	EMINON	EN QUESTIO	143 HI - HIZ	
Last N		ON in	colun	nn /		If you listed 7 persons in	Question 1,	F	OR YOUR	R HOUSEHOL	D	
						,	ote on page 20.	, ,)// / OO/	ITTOOSETTOE	.0	
First n	ame			Mic	ddle initial	H1. Did you k	save anyone out o	Question 1 because you	vere not sure	H9. Is this apartmen	t (house) part of a condon	ninium?
						if the per	son should be list	ed — for example, a new baby	still in the			
If re	lative of per	rson in o	column	1:		1)	•	another home, or a person w	ho stays here	O Yes, a condor	ninium	
					/mother	once in a	while and has no ot	her home?		O Tes, a condo	mingri	
	HusbandSon/date				relative	O Yes -	- On name 20 alve n	me(s) and reason left out.		H10. If this is a one-fa	mily house -	
	○ Brother		1	Other	*	O No	on page 10 gire in			a. Is the house or	na property of 10 or mor	e acres?
,	o brother,	313(0)								O Yes	O No	
It no	t related to	person	in colu	mn 1:		11		ion 1 who is away from hom	e now —			
	Roomer.	boarde	rlo	Other		for examp	le, on a vacation or	n a hospitai?			I the property used as a	
	Partner,		-		relative	O Yes -	- On page 20 give no	me(s) and reason person is aw	σy.	commercial e	stablishment or medical of	office?
	O Paid em				, ,					O Yes	O No	
						112 12 22 22	ulaitina hasa sub	is not already listed?		H11 If you then In a a	ne-family house or a condor	- Interes
(○ Male		0 F	emale		H3. Is anyone	visiting nere with	is not already listed?			own or are buying –	minium
						○ Yes –	On page 20 give no	me of each visitor for whom t	here is no one			
() White		0 /	Asian In	dian		at the home ad	dress to report the person to a	census taker.		e of this property, that is	
(Black or	Negro	0 F	lawana	n	O No					ink this property (house	
(Japanes	e	0 (Guamar	nian	H4 How man	v living quarters	occupied and vacant, are	at this	condominium u	init) would sell for if it we	ere for sale!
(Chinese		0 5	Samoan		address?	y manage questions,					
(Filipino			Skimo						_	this question if this is -	
(Korean			Aleut		One					le home or trailer	
	Vietnam		0 0	Other —	Specify		rtments or living qu				e on 10 or more acres	
(Indian (/	Amer.)				11	rtments or living q				e with a commercial establishedical office on the property	
	Print tribe ->	_					rtments or living q			0177	edicardiffice of the property	'
							rtments or living q			O Less than \$10.	,000 0 \$50,000 to 1	\$54,999
	ge at last		ar of bi	rth			rtments or living q			O \$10,000 to \$14	1,999 O \$55,000 to \$	59,999
. bi	rthday	$\mid I \mid$					rtments or living of			O \$15,000 to \$17	7,499 O \$60,000 to \$	\$64,999
-	-	1.0	8 0	40	400		rtments or living q			O \$17,500 to \$19	9,999	\$69,999
		1, -		100	00		rtments or living q more apartments o			\$20,000 to \$22	2,499 • \$70,000 to \$	\$74,999
	onth of		19 0	2 0	10		more apartments t	i italing quarters		\$22,500 to \$24	,999 🔳 O \$75,000 to \$	\$79,999
DI	rth			3 0	3 0	O This i	s a mobile home or	trailer		O \$25,000 to \$27	7,499 O \$80,000 to	\$80 000
1		_			4 0	H5. Do you e	nter your living qu	arters —		'O \$27,500 to \$29	*,	
				5 0	5 0					O \$30,000 to \$34	*****	
(Jan.—M	ar.		6 0	6 0			or through a common or pub	lic hall?	O \$35,000 to \$39	*	
	Apr.—Ju				7 0	∏ ○ Throu	igh someone else's	living quarters?		O \$40,000 to \$44		
(July—Se			8 0	8 0	H6. Do you ha	ve complete plur	nbing facilities in your livin	g quarters.	O \$45,000 to \$49		1
	Oct.—De				9 0			water, a flush toilet, and a				
					i	shower?	• • •			H12. If you pay rent	for your living quarters –	
(Now ma	rried	0	Separa	ted	0 4 . 4	41. 4			What is the mo	nthly rent?	
() Widowed	d	0	Never	married	11	or this household on out also used by an	•			d by the month, see the insti	ruction
(Divorced	į .						Ill plumbing facilities		guide on how to	figure a monthly rent.	
							umbing facilities in			O Less than \$50	O \$160 to \$16	9
(No (not :	Spanish	/Hispa	nic)		O NO DI	unionig facilities in	name dearter2		○ \$50 to \$59	O \$170 to \$17	9
(Yes, Me	xican, N	lexican	-Amer.,	Chicano		•	ave in your living quarters?		O \$60 to \$69	O \$180 to \$18	19
(Yes, Pue		n m			Do not cou	int bathrooms, por	thes, balconies, foyers, halls, o	r helf-rooms.	- 0 \$70 to \$79	O \$190 to \$19	9
(Yes, Cub		_			O 1 roor	n O 4 roor	ns O 7 rooms		○ \$80 to \$89		24
(Yes, oth	er Span	ish/His	panic		O 2 roor				○ \$90 to \$99	○ \$225 to \$24	19
						○ 3 roor				O \$100 to \$109	O \$250 to \$27	4
	No, has									O \$110 to \$119	O \$275 to \$29	
	Yes, pub				ge	H8. Are your li	ving quarters —			O \$120 to \$129	O \$300 to \$34	
	Yes, priv					O Owne	d or being bought b	you or by someone else in t	his household?		O \$350 to \$39	
(Yes, priv	vate, no	t churc	h-relate	id		d for cash rent?			O \$140 to \$149	O \$400 to \$49	
							pied without payme	int of cash rent?		O \$150 to \$159	○ \$500 or mor	
High	est grade a	ittended	:			TTTTTT	mmm				mmmm	m
(Nursery	school	C	Kinde	ergarten		///////////////////////////////////////	FOR	CENSUS USE	ONLY		
Elen	nentary thro	ugh hig	h schoo	ol (grade	or year)	A4. Block	A6. Serial	B. Type of unit or quarters	For vacant up	nits	D. Months vacant	F. Total
_	1 2 3 4			_		= number	= number	= ' '	C1. Is this uni		=	epersons
	0000					1 1	1 1 1	Occupied	=	ound use	O Less than 1 month	
(_		,			○ First form		ound use onal/Mig. — <i>Skip C2</i> ,	O 1 up to 2 months	
Colle	ge (academ	ic year)				000	0000	 Continuation 		C2 and 0	O 2 up to 6 months	000
	1 2 3 4		8 or n	nore		111	1111	Vacant	C2. Vacancy s	status C, wild D.	O 6 up to 12 months	111
	0000					SSS	8 8 8 8	Vacant	O For re	ot 💻	O I year up to 2 years	
	Never att			Sh/n	action 10	[]	3333	O Regular	O For sa		2 or more years	3 3 3
	- IVEVET BU	wirden 3	~ 1001	Skip qu	escion i O	444	4444	 Usual home 		d or sold, not occupied		744
(Now atte	ending t	his grad	le (or v	ear)	555	5555	elsewhere		for occasional use	E. Indicators	555
	Finished					666	6666	Group quarters	Other		1. O O Mail return	666
	Did not				or)	7 7 7	7 7 7 7			t boarded up?	2. 0 0 Pop./F	777
				, , , , ,	,	888	8888	O First form		c soeroed up?		888
	ONLY	A . 0		0 N	00	999	9999	O Continuation	O Yes	O No	00	999
UJE	OITE !											

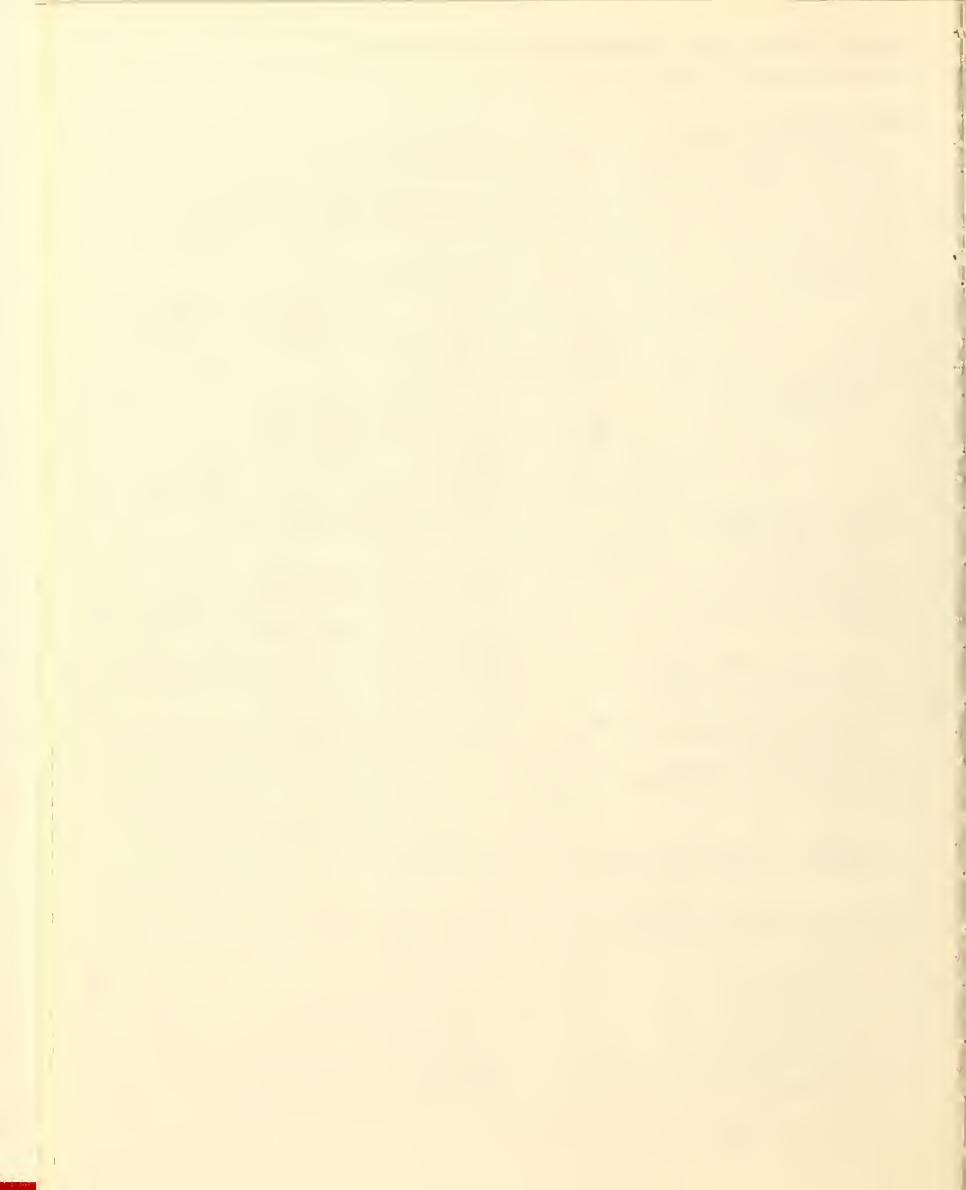
113. Which best describes this building?	H21a. Which fuel is used most for house heating?	CENSU
Include all apartments, flats, etc., even if vacant.	Gas: from underground pipes Coal or coke	USE
A mobile home or trailer	serving the neighborhood Wood	H22a.
 A one-family house detached from any other house 	O Gas: bottled, tank, or LP Other fuel	0 0
A one-family house attached to one or more houses	O Electricity — O No fuel used	I I
A building for 2 families	O Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	s s
A building for 3 or 4 families	b. Which fuel is used most for water heating?	3 3
A building for 5 to 9 families		9- 9-
A building for 10 to 19 families	Gas: from underground pipes serving the neighborhood Coal or coke	5 5
A building for 20 to 49 families A building for 50 on more families	O Wood	6 6
A building for 50 or more families	O Gas: bottled, tank, or LP Other fuel	7 7
A boat, tent, van, etc.	Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	9 9
14a. How many stories (floors) are in this building?	c. Which fuel is used most for cooking?	H22b.
Count an attic or basement as a story if it has any finished rooms for living purpose	cs. Gas: from underground pipes Coal or coke	0 0
○ 1 to 3 — Skip to H15 ○ 7 to 12	serving the neighborhood Wood	I I
0 4 to 6 0 13 or more stories	O Gas: bottled, tank, or LP Other fuel	S S
O 4 to 0 O 13 of more stories	O Electricity O No fuel used	3 3
h le there a nacconger elevator in this huilding?	O Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	e- e-
b. Is there a passenger elevator in this building?	H22. What are the costs of utilities and fuels for your living quarters?	5 5
○ Yes ○ No	a. Electricity	6 6
	\$.00 OR O Included in rent or no charge	7 7
<u>15a</u> Is this building —	Average monthly cost © Electricity not used	8 3
 On a city or suburban lot, or on a place of less than 1 acre? — Skip to H16 		- 9 9
On a place of 1 to 9 acres?	b. Gas	H22c.
On a place of 10 or more acres?	Gais not used	0 0
	Average monthly cost	I I
b. Last year, 1979, did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products	c. Water	5 S
from this place amount to -	\$.00 OR O Included in rent or no charge	3 3
O Less than \$50 (or None) O \$250 to \$599 O \$1,000 to \$2,499	Yearly cost	9- 9-
○ \$50 to \$249	d. Oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.	5 5
		GG
6. Do you get water from	\$.00 OR O Included in rent or no charge	? ?
	○ These fuels not used	8 8
A public system (clty water department, etc.) or private company? An individual drilled well?	H23. Do you have complete kitchen facilities? Complete kitchen facilities	9 9
An individual dug well?	are a sink with piped water, a range or cookstove, and a refrigerator.	1100.4
Some other source (a spring, creek, river, cistern, etc.)?	○ Yes ○ No	H22d.
7. Is this building connected to a public sewer?	H24. How many bedrooms do you have?	000
	Count rooms used mainly for sleeping even if used also for other purposes.	8 8 8
O Yes, connected to public sewer		3 3 3
No, connected to septic tank or cesspool	O No bedroom O 2 bedrooms O 4 bedrooms O 1 bedroom O 3 bedrooms O 5 or more bedrooms	999
O No, use other means	○ 1 bedroom ○ 3 bedrooms ○ 5 or more bedrooms	555
8. About when was this building originally built? Mark when the building was	H25. How many bathrooms do you have?	666
first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted.	A complete bathroom is a room with flush toilet, bathtub or shower, and	7 7 7
O 1979 or 1980 O 1960 to 1969 O 1940 to 1949	wash basin with piped water.	888
○ 1975 to 1978 ○ 1950 to 1959 ○ 1939 or earlier	A half bathroom has at least a flush tollet or bethtub or shower, but does	223
0 1970 to 1974	not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom.	
	No bathroom, or only a haif bathroom	
9. When did the person listed in column 1 move into	O 1 complete bathroom	000
this house (or apartment)?	1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s)	000
○ 1979 or 1980 ○ 1950 to 1959	2 or more complete bathrooms	111
○ 1975 to 1978 ○ 1949 or earlier		333
○ 1970 to 1974	H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters?	444
O 1960 to 1969	○ Yes ○ No	555
O. Mary and result links are seen to the s	M27 Down have also an distanting	1 6 6 6
0. How are your living quarters heated?	H27. Do you have air conditioning?	7 7 7
Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most.	O Yes, a central air-conditioning system	888
Steam or hot water system	O Yes, 1 individual room unit	999
Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms	O Yes, 2 or more individual room units	
(Do not count electric heat pumps here)	O No	000
Electric heat pump	H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for use by members	1 1 1
Other built-in electric units (permanently Installed In wall, celling,	of your household?	5 5 5
or baseboard)		3 3 3
	O None O 2 automobiles	999
O Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	1 automobile 3 or more automobiles	555
O Room heaters with flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene	H29. How many vans or trucks of one-ton capacity or less are kept at	666
 Room heaters without flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene (not portable) 		2 ? ?
Moon heaters without live or verit, builting gas, oil, or keroserie (not portable	. All Hottle for dee by illustrates of toda floorestands	
Fireplaces, stoves, or portable room heaters of any kind	Thomas of the second of the se	888
	None 2 vans or trucks 1 van or truck 3 or more vans or trucks	888

Please answer H30-H32 if you live in a one-family house	
• A mobile home or trailer	
	u rent your unit or this is a
A condominium unit multi-family structure,	skip H30 to H32 and turn to page 6.
A house with a commercial establishment or medical office on the property	
What were the real estate taxes on this property last year?	c. How much is your total regular monthly payment to the lender? Also Include payments on a contract to purchase and to lenders holding
\$.00 OR O None	second or junior mortgages on this property,
\$.00 OR O None	\$.00 OR O No regular payment required — Skip
What is the annual premium for fire and hazard insurance on this property?	po
	d. Does your regular monthly payment (amount entered in H32c) include payments for real estate taxes on this property?
\$.00 OR O None	
. Do you have a mortgage, deed of trust, contract to purchase, or similar	Yes, taxes included in payment No, taxes paid separately or taxes not required
debt on this property?	
Yes, mortgage, deed of trust, or similar debt	e. Does your regular monthly payment (amount entered in H32c) include payments for fire and hazard insurance on this property?
O Yes, contract to purchase	O Yes, insurance included in payment
O No — Skip to page 6	No, insurance paid separately or no insurance
. Do you have a second or junior mortgage on this property?	
O Yes O No	
	Please turn to page 6
	1) 2. 4. 2) 2. 4. 3) 2. 4.
	1 2. 4. 2 2. 4. 3 2. 4. S.S. I I I I I I I S.S. I I I I I I I I
	1 2. 4. 2 2. 4. 3 2. 4. S.S. I I I I I I I S.S. I I I I I I I I
	1 2. 4. 2 2. 4. 3 2. 4. S.S. I I I I I I I S.S. I I I I I I I I
	1 2. 4. 2 2. 4. 3 2. 4. S.S. I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
	1 2. 4. 2 2. 4. 3 2. 4. 3 2. 4. 5 5.5. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	1 2. 4. 2 2. 4. 3 2. 4. 3 2. 4. 5 5.5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
	1 2. 4. 2 2. 4. 3 2. 4. 3 2. 4. 5 5.S. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	1 2. 4. 2 2. 4. 3 2. 4. 3 2. 4. 5 5. 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
	1 2. 4. 2 2. 4. 3 2. 4. 3 2. 4. 5 5. 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
	1 2. 4. 2 2. 4. 3 2. 4. 3 2. 4. 3 2. 4. 3 3 2. 4. 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
	1) 2. 4. 2 2. 4. 3) 2. 4. 5 5 2. 4. 6 2. 6 6 6 6 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
	1) 2. 4. 2 2. 4. 3) 2. 4. 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
	1) 2. 4. 2 2. 4. 3) 2. 4. 5 5 2. 4. 6 2. 6 6 6 6 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9

ANSWFR	THESE	OI IFSTIONS	EOR

Paga 6		ANSWER THESE QUESTIONS FOR
Page 6 Name of Person 1 on page 2: Last name First name Middle initial 11. In what State or foreign country was this person born? Print the State where this person's mother was living when this person was born. Do not give the location of the hospital unless the mother's home and the hospital were in the same State. Name of State or foreign country; or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc. 12. If this person was born in a foreign country — a. Is this person a naturalized citizen of the United States? Yes, a naturalized citizen No, not a citizen Born abroad of American parents	16. When was this person born? Born before April 1965 — Please go on with questions 17-33 Born April 1965 or later — Turn to next page for next person 17. In April 1975 (five years ago) was this person — a. On active duty in the Armed Forces? Yes No b. Attending college? Yes No c. Working at a job or business? Yes, full time No Yes, part time 18a. Is this person a veteran of active-duty military service in the Armed Forces of the United States? If service was in National Guard or Reserves only, see instruction guide.	ANSWER THESE QUESTIONS FOR 22a. Did this person work at any time last week? Yes — Fill this circle if this O No — Fill this circle if this person worked full time or part time, (Count part-time work such as delivering papers, or helping without pay in a family business or farm. Also count active duty in the Armed Forces.) Skip to 25 b. How many hours did this person work last week (at all jobs)? Subtract any time off; add overtime or extra hours worked. Hours
b. When did this person come to the United States to stay? 1975 to 1980 1965 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1964 Before 1950 13a. Does this person speak a language other than English at home? Yes No, only speaks English - Sklp to 14 b. What is this language?	May 1975 or later Vietnam era (August 1964—April 1975) February 1955—July 1964 Korean conflict (June 1950—January 1955) World War II (September 1940—July 1947)	where he or she worked most last week. If one location cannot be specified, see instruction guide. a. Address (Number and street) If street address is not known, enter the building name, shopping center, or other physical location description. b. Name of city, town, village, borough, etc.
(For example - Chinese, Italian, Spanish, etc.) c. How well does this person speak English? Very well Not well Not at all 14. What is this person's ancestry? If uncertain about how to report ancestry, see instruction guide. (For example: Afro-Amer., English, French, German, Honduran	19. Does this person have a physical, mental, or other health condition which has lasted for 6 or more months and which a. Limits the kind or amount Yes No of work this person can do at a job?	c. Is the place of work inside the incorporated (legal) limits of that city, town, village, borough, etc.? Yes No, in unincorporated area d. County e. State f. ZIP Code 24a. Last week, how long did it usually take this person to get from home to work (one way)?
Hungarlan, Irish, Italian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican, Nigerian, Polish, Ukrainian, Venezuelan, etc.) 15a. Did this person live in this house five years ago (April 1, 1975)? If in college or Armed Forces in April 1975, report place of residence there. Born April 1975 or later — Turn to next page for next person Yes, this house — Skip to 16 No, different house b. Where did this person live five years ago	21. If this person has ever been married — a. Has this person been married more than once? Once	b. How did this person usually get to work last week? If this person used more than one method, give the one usually used for most of the distance. Car Taxicab Truck Motorcycle Van Bicycle Bus or streetcar Walked only Railroad Worked at home Subway or elevated Öther — Specify If car, truck, or van in 24b, go to 24c. Otherwise, skip to 28.
(April 1, 1975)? (1) State, foreign country, Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.: (2) County: (3) City, town, village, etc.: (4) Inside the incorporated (legal) limits of that city, town, village, etc.? (Yes O No, in unincorporated area	Per. 11. 13b. 14. No. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	SUSE ONLY

c. When going to work <u>last week</u> , did this person usually —	USE	31a. Last year (1979), did this person work, even for a few days, at a paid job or in a business or farm?	CEN:	sus u	SE ONLY
O Drive alone — Skip to 28 O Drive others only	21b.	days, at a paid job of in a business of farm:	31b.	31c.	31d.
O Share driving O Ride as passenger only	.00	O Yes O No — Skip to 31d	00	00	00
d. How many people, including this person, usually rode	1 1 1		111	II	1 1
to work in the car, truck, or van last week?	0 2 2	b. How many weeks did this person work in 1979?	8 8 1	S S	
0 2 _ 0 4 0 6	11 3 3	Count paid vacation, paid sick leave, and military service.	3 3	3 3	
0 3 0 5 0 7 or more	099		9-9-1	9-9-	
		Weeks	55	5.5	1
After answering 24d, skip to 28.			361	5 6	
5. Was this person temporarily absent or on layoff from a job	066	c. During the weeks worked in 1979, how many hours did	7	7 7	
or business last week?	1V 8 8	this person usually work each week?		88	1
○ Yes, on layoff		Hours	()	99	
O Yes, on vacation, temporary illness, labor dispute, etc	099) '	99	9
O No	22b.	d. Of the weeks not worked in 1979 (if any), how many weeks	32a.		32b.
		was this person looking for work or on layoff from a job?			
6a. Has this person been looking for work during the last 4 weeks	? 00	was this person looking for work of on rayon from a job:	000		0000
r ○ Yes ○ No — Skip to 27	I I	Weeks	III		IIII
1	S S		2 2 3		5 5 5 5
b. Could this person have taken a job last week?	3.3	32. Income in 1979 —	3 3 3	- 1	3 3 3 3
O No, already has a job	C1- C1-	Fill circles and print dollar amounts.	Q. Q. Q	- 4- 1	9-9-9-9-
No, temporarily ill	5 5	If net income was a loss, write "Loss" above the dollar amount.	555	5 5 ¦	5 5 5 5
No, other reasons (in school, etc.)	66	If exact amount is not known, give best estimate. For income	666	6 1	6666
 No, other reasons (in school, etc.) Yes, could have taken a job 	7.7	received jointly by household members, see instruction guide.	7 7 7	? ? !	? ? ? ?
Tes, could have taken a job	8.8		888	8 8	8888
7. When did this person last work, even for a few days?	99	During 1979 did this person receive any income from the	909	0 0	9999
		following sources?	A	0	0 A O
O 1980 O 1978 O 1970 to 1974 Skip to	28.	If "Yes" to any of the sources below - How much did this			
○ 1979 ○ 1975 to 1977 ○ 1969 or earlier > 31d	ABC	person receive for the entire year?	32c.	1	32d.
O Never worked)	000	a. Wages, salary, commissions, bonuses, or tips from	000	- 1	0000
8-30. Current or most recent job activity	-		1 1 1		IIII
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	DEF	all jobs Report amount before deductions for taxes, bonds,	5 8 8	2 2	5 5 5 5
Describe clearly this person's chief job activity or business last week.	000	dues, or other items.	3 3 3	3 3	3 3 3 3
If this person had more than one job, describe the one at which this person worked the most hours.	GHJ	○ Yes → § .00	9-0-0	- 4-	0-0-0-0-
If this person had no job or business last week, give information for		O No	5 5 5	351	5 5 5 5
last job or business since 1975.	000	(Annual amount - Dollars)	666	561	6666
	KLM	b. Own nonfarm business, partnership, or professional	777	7 7	2777
9 Industry					
8. Industry	200	practice Report net income after business expenses.		3 8 ¦	8888
a. For whom did this person work? If now on active duty in the	200		888	- :	8888
a. For whom did this person work? If now on active duty in the		○ Yes → \$.00	8 A 8	9	9999
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	000		8 A 8	- :	
a. For whom did this person work? If now on active duty in the Armed Forces, print "AF" and skip to question 31.	000	○ Yes → \$.00	8 A 8	9 9	9999
a. For whom did this person work? If now on active duty in the	000	O Yes -> \$.00 No (Annual amount - Dollars) c. Own farm	8 A 8 5 5 5 0 A	9 9	9 9 9 9 0 A 0
a. For whom did this person work? If now on active duty in the Armed Forces, print "AF" and skip to question 31. (Name of company, business, organization, or other employer)	000	O Yes \$.00 (Annual amount - Dollars) c. Own farm Report net income after operating expenses. Include earnings as	8 A 8 9 9 9 0 A 32e.	40	9 9 9 9 0 A 0 32f.
a. For whom did this person work? If now on active duty in the Armed Forces, print "AF" and skip to question 31. (Name of company, business, organization, or other employer) b. What kind of business or industry was this?	0 0 0 0 1 1 1 2 c 2 3 3 3 4	C. Own farm Report net income after operating expenses. Include earnings as a tenant farmer or sharecropper.	32e.	0 9 0 0 0 0 1 1	9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
a. For whom did this person work? If now on active duty in the Armed Forces, print "AF" and skip to question 31. (Name of company, business, organization, or other employer)	0 0 0 1 1 1 2 c 2 3 3 4 4	C. Own farm Report net income after operating expenses. Include earnings as a tenant farmer or sharecropper. Yes - \$.00	32e.	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	32f. 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 6 6 6 6
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a. For whom did this person work? If now on active duty in the Armed Forces, print "AF" and skip to question 31. (Name of company, business, organization, or other employer) b. What kind of business or industry was this? Describe the activity at location where employed. (For example: Hospital, newspaper publishing, mail order house,	0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	C. Own farm Report net income after operating expenses. Include earnings as a tenant farmer or sharecropper. Yes No (Annual amount – Dollars)	3 A S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
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Appendix F.—Publication and Computer Tape Program

GENERALF-1	PUBLICATIONS-Con.
PUBLICATIONSF-1	HC80-5, Volume 5, Residen-
Population and Housing Census	tial Finance F-4
Reports F-1	HC80-S1-1, Supplementary
PHC80-1, Block Statistics F-1	Reports F-4
PHC80-2, Census Tracts F-2	Evaluation and Reference
PHC80-3, Summary Charac-	Reports F-4
teristics for Governmental	PHC80-E, Evaluation and
Units and Standard Metro- politan Statistical Areas F-2	Research Reports F-4
PHC80-4, Congressional	PHC80-R, Reference Reports. F-4
Districts of the 98th	PHC80-R1, Users' Guide. F-4 PHC80-R2 History F-4
Congress F-2	
PHC80-S1-1, Provisional	PHC80-R3, Alphabetical Index of Industries and
Estimates of Social, Eco-	Occupations F-4
nomic, and Housing	PHC80-R4, Classified
Characteristics F-2	Index of Industries and
PHC80-S2, Advance Esti-	Occupations F-4
mates of Social, Economic,	PHC80-R5, Geographic
and Housing Characteristics . F-2	Identification Code
Population Census Reports F-2	Scheme F-4
PC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of the Population F=2	COMPUTER TAPES F-4
teristics of the Population F_2 PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Num-	Summary Tape Files F-4
ber of Inhabitants F-2	STF 1 F-4
PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General	STF 2 F-4
Population Characteristics F-2	STF 3 F-4
PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General	STF 4
Social and Economic	STF 5 F–5
Characteristics F-3	Other Computer Tape Files F–5
PC80-1-D, Chapter D,	P.L. 94-171, Population Counts F-5
Detailed Population	CountsF-5 Master Area Reference Files
Characteristics F-3 PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject	1 and 2 (MARF) F-5
Reports F-3	Geographic Base File/Dual
PC80-S1, Supplementary	Independent Map Encoding
Reports F-3	(GBF/DIME)F-5
Housing Census Reports F-3	Public-Use Microdata
HC80-1, Volume 1, Charac-	Samples F-5
teristics of Housing Units F-3	Census/EEO Special File F-5
HC80-1-A, Chapter A,	MAPS
General Housing	MICROFICHE F-5
Characteristics F-3	STF 1 Microfiche F-5
HC80-1-B, Chapter B,	STF 3 Microfiche F-5
Detailed Housing Characteristics F-3	P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche F-5
Characteristics F-3 HC80-2, Volume 2, Metro-	
politan Housing	
Characteristics F-3	GENERAL
HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject	
Reports F-3	The results of the 1980 Census of Popu-
HC80-4 Volume 4 Compo-	lation and Housing are issued in three

nents of Inventory Change. . F-3

files, and microfiche. Most of the reports listed are issued on a flow basis through 1983. A few may be issued later, such as Subject Reports and Evaluation and Reference Reports.

The publications of the 1980 census are released under three subject titles: 1980 Census of Population and Housing, 1980 Census of Population, and 1980 Census of Housing. The description of the publication program below is organized in sections, by census title, followed by the reports under each title. It should be noted that a number of population census reports contain some housing data and a number of housing census reports contain some population data. Following the description of the publication program are sections on computer tapes, maps, and microfiche.

The data product descriptions include listings of geographic areas for which data are summarized in that product. Note that the term "place" refers to incorporated places and census designated (or unincorporated) places, as well as towns and townships in 11 States (the 6 New England States, the 3 Middle Atlantic States, Michigan, and Wisconsin).

Order forms for these materials are available, subject to availability of the data product, from Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233; Census Bureau Regional Offices; U.S. Department of Commerce District Offices; and State Data Centers. After issuance, census reports are on file in many libraries and are available for examination at any Department of Commerce District Office or Census Bureau Regional Office.

PUBLICATIONS

Population and Housing Census Reports

PHC80-1, Block Statistics-These reports, which are issued on microfiche rather

of Popuin three forms: printed reports, computer tape than in print form, present population and housing unit totals and statistics on selected characteristics which are based on complete-count tabulations. Data are shown for blocks in urbanized areas and selected adjacent areas, for blocks in places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and for blocks in areas which contracted with the Census Bureau to provide block statistics.

The set of reports consists of 374 sets of microfiche and includes a report for each standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA), showing blocked areas within the SMSA, and a report for each State and for Puerto Rico, showing blocked areas outside SMSA's. In addition to microfiche, printed detailed maps showing the blocks covered by the particular report are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set.

PHC80-2, Census Tracts—Statistics for most of the population and housing subjects included in the 1980 census are presented for census tracts in SMSA's and in other tracted areas. Both complete-count data and sample data are included. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of persons in the relevant population group.

There is one report for each SMSA, as well as one for each of the States and Puerto Rico which have tracted areas outside SMSA's. In addition, maps showing the boundaries and identification numbers of census tracts in the SMSA are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set and also provides a historical listing of the total number of tracts by area.

PHC80-3, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas-Statistics are presented on total population and on complete-count and sample population characteristics such as age, race, education, disability, ability to speak English, labor force, and income, and on total housing units and housing characteristics such as value, age of structure, and rent. These statistics are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, SMSA's, counties, county subdivisions (those which are functioning generalpurpose local governments), and incorporated places.

There is one report for each State, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico.

This series does not include a U.S. Summary.

PHC80-4, Congressional Districts of the 98th Congress—These reports present complete-count and sample data for congressional districts of the 98th Congress. The reports reflect redistricting based on the 1982 elections. One report is issued for each of the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

PHC80-S1-1, Provisional Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—This report presents provisional estimates based on sample data collected in the 1980 census. Data on social, economic, and housing characteristics are shown for the United States as a whole, each State, the District of Columbia, and SMSA's of 1 million or more inhabitants.

These data are based on a special subsample of the full census sample. The sample, which represents about 1.6 percent of the total population, was developed to provide users with initial data on characteristics of the population and housing units for the Nation and large areas.

PHC80-S2, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—These reports present advance sample data from the 1980 census including such social and economic characteristics of the population as education, migration, labor force, and income as well as housing characteristics such as structural information, mortgage, and gross rent.

The set consists of 50 paperbound reports and includes one report for each State and the District of Columbia. No report will be issued for the United States as a whole.

Each report presents population and housing characteristics for the State, its counties or comparable areas, and places of 25,000 or more inhabitants. Selected data are shown for four race groups (White; Black; combined American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut; and Asian and Pacific Islander) as well as for persons of Spanish origin.

Population Census Reports

PC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of the Population-This volume presents final

population counts and statistics on population characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of four chapters for each area, chapters A. B. C. and D. Chapters A and B present data collected on a complete-count basis, and chapters C and D present estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The population totals presented in chapters A and B may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Chapters B, C, and D present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A, B, C, and D.

PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Number of Inhabitants—Final population counts are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places and census designated places, standard consolidated statistical areas (SCSA's), SMSA's, and urbanized areas. Selected tables contain population counts by urban and rural residence. Many tables contain population counts from previous censuses.

PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General Population Characteristics—Statistics on household relationship, age, race, Spanish origin, sex, and marital status are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by total and rural residence), county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's,

SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General Social and Economic Characteristics-Statistics are presented on nativity, State or country of birth, citizenship and year of immigration for the foreign-born population, language spoken at home and ability to speak English, ancestry, fertility, family composition, type of group quarters, marital history, residence in 1975, journey to work, school enrollment, years of school completed, disability, veteral, status, labor force status, occupation, industry, class of worker, labor force status in 1979, income in 1979, and poverty status in 1979. In addition, data on subjects shown in the PC80-1-B reports are presented in this report in more detail.

Each subject is shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by rural and rural-farm residence), places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-D, Chapter D, Detailed Population Characteristics—Statistics on most of the subjects covered in the PC80-1-C reports are presented in this report in considerably greater detail and cross-classified by age, race, Spanish origin, and other characteristics. Each subject is shown for the State or equivalent area, and some subjects are also shown for rural residence at the State level. Most subjects are shown for SMSA's of 250,000 or more inhabitants, and a few are shown for central cities of these SMSA's.

PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject Reports—Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. A few reports show statistics for States, SMSA's, large cities, American Indian reservations, or Alaska Native villages. Separate reports are issued on such subjects as racial and ethnic groups, type of residence, fertility, families, marital status, migration, education, employment, occupation, industry, journey to work, income, poverty status, and other topics.

PC80-S1, Supplementary Reports—These reports present special compilations of

1980 census statistics dealing with specific population subjects.

Housing Census Reports

HC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of Housing Units-This volume presents final housing unit counts and statistics on housing characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of two chapters for each area, chapters A and B. Chapter A presents data collected on a complete-count basis, and chapter B presents estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The housing totals presented in this report may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Both chapters present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A and B.

HC80-1-A, Chapter A, General Housing Characteristics—Statistics on units at address, tenure, condominium status, number of rooms, persons per room, plumbing facilities, value, contract rent, and vacancy status are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables contain housing characteristics by urban and rural residence.

HC80-1-B, Chapter B, Detailed Housing Characteristics-Statistics on units in structure, year moved into unit, year structure built, heating equipment, fuels, air-conditioning, source of water, sewage disposal, gross rent, and selected monthly ownership costs are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables show housing characteristics for rural and rural farm residence at the State and county level. Some subjects included in the HC80-1-A reports are also covered in this report in more detail.

HC80-2, Volume 2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics—This volume presents statistics on most of the 1980 housing census subjects in considerable detail and cross-classification. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group. Data are shown for States or equivalent areas, SMSA's and their central cities, and other cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants.

There is one report for each SMSA and one report for each State and Puerto Rico. The set includes a U.S. Summary report showing these statistics for the United States and regions.

HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject Reports— Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. Separate reports are issued on housing of the elderly, mobile homes, and American Indian households.

HC80-4, Volume 4, Components of Inventory Change—This volume consists of two reports presenting statistics on the 1980 characteristics of housing units which existed in 1973, as well as on newly constructed units, conversions, mergers, demolitions, and other additions and losses to the housing inventory between 1973 and 1980. These reports present data derived from a sample survey conducted in the fall of 1980. Data are presented for the United States and regions in report I. Report II has two parts: Part A presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified)

with populations of 1 million or more at the time of the 1970 census, and part B presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified) with populations of less than 1 million at the time of the 1970 census.

HC80-5, Volume 5, Residential Finance— This volume consists of one report presenting statistics on the financing of non-farm homeowner and rental and vacant properties, including characteristics of the mortgage, property, and owner. The statistics are based on a sample survey conducted in the spring of 1981. Data are presented for the United States and regions. Some data are presented by inside and outside SMSA's and by central cities.

HC80-S1-1, Supplementary Reports— These reports present statistics from the 1980 Census of Housing on general characteristics of housing units for the 50 States and the District of Columbia, counties, and independent cities.

Evaluation and Reference Reports

PHC80-E, Evaluation and Research Reports—These reports present the results of the extensive evaluation program conducted as an integral part of the 1980 census. This program relates to such matters as completeness of enumeration and quality of the data on characteristics.

PHC80-R, Reference Reports—These reports present information on the various administrative and methodological aspects of the 1980 census. The series includes:

PHC80-R1, Users' Guide—This report covers subject content, procedures, geography, statistical products, limitations of the data, sources of user assistance, notes on data use, a glossary of terms, and guides for locating data in reports and tape files. The guide is issued in looseleaf form and sold in parts (R1-A, B, etc.) as they are printed.

PHC80-R2, History—This report describes in detail all phases of the 1980 census, from the earliest planning through all stages to the dissemination of data and evaluation of results. It contains detailed discussion of 1980 census questions and their use in previous decennial censuses.

PHC80-R3, Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations—This report was developed primarily for use in classifying responses to the questions on the kind of business (industry) and kind of work (occupation) in which the respondent is engaged. The index lists approximately 20,000 industry and 29,000 occupation titles in alphabetical order.

PHC80-R4, Classified Index of Industries and Occupations—This report defines the industrial and occupational classification systems adopted for the 1980 Census of Population. It presents the individual titles that constitute each of the 231 industry and 503 occupation categories in the classification systems. The individual titles are the same as those shown in the Alphabetical Index. The 1980 occupation classification reflects the new U.S. Standard Occupational Classification (SOC). As in the past, the 1980 industry classification reflects the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC).

PHC80-R5, Geographic Identification Code Scheme—This report identifies the names and related geographic codes for each State, county, minor civil division, place, region, division, SCSA, SMSA, American Indian reservation, and Alaska Native village for which the Census Bureau tabulated data from the 1980 census.

COMPUTER TAPES

Summary Tape Files

In addition to the printed and microfiche reports, results of the 1980 census also are provided on computer tape in the form of summary tape files (STF's). These data products have been designed to provide statistics with greater subject and geographic detail than is feasible or desirable to provide in printed and microfiche reports. The STF data are made available at nominal cost. The data are subject to suppression of certain detail where necessary to protect confidentiality.

There are five STF's (listed below), and the amount of geographic and subject detail presented varies. STF's 1 and 2 contain complete-count data, and STF's 3, 4, and 5 contain sample data. Note that the term "cells" used below refers

to the number of subject statistics provided for each geographic area, and the number of cells is indicative of the detail of the subject content of the file.

Each of the STF's generally consists of two or more files which provide different degrees of geographic detail and, in some cases, race/Spanish origin cross-classification. For each of the files there is a separate tape or tapes for each State. the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. Selected files (STF 1 and STF 3) are also produced for Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. These tapes are issued on a State-by-State basis and are followed by a national summary tape for the particular file. More complete descriptions of the STF's than given in the summaries below can be found in the technical documentation of the specific file and in the PHC80-R1, Users' Guide.

STF 1—This STF provides 321 cells of complete-count population and housing data. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, congressional districts, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and blocks and block groups in blocked areas. The data include those shown in the PHC80-1, PHC80-3 (complete-count), and PC80-1-A reports.

STF 2—This STF contains 2,292 cells of detailed complete-count population and housing data, of which 962 are repeated for each race and Spanish origin group present in the tabulation area. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, census tracts, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (complete-count), PC80-1-B, and HC80-1-A reports.

STF 3—This STF contains 1,126 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis. The areas covered are the same as in STF 1, excluding blocks. The data include those shown in the PHC80-3 (sample) reports.

STF 4-This STF is the geographic counterpart of STF 2, but the number of cells of data is greater (approximately 8,400). STF 4 provides data covering virtually all of the population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis, as well as some of the complete-count subjects. Some of the statistics are repeated for race, Spanish origin, and ancestry groups. Data are summarized for areas similar to those shown in STF 2, except that data for places are limited to those with 2,500 or more inhabitants. The data include those shown in the (sample), PC80-1-C, PHC80-2 HC80-1-B reports.

STF 5—This STF contains over 100,000 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis and provides detailed tabulations and cross-classifications for States, SMSA's, counties, cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants and central cities. Most subjects are classified by race and Spanish origin. The data include those shown in the PC80-1-D and HC80-2 reports.

Other Computer Tape Files

P.L. 94-171, Population Counts-In accordance with Public Law (P.L.) 94-171, the Census Bureau provides population tabulations to all States for legislative reapportionment/redistricting. The file is issued on a State-by-State basis. It contains population counts classified by race and Spanish origin. The data are tabulated for the following levels of geography as applicable: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places, census tracts, blocks and block groups in blocked areas, and enumeration districts in unblocked areas. For States participating in the voluntary program to define election precincts in conjunction with the Census Bureau, the data are also tabulated for election precincts.

Master Area Reference Files 1 and 2 (MARF)

MARF 1-This geographic reference file is an extract of STF 1 designed for those who require a master list of geographic codes and areas, along with basic census counts arranged hierarchically from the State down to the block group and enumeration district levels and is issued on a State-by-State basis. The file contains records for States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and block groups in blocked areas. Each record shows the total population by five race groups, population of Spanish origin, number of housing units, number of households, number of families, and a few other items.

MARF 2—This file is the same as the MARF 1 with the latitude and longitude coordinates for a representative point (centroid) in each block group (BG) or enumeration district (ED) outside block numbered areas.

Geographic Base File/Dual Independent Map Encoding (GBF/DIME)—These files are computer representations of the Metropolitan Map Series, including address ranges and ZIP Codes, which generally cover the urbanized portions of SMSA's. GBF/DIME files are used to assign census geographic codes to addresses (geocoding). The files are available by SMSA.

Public-Use Microdata Samples—Public-use microdata samples are computerized files containing most population and housing characteristics as shown on a sample of individual census records. These files contain no names or addresses, and geographic identification is sufficiently broad to protect confidentiality.

There are three mutually exclusive samples, the A sample including 5 percent of all persons and housing units, and the

B and C samples each including 1 percent of all persons and housing units. States and most large SMSA's will be identifiable on one or more of the files. Microdata files allow the user to prepare customized tabulations.

Census/EEO Special File—This file provides sample census data with specified relevance to EEO and affirmative action uses. The file contains two tabulations, one with detailed occupational data and the other with years of school completed by age. The data in both tabulations are crossed by sex, race, and Spanish origin. These data are provided for all counties, for all SMSA's, and for places with a population of 50,000 or more.

MAPS

Maps necessary to define areas are generally published and included as part of the corresponding reports. Maps are published for Block Statistics (PHC80-1) and Census Tracts (PHC80-2), but must be purchased separately from the report. Maps necessary to define enumeration districts are available on a cost-of-reproduction basis.

MICROFICHE

Some of the computer tape products are available on microfiche. The STF microfiche are issued for each State or Area and for the United States. These include:

STF 1 Microfiche—Data from STF 1 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 1 geographic levels described previously, except blocks.

STF 3 Microfiche—Data from STF 3 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 3 geographic levels.

P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche—The data from the P.L. 94-171 computer file are presented in a listing format.

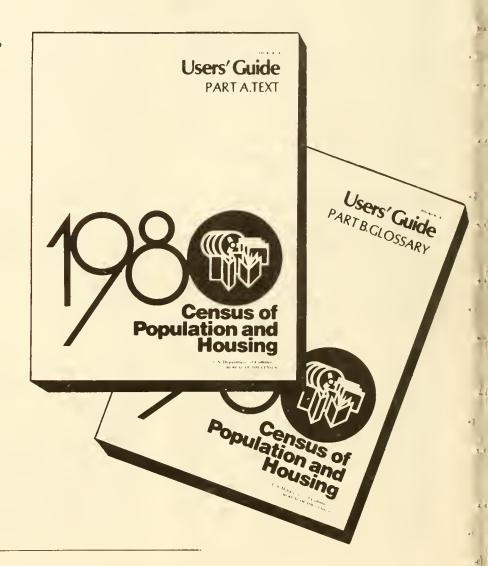
1980 Census of Population and Housing

Users' Guide

The Users' Guide, a reference work on the 1980 census, is now available. It consists of:

- Part A. Text—Covers census data subjects; geographic considerations; reports, tapes, maps, and other products; services available to users; and many other topics central to understanding and using 1980 census data.
- Part B. Glossary—Provides detailed definitions of population, housing, geographic, and technical terms associated with the census—especially important for people using 1980 data on tape or microfiche.
- Sources of Assistance—Furnishes addresses and phone numbers of public and private sector organizations offering a variety of products and services, such as tape processing, area profiles, training, and reference assistance.
- Updates—Provide information on new developments relating to the 1980 census. Each update is keyed to the particular point in "Part A. Text" that needs revision.

Part C, a table finder, and Part D, a guide to tape contents, are planned for publication later.



Order from Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. Specify the stock number (S/N) given below and make checks payable to Superintendent of Documents.

Part A. Text (S/N 003-024-03625-8)—\$5.50. Supplement 1 (S/N 003-024-05004-8)—\$6.00 (includes Part B. Glossary, Sources of Assistance, and Updates)

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